



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2005





CITY OF GREENVILLE

GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

_Exhibit	_	Page
	Introductory Section:	
	Letter of Transmittal	i-xxiv
	GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	xxv
	Organization Chart	xxvi
	List of Principal Officials	xxvii
	Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
	Management Discussion and Analysis	3-11
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
A	Statement of Net Assets	12
В	Statement of Activities	13-14
	Fund Financial Statements:	
С	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
D	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
	in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	16
Е	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	
	Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	17
F	General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	
	and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	18
G	Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	19-20
Н	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
	Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	21-22
I	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	23-26
	Notes to the Financial Statements	27-58

Schedule		Page
	Required Supplemental Financial Data:	
A-1	Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance - Required Supplementary Information	59
	Supplementary Information:	
A-2	General Fund: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	60-66
B-1	Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Combining Balance Sheet	67
B-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	68
	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
C-1	Combining Balance Sheet	69-70
C-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	71-72
C-3	Community Development Fund: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	73
C-4	Capital Reserve Fund: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	74
C-5	Sheppard Memorial Library: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	75
C-6	Housing Trust Fund: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	76

Schedule		Page
	Supplementary Information - Continued:	
	Small Business Loan Fund:	
C-7	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	77
	Community Development Home Program Fund:	
C-8	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	78
	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:	
D-1	Combining Balance Sheet	79-80
D-2	Combining Statement of Revenues,	
	Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	81-82
	Cemetery Development:	
D-3	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	83
	Fire Tower Capital Project Fund:	
D-4	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	84
	Moye-Hooker Road Capital Project Fund:	
D-5	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	85
	Affordable Housing Capital Project Fund:	
D-6	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	86
	Storm Drainage Capital Project Fund:	
D-7	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	87
	Convention Center Capital Project Fund:	
D-8	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	88

Schedule		Page
	Supplementary Information - Continued:	
	Southside Recreation Center Capital Project Fund:	
D-9	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	89
	Greene Street Bridge Relocation And	
	Greene Street Streetscape Improvements:	
D-10	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	90
	Computerized Traffic Signal Project Fund:	
D-11	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	91
	Recreation & Parks And Public Works Feta Project Fund:	
D-12	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	92
	Greenway Phase II:	
D-13	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	93
	Oxford Road Bridge Replacement:	
D-14	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	94
	Flood Buyout, Relocation, And Replacement -	
	Capital Project Fund:	
D-15	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	95
	2005 Cops - Various City Capital Projects Fund:	
D-16	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	96
	City Hall Facility:	
D-17	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	97

Schedule		Page
	Supplementary Information - Continued:	
	Proprietary Funds:	
	Major Enterprise Funds:	
E-1	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures,	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) -	
	Electric Operating Fund - Major Enterprise Fund	98-99
E-2	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures,	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) -	
	Water Operating Fund - Major Enterprise Fund	100-101
E-3	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures,	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) -	
	Sewer Operating Fund - Major Enterprise Fund	102-103
E-4	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures,	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) -	
	Gas Operating Fund - Major Enterprise Fund	104-105
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:	
E-5	Combining Balance Sheet	106
E-6	Combining Statement of Revenues,	
	Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	107
E-7	Combining Statement of Cash Flows	108
	Aquatics And Fitness Center Enterprise Fund:	
E-8	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures,	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	109
	Public Transportation Enterprise Fund:	
E-9	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures,	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	110
	Bradford Creek Golf Course Enterprise Fund:	
E-10	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures,	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	111

Schedule		Page
	Supplementary Information - Continued:	
E-11	Stormwater Enterprise Fund: Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures, Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	112
	Debt Service Funds:	
F-1	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds: Statement of Revenues and Expenditures, Budget and Actual	113
G-1	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	114
G-2	Analysis of Current Tax Levy - City-Wide Levy	115
Table		
1	Statistical Section: General Governmental Expenditures By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years	116
2	General Governmental Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years	117
3	General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years	118
4	Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years	119
5	Assessed and Estimated Values of All Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years	120
6	Property Tax Rates and Levies - All Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years	121
7	Principle Taxpayers Tax Year 2004	122
8	Special Assessment Billings and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years	123

Table	_,	Page
	Statistical Section - Continued:	
9	Computation of the Legal Debt Margin	124
10	Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt	
	to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation	
	Bonded Debt per Capita	125
11	Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures	
	For General Obligation Bonded Debt to Total	
	General Governmental Expenditures	
	Last Ten Fiscal Years	126
12	Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded	
	Debt General Obligation Bonds	127
13	Revenue Bond Coverage Electric, Water,	
	Sewer, and Gas Last Ten Fiscal Years	128
14	Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years	129
15	Property Value, Construction, and Bank Deposits	
	Last Ten Fiscal Years	130
16	Miscellaneous Statistics	131
	Compliance Section:	
	Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting	
	and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit	
	of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	
	with Government Auditing Standards	132-133
	Report on Compliance With Requirements	
	Applicable to Each Major Federal Program	
	and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance	
	With OMB Circular A-133 and the State	
	Single Audit Implementation Act	134-135

Compliance Section - Continued:	Page
Report on Compliance With Requirements	
Applicable to Each Major State Program	
and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance	
With Applicable Sections of OMB Circular A-133 and	
the State Single Audit Implementation Act	136-137
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	138-139
Corrective Action Plan	140
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings	141
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and	
State Awards	142-144



FROM THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

The Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, City Manager and Citizens of Greenville, North Carolina

We are pleased to submit this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Greenville, North Carolina, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. This report is a product of the City's Financial Services Department; therefore, responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. This report complies in all material respects to the authoritative promulgations of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects to the best of our knowledge. Moreover, it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial affairs.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four integral parts outlined to the left.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

INTRODUCTORY

I.	Title	Page
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II. Table of Contents

III. Letter of Transmittal

IV. Copy of Prior Year GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

V. City's Organization Chart

VI. List of Greenville's Leadership

FINANCIAL

I. Independent Auditor's Report

II. Basic Financial Statements

III. Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

IV. Required Supplemental Financial Data

V. Combining Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

SINGLE AUDIT

I. Independent Auditor's Reports

II. All Schedules and Exhibits Necessary to Satisfy the Requirements of Single Audit Grant Regulations

COMMUNITY PROFILE

The City of Greenville (the "City") is situated on the Tar River in the central coastal plain of North Carolina. It is centrally located approximately 85 miles east of Raleigh, our state's capital, 87 miles west of the Atlantic Coast, and 265 miles south of our nation's capital, Washington, DC. The City was founded by English settlers in 1771 and named Martinsborough

after Royal Governor residents changed the honor revolutionary Carolinian, Nathaniel an area of square miles. The authority to expand annexation and has and zoning to one mile beyond



Martin. In 1786, the name to Greenville to war hero and fellow North Greene. The City covers approximately 29.29 City has statutory its boundaries through extraterritorial planning jurisdiction extending up its corporate limits. On

December 31, 1992, the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development classified the City as a **Metropolitan Statistical Area** ("MSA"). Woods and Poole Economics, Inc. has projected that the City will be among the ten fastest growing MSAs through 2005.

Once an agricultural and manufacturing based economy, Greenville and Pitt County has "reinvented" itself to become the commercial, educational, medical, and cultural hub of Eastern North Carolina. Much of the City's growth can be attributed to East Carolina University, the **third largest** university in the state of North Carolina, its nationally acclaimed Brody School of Medicine, and the University Health Systems flagship institution, Pitt County Memorial Hospital. More is on the horizon with the construction of a new Heart Center, the development opportunities of the Greenville Convention Center, and the influx of new business and industry. Greenville offers the dynamic of a small city environment with the opportunities of a growing, vibrant community.

Government Structure

The City has a council-manager form of government. The City Council is comprised of a Mayor and six council members. The Mayor and all council members are elected every two years and serve two-year terms. All municipal elections are held on a nonpartisan basis.

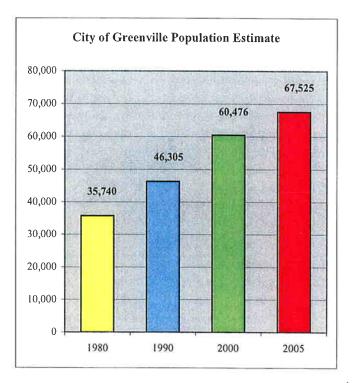


The City Council is the governing body of the City. The City Council appoints the members of various boards and commissions, the City Manager, the City Attorney, and the City Clerk. The Mayor presides over the City Council meetings. The City Manager is the chief administrative officer of the City and serves at the pleasure of the City Council.

Demographic Characteristics

Greenville is a rapidly growing city, with thousands of new residents migrating to the area. From 1980 to 2005, the City's population has grown by an explosive 89%. The chart to the right illustrates population estimates as recorded by the US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, from 1980 to 2005.

As of July 1, 2005, the Office of State Budget and Management estimates the Greenville population to be 67,525, the 12th largest city in the state. This number does include college students who have temporary residency within the City.



Per capita income data for Pitt County and the State are presented in the following table¹.

<u>YEAR</u>	COUNTY	STATE
1998	\$22,499	\$24,661
1999	21,964	25,302
2000	24,599	26,882
2001	24,854	27,308
2002	24,731	27,785
2003	25,746	28,071

¹ United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

A CITY BUILT ON PARTNERSHIP: ECONOMIC & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

The population growth experienced by the City is the welcomed result of a community vision and spirit of renewal, revitalization, and results. As we experience globalization and its ravaging affect on rural Carolina, Greenville and Pitt County has resolved to move forward, building on the strong foundations of the past yet progressing towards the new opportunities of the future. The area has renewed its commitment to the people, striving to enhance quality of life. It has accepted the challenge to reinvent the old and embrace the new. The results: a knowledge-based manufacturing core on the cutting edge of biotechnology development, a thriving healthcare community supported by a pioneering Medical Center, and the superior infrastructure of an educational system that fosters accessibility. Yet, it is the strength of partnering that has joined all the community's resources to create a unified force towards economic and community development.

Commerce and Industry

One of these development opportunities is a large pharmaceutical facility operated by DSM, formally DSM Catalytica. **DSM**, which bought out Glaxo-Wellcome in 1997, is the largest private-sector employer in Pitt County with approximately 1,200 employees². The company provides the pharmaceutical industry with an array of services, from chemical development to the production and distribution of medication. It is also one of the major industries that has made Greenville its North American headquarters.

In 2004, DSM High Performance Fibers, a wholly-owned subsidiary of DSM, constructed a new Dyneema Uni-Directional ("UD") facility located on the DSM site. Dyneema is a super strong polyethylene fiber developed by DSM and manufactured by a gel spinning process, also a DSM invention. Dyneema UD is a patented material built from uni-directional layers and has a much higher ballistic protection level than conventional woven fabrics. Due to the high demand for personal security and protection, Dyneema is primarily producing life protection materials such as vehicle armory and Small Arms Protective Inserts (SAPI). However, the fiber is also used as a component in high performance sails, marine ropes, fishing lines and nets, cables, safety gloves, and sporting goods. In view of increasing customer demand, DSM Dyneema will invest over \$50 million to expand operations, building a new fiber line that will increase production by more than 50%. This expansion promises 60 new jobs over the next three years

NACCO Materials Handling Group ("NACCO") is one of the world's largest lift truck manufacturers, designing and engineering for virtually every market niche. All lift trucks are marketed under the Hyster[®], Yale[®] or Sumitomo-Yale[®] brand names. In 1998, NACCO established Greenville as its headquarters, bringing in new jobs that have helped make NACCO the second largest manufacturing employer in 2005.

iv

² Ranking as of April 2005

Across the Boulevard, **Grady-White Boats** is moving full steam ahead. Homegrown in Greenville, the organization was begun by founders Glenn Grady and Don White as a small design and manufacturing outfit, focused on family fishing boats. Each boat was a handcrafted, wooden masterpiece designed for pleasure but employed methods used in larger sport fishing boats to withstand conditions on coastal waters. Under the current leadership of owner and CEO Eddie Smith, Grady-White continues to build on its tradition of quality and integrity. The company made the natural progression into fiberglass, offshore sports fishing boats and continues to flourish, recently opening a \$6 million, 46,000 square foot plant expansion. Grady-White Boats is now recognized as a leader in recreational fishing and environmental coastal issues.

The Pitt County Development
Commission selected **HammockSource** as the
2005-2006 Pitt County Industry of the Year.
Once the very small Hatteras Hammocks,
HammockSource has been an incorporated
entity founded in Pitt County since 1971.
Evolving from a few hand knotted hammocks,
to an Entrepreneur of the Year award for
founder Walter Perkins, Jr., to the world's
largest manufacturer and distributor of
hammocks, the industry stands out for its
innovation and commitment to customer
service. In the summer of 2001, the company
acquired property to begin expanding to



accommodate the consolidation of distribution. With the expansion, the company added warehousing with some shipping and manufacturing. The expansion encompasses 37,000 square feet of space.

New Developments

With the recent close of a major manufacturing facility in Greenville, the area welcomes **Harper Brush Works**, a family owned and operated company which continues production in the United States despite the push to overseas manufacturing. The company, a producer of over 600 cleaning supplies, ranging from industrial to household mops, brushes, and other cleaning products, has made plans to hire 250 employees over the next three to five years. Harper will use the recently laid-off workforce to supply its applicant pool for the predominately manufacturing, production, and distribution jobs, averaging \$15 an hour. The Greenville site will be the company's first East Coast manufacturing facility.

The City is also excited to welcome **Rural Sourcing, Inc.** ("RSI"), an information technology company offering IT (information technology) services for US corporations. These centers open in predominately rural areas which offer lower-costs and are home to strong regional universities, offering degrees in IT and computer science. NC RSI expects the Greenville Technology Development Center to be among the largest of their target (50) to open over the next five years. As a result, the Center is committed to hiring over 100 IT professionals from the region as well as East Carolina University. Internships will also be offered to juniors and seniors majoring in IT and related fields.

The City would like to court more industries with its new **Technology Enterprise**Center. The Center operates as a biotechnology incubator, offering office, laboratory, and light manufacturing space to technology-based companies on a short-term lease. Companies benefit from submarket rent, shared security, conferencing facilities plus clerical support along with onsite business counseling. Located at 111 South Washington Street, the Center was developed as a partnership between the Pitt County Development Commission and ECU's Center for Applied Technology, acquiring resources from Pitt Community College, the Small Business and Technology Development Center, and NC State University's Industrial Extension Service.

Construction Activity

The following table indicates construction activity in the City of Greenville, including the type, number, and value of permits issued by the City:

COMMERCIAL	RESIDENTIAL
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CALENDAR YEAR	<u>NOWBEK</u>	<u>VALUE</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	VALUE	TOTAL VALUE
2000*	362	51,668,928	1,330	49,609,033	101,277,961
2001	284	38,029,069	798	38,338,014	76,367,083
2002	469	41,750,182	926	37,496,420	79,246,602
2003	207	32,401,829	1,311	76,332,746	108,734,575
2004	223	77,695,286	640	86,763,566	164,458,852

Source: City Inspections Department.

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Employment

The County's manufacturers employ a little over 7,000 residents. Education, health care, public administration, distribution, communication, and financial services provide over 16,000 non-manufacturing jobs. Pitt County Memorial Hospital employs over 5,000 area residents. Regional education institutions, East Carolina University and Pitt Community College make major contributions to the economy, not only by educating the workforce, but also by hiring almost 5,000 employees of their own. The following table lists the major employers in or within a few miles of the City:

^{*}Figures higher than normal due to the Hurricane Floyd-related flooding.

Company/Institution	Product/Service	Approximate # of Employees
Pitt County Memorial Hospital	Healthcare	5,026
East Carolina University	Education	4,184
Pitt County Schools	Education	2,600
DSM Pharmaceuticals	Pharmaceuticals	1,200
NACCO Materials Handling Group	Lift Trucks	1,130
Pitt County Government	Government Administration	975
Pitt Community College	Education	815
City of Greenville	Government Administration	652
Collins & Aikman	Knit Fabrics	600
Physicians East	Medical Care	500

Source: Pitt County Development Commission

The North Carolina Employment Security Commission has estimated the percentage of unemployment in the County as follows:

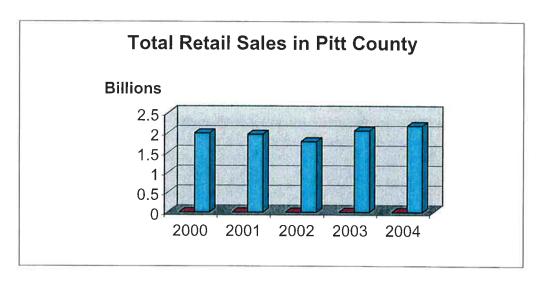
	Jan.	Feb.	March	ı April	May	June	July	Aug	. Sept.	Oct	Nov.	Dec.
2001	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.8	6.6	6.5	6.2	5.8	6.2	6.7	6.1
2002	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.4	7.1	7.5	7.2	6.6	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.5
2003	6.4	6.3	6.6	6.5	7.0	7.6	7.5	7.3	6.6	6.6	6.2	5.7
2004	6.0	6.2	5.1	5.1	5.9	6.6	6.1	5.9	5.0	5.4	5.6	5.5
2005	4.6	5.0	4.4	4.5	4.8	5.4						

Retail Sales

With the cycle of economic expansion, employment, and new wealth has come a blossoming service and retail sector. Total retail sales in the County for 2000 through May of 2005 are shown in the table below:

<u>Fiscal</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Year</u>	Retail Sales
2000	1,994,500,000
2001	1,963,400,000
2002	1,779,264,000
2003	2,054,968,194
2004	2,177,577,746
2005 (ended May)	933,290,179

Source: Greenville Chamber of Commerce



EDUCATION: THE CORNERSTONE OF DEVELOPMENT

The County's educational system has provided much of the support needed to progress a new economy and move forward into the 21st Century. Through a superior public educational system, students are prepared for top notch institutions of higher learning such as East Carolina or Pitt Community College, and provide a highly skilled labor pool for the County's expanding economy.

Pitt County Schools

Public education is primarily a function and responsibility of State government. School operation is largely determined by State statutes and State policies adopted by the State Board of Education. School officials and teachers are employees of the State. The General Assembly has delegated financial responsibility for certain areas of public education, primarily construction and maintenance of school facilities, to the counties.

Pitt County Schools



The City and the County have a consolidated school system, designated as the Pitt County School Administrative Unit, which is governed by a 12-member Board of Education elected on a non-partisan basis for staggered four-year terms. The Board of Education submits a budget request to the County Board of Commissioners annually.

The following table shows the number of schools by grade level and average daily membership for the Pitt County School Administrative Unit:

ELEMENTARY			INTERMI	EDIATE		SECONDARY		
GRADES	S (K-5)		GRAD:	ES (6-8)		GRAD	ES (9-12)	
SCHOOL	NO. OF		NO. OF		NO. OF		TOTAL	
YEAR	SCHOOLS	ADM*	SCHOOLS	ADM*	SCHOOLS	ADM*	ADM.	
2000-2001	21	9,952	13	4,794	6	5,431	19,817	
2001-2002	22	9,971	13	4,983	7	5,646	20,600	
2002-2003	22	9,719	13	5,085	7	5,608	20,412	
2003-2004	22	9,928	13	5,178	7	5,559	20,665	
2004-2005	22	10,221	12	5,232	6	6,359	21,812	

^{*}Average daily membership ("ADM") (determined by actual records at the schools for the first month of school) is computed by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction on a uniform basis for all public schools in the State. The average daily membership computations are used as a basis for teacher allotments and for distribution of local funds if there is more than one unit within a county.

Source: Superintendent's Office of the Pitt County School Administrative Unit.

Working Together for Youth

Pitt County has taken education and cooperative learning to the next level with the inception of the **Health Sciences Academy**, a unique program that prepares students for careers in the medical field. A mutually beneficial relationship between Pitt County Schools, Pitt County Memorial Hospital, and local medical and civic organizations, students have the advantage of shadowing doctors and professors and taking courses from health-care professionals while pursuing a variety of health related careers. Another program, **Organizations/Businesses Assisting Schools in Success (OASIS)**, is a consortium of businesses and nonprofit groups that support local schools through their time, money, or through in-kind giving.

Pitt Community College

One of the County's top notch institutions of higher learning is Pitt Community College

("PCC"), a comprehensive public, two year-educational institution serving adult citizens of the City and the County. It is the sixth largest community college in the State and is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools to award associate degrees. PCC offers an array of programs including occupational and university transfer degree programs as well as non-credit professional development classes through its 44 associate degree, numerous certificate, 23 diploma, and 18 college transfer



G. Henry Leslie Building at PCC

programs. Among its many accomplishments is the PCC Preschool and the Pitt County JobLink Center, both receiving the highest rating level for service in Pitt County.

A leader in workforce development, service, and lifelong learning, PCC along with a host of partners is making way for the latest development area, Biotechnology. Biotechnology uses living organisms to produce commercial products, the main industry in our area being pharmaceuticals. Graduates of the program, which began offering classes in 2003, will be prepared for work in medical school laboratories as DNA analysts or lab workers. These students may also opt for a four-year degree at East Carolina University. Programs like this provide the incentive for companies such as DSM and other technology firms to make a home in the City.

PCC is also leading the way in distance learning education and technology. During the 2004 –2005 academic year, the College served approximately 2,300 of its 8,000 curriculum students via the information super highway. Five associate degrees and 18 certificate programs offered online are fully accredited, serving students as far away as Peru, Mexico, and Japan. PCC is an active partner with the Southern (US) Regional Electronic Campus, which provides virtual classes originating from colleges and universities in the 15 southeastern states.

East Carolina University

Chartered by the North Carolina General Assembly in 1907, East Carolina University ("ECU") has evolved from a two-year Teacher Training School in 1929 to a four-year Teachers College to its present standing as a major comprehensive university, designated as a constituent institution of the University of North Carolina. The third largest institution of higher learning in North Carolina, enrollment remains upwards of 22,000 students, including approximately 5,000 graduate students.



Joyner Library

East Carolina is a public institution committed to rich and distinctive education, exemplary teaching, research and scholarship, public service, and human and intellectual diversity. A hallmark of the institution lies in its willingness to innovate and provide interinstitutional programs and cross-disciplinary curricula as can be seen in its course offerings and degree programs. ECU's desire for continued improvement and innovation has cemented its role in community vitality on every level. As noted in the many partnering ventures already discussed, ECU is one of the City's cornerstones of education and community and economic development.

Facts in Brief

• Undergraduate degrees: 105

Master's degrees: 17Doctoral degrees: 16

Nationally acclaimed Brody School of Medicine

• Leads the UNC system in distance-learning enrollment

 More than 8,000 East Carolina students contribute in excess of 100,000 hours of volunteer service to more than 100 community health and human service organizations

New construction projects totaling \$250 million are currently underway

MEDICAL FACILITIES

Brody School of Medicine at East Carolina University

The Brody School of Medicine at East Carolina University, located within the City, was established in 1975 by an act of the North Carolina General Assembly. The Brody School of



Brody School of Medicine

Medicine has a threefold mission: (1) to produce primary care physicians to serve the State, (2) to increase opportunities for minorities and disadvantaged students to pursue a medical education and (3) to expand and improve the network of health care in eastern North Carolina. For this reason, it admits, almost exclusively, in-state applicants with the expectation that graduates will remain in North Carolina, preferably practicing in underserved areas. Each year, the Brody School of Medicine is ranked highly among the nation's medical schools in the percentage of its graduates who became primary care physicians,

solidifying its reputation as a leader in primary care and rural medicine.

Students who enter the program benefit from its moderate size, excelling as either generalists or specialists with an abundance of clinical experience throughout the four years. Currently, one may enter 12 areas of residency, Family Medicine being the largest, or enroll in the school's three combined residency programs, which include Emergency Medicine/Internal Medicine, Medicine/Pediatrics, and Medicine/Psychiatry. Brody also supports programs, which lead to the Doctor of Philosophy degree in six disciplines: anatomy and cell biology, biochemistry, microbiology and immunology, pathology, pharmacology, and physiology.

The Brody School of Medicine, together with Pitt County Memorial Hospital ("PCMH"), is situated on an approximately 90-acre tract within a designated medical district. Medical school facilities include five major buildings, including the 550,000 square-foot Brody Medical Sciences Building. The Brody School of Medicine has a state-of-the-art cancer treatment center, serving patients throughout eastern Carolina. But, it is the school's leadership in robotic surgery that has captured the imagination of the medical world.

Surgical teams from around the world come to Greenville to receive instruction on the operation of a robotic probe known as the daVinci. The daVinci enables heart surgeons to operate on patients via a computer console a few yards away, the software compensating for differences in dexterity, correcting any manual tremors. Consequently, surgeries that would have required large incisions and demanded extended recovery times now only rely on dimesized incisions, leading to shorter recovery times. Not only does this approach cut down on the overall cost of treatment but also allows remote surgery from any part of the world.

Brody's leadership in heart health problems along with the dire need of adequate care in rural areas has lead to the inception of a vision: the **Eastern Carolina Cardiovascular Institute** ("**ECCI**"). ECCI will be the first facility in North Carolina devoted exclusively to the treatment and prevention of cardiovascular disease. The institute will include two new buildings:

- A cardiovascular center at Pitt County Memorial with 120 beds, 11 interventional labs, and a suite of operating rooms dedicated to cardiac procedures.
- A cardiovascular clinic and research center operated by East Carolina University. This
 facility will include outpatient clinics, physician offices for all cardiovascular specialties
 within the University, a training and education center, and laboratories to conduct
 scientific research and development for the prevention and cure of cardiovascular disease.

Pitt County Memorial Hospital

Pitt County Memorial Hospital is a private, non-profit hospital and regional referral center licensed to operate 745 beds. PCMH is owned and operated by University Health Systems of Eastern Carolina, which includes community hospitals, physician practices, home health, and other health services. PCMH is affiliated with, and serves as the teaching hospital for the Brody School of Medicine at East Carolina University. Inpatient services with an average of 33,000 per year are



Pitt County Memorial Hospital

concentrated in five bed towers containing primarily private rooms. In an average year, more than 266,000 outpatients are treated at the facilities.

PCMH offers a comprehensive range of primary and tertiary medical services to more than 1.2 million people in 29 counties that include a heart center, a cancer center, a children's hospital, a regional rehabilitation center, a level I trauma center, a level III neonatal intensive care unit, and 24-hour emergency transport services that include both helicopter and mobile intensive care units. PCMH serves as a clinical training site for physicians, nurses, and a range of allied health professionals. The clinical staff includes more than 500 physicians and 1,200 nurses. PCMH is fully accredited by the Joint Commission for the accreditation of Healthcare organizations.

IMPROVING QUALITY OF LIFE: CULTURE AND RECREATION

Visitors and residents of the City have a number of possibilities for cultural and recreational pursuits. From the well-respected outlet for the arts located on ECU's campus to the leisure enjoyment of parks and green spaces to the growing reputation of Greenville as the sportiest place to be -- there is something for everyone.

ECU and the Arts

ECU's schools of music, art, theatre and dance, and communications have joined forces to become the new College of Fine Arts and Communications. At the Wellington B. Gray Gallery, there is a wide range of both touring and student exhibits. This gallery showcases the work of internationally renowned contemporary artists. It is a 7,500 square foot facility and is the largest gallery associated with a university arts school in the Carolinas. The music department hosts several festivals each year, including the Four Seasons Chamber Music Festival, a six-concert event featuring chamber music performers from around the world. ECU/Loessin Playhouse & Theatre presents a season of eight productions consisting of musicals, plays, dance concerts, comedies, and dramas.

Recreation and Parks

The City has won state and national awards for its comprehensive recreational program. The City owns and, through its Recreation and Parks Department, operates more than 20 parks and facilities on approximately 1,050 acres. One of the highlights is **River Park North**, located on 359 acres of river wetland along the Tar River. The facility offers paddleboats, nature trails,



River Park North

fishing and picnic facilities. Also located on the park grounds is the Walter Stasavich Science and Nature Center, which offers several wildlife displays and a hands-on touch tank, and the "Adventures in Health Children's Museum" which is a hands-on teaching center with exhibits. The Walter Stasavich Science Center and Nature Center has undergone a major expansion resulting in a total building of 10,000 square feet at an approximate cost of \$1.5 million. This facility houses a 10,000 gallon aquarium unique to the area. This facility has a 23-county regional draw and highlights animal and plant species from eastern

North Carolina. The City's Greenways Trail offers a hiking and biking nature trial throughout a major portion of the City; a 2.3 mile second phase was recently completed, extending the trail to 3.4 miles.

The Recreation and Parks Department also operates four gymnasiums, a teen center, a baseball stadium, seven lighted softball fields, five baseball fields, a boat ramp, roller hockey rink, a tennis center, and a city highlight—an extreme skate park. The In-Line Hockey Skate & Bike Park is one of the few in the nation suited for professional use. The facility is used by pros like national champion BMX biker Dave Mirra and amateurs alike.

The Recreation and Parks Department offers over 500 different programs. Among those programs are sports for youth, adults, and seniors from baseball, soccer, and basketball to cricket and in-line hockey. The City also owns and operates the **Bradford Creek Golf Course**. Bradford Creek features an 18-hole golf course and a clubhouse for corporate and catered events. The clubhouse also features a pro-shop and concession area. Additionally, residents can enjoy the **Greenville Aquatics and Fitness Center**. This center is an exercise/wellness facility, which also houses an indoor pool and gymnasium for basketball. This facility offers exercise and wellness classes and has weightlifting and cardiovascular exercise equipment.

The City sponsors a summer program entitled "Sunday in the Park," which features local talent. The International Festival is held annually celebrating the diverse population that has come to makeup the City and surrounding area. In addition, the Ronald McDonald House along with the National Golf Association holds the Touch Stone Energy Open each June at the Brook Valley Country Club to benefit the Ronald McDonald House. Overton's, the world's largest water sports equipment distributor, is headquartered in the City and has sponsored the National Water Ski Tournament in the area for the past three years. And, one cannot forget the spirit of Pirate football and other intercollegiate athletics sponsored by East Carolina.



Minges Coliseum & Dowdy Ficklen Stadium

"Sportstown USA"

It is no surprise that on March 9, 2004, the City was recognized by *Sports Illustrated* as "Sportstown USA" (#1) for North Carolina. The City is one of 50 in the United States noted during its 50th Anniversary for variety and depth of programming of leisure opportunities. The Sportstown designation honors the City of Greenville for its parks, recreational and leisure programs.

TRANSPORTATION

There are approximately 218 miles of streets maintained by the City and State within the City limits. Funding for expansion, maintenance, and improvements of the local streets maintained by the City is derived from the City's proportionate share of the amount produced by a one-cent State tax on each gallon of motor fuel and from other revenues.

Several highways provide access to the City. The major east-west connector, U.S. Highway 264, is a four-lane controlled-access highway. North Carolina Highway 11 - U.S. Highway 13 is the primary north-south highway crossing the City. Interstate Highway 95 is 35 miles to the west and U.S. Highway 17 is 15 miles to the east and U.S. Highway 264 may reach both.

The Pitt-Greenville Airport (the "Airport") is a 1,000-acre municipal facility owned jointly by the County and the City. The Airport is located adjacent to the Greenville Industrial Park in the northwest portion of the City. By joint resolution of the City Council and the County Board of Commissioners and by an act of the North Carolina General Assembly, the Pitt-Greenville Airport Authority, a body politic and corporate, has been created to oversee and direct the operation, maintenance, and improvement of the Airport. Improvement aid has come in the form of a \$887,205 grant from the Federal Aviation Administration, part of the United States Department of Transportation.

The Airport is a non-hub regional (commuter) airport currently served by USAir Express with seven round trips daily to the USAir hub in Charlotte. Total origin and destination passengers through calendar year 2004 were 99,059. The airport also houses four auto rental agencies, a taxi operator, massage therapist, and a grill.

In addition to airline activity, the Airport serves as the portal of entry for numerous corporate and business aircraft serving such clients as DSM, Lowe's, TRW, Grady-White, Weyerhaeuser Company, Collins & Aikman, DIMON International, NACCO, and Overton's Sports Center. Other services utilizing the Airport include air ambulance and airfreight companies.

Daily rail service is provided to the City by Seaboard System Railroad (CSX) and Norfolk Southern Railway, two of the nation's largest railroad systems. Interconnecting in the City, these systems allow for the transport of freight shipments to and from such cities as Atlanta, New Orleans, Miami, St. Louis, Chicago, Detroit, Philadelphia, and Pittsburg. The City is approximately 85 miles from Morehead City, a seaport city with ocean route connections.

Greenville Area Transit ("GREAT"), established in 1976, provides fixed route bus service for the City. GREAT is operated as a division of the City's Public Works Department and provides transit service within the corporate limits. In designating routes, GREAT seeks to provide transportation service for the City's transit dependent groups to the major industrial, commercial, educational, and social service locations. Since its inception, ridership has steadily increased. Ridership for the 2004-2005 fiscal year averaged approximately 16,342 passenger trips each month.

Greenville Convention Center



After eight years of planning and negotiating, the **Greenville Convention Center** made its grand opening in May 2002. The Convention Center helps to capture the more than \$130 million generated each year by visitors to Pitt County as estimated by the US Travel Data Center. Its campus offers state of the art meeting and exhibit facilities, the latest audio visual technology and a wide range of added features for meeting planners and show producers. The Convention Center's 40,000 square feet of exhibit space is connected via an enclosed

walkway to the Hilton Hotel's 25,000 square feet of meeting, banquet, and breakout space. The adjacent City Hotel and Bistro adds an additional 9,000 square feet of meeting space to the Greenville Convention Center Campus

The Convention Center continues to be the largest convention and meeting venue east of I-95 in North Carolina. During the first two years of operation, the Convention Center hosted 300 event days and welcomed over 50,000 guests onto the campus. The business mix for the Convention Center includes 40 percent conference and convention business, 35 percent consumer and tradeshow, 15 percent entertainment and 10 percent social events. The Convention Center has proved to be a positive economic anchor to the area's hospitality industry generating over \$8 million annually in economic impact. In 2003, the Convention Center hosted the national sales meeting of Grady White Boats and several other national conventions including Tupperware and the Freewill Baptists. The event venue has become home of East Carolina University's annual Dr. Billy Taylor's Jazz Festival and the annual Festival of Trees, as well as consumer tradeshows showcasing tools, crafts, and other wares. The Convention Center hosted the Sports Illustrated USA presentation to the City of Greenville.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

In staying focused with The City Council and its goals for city improvement, several projects are underway. The **Charles Boulevard Enhancement** project will provide landscaping, sidewalks, and improved safety for all modes of travel between Greenville Boulevard and 14th Street. These measures will address a critical need for a safe greenway system and pedestrian corridor for a major gateway into uptown Greenville and the ECU campus.

Other capital improvement projects include:

	<u>Amount</u>	Project Description
\$	295,000	Fire/Rescue (Mobile Trailer, Additional Office Space, Land Acquisition)
	608,500	Information Technology (New and Improved Technology)
	50,000	Library (HVAC/Exterior Improvements)
	50,000	Planning and CD (Façade Improvement, Historic Properties)
	363,600	Recreation/Parks (Resurfacing, Replacement Equipment, Park Development)
	167,000	Police (Replacement of Handguns)
_	880,500	Public Works (Equipment and Improvements)
\$	<u>2,414,600</u>	Total

Planning is occurring for some of the new General Obligation Projects, including:

- Stormwater Projects
- 10th Street Connector Environmental Assessment and Design
- West 3rd Street Reconstruction Design
- West Greenville/Center City Revitalization Projects

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

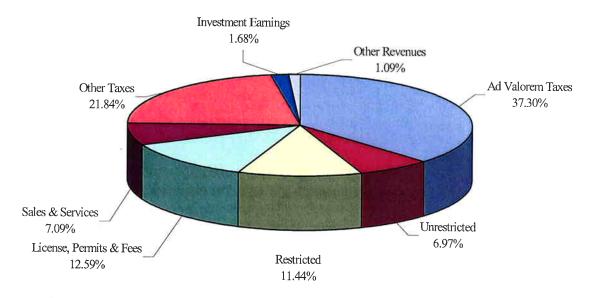
Accounting. An explanation of the City's accounting, internal control and budgetary policies is contained in the notes to the basic financial statements, which are an integral part of this report. These notes explain the basis of accounting, funds and account groups used and other significant accounting information. In summary, the City's accounting records for governmental activities are maintained on a modified accrual basis whereby revenues are recognized when measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when related liabilities are incurred. For annual financial reporting a conversion to full accrual occurs. Business-type activities of the City are reported on a full accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred.

Internal Control. In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of its internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; (2) the reliability of financial statements, and (3) compliance with requirements applicable to federal and state financial assistance programs. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As a recipient of federal, state, and local financial assistance, the government is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management, as well as, independent auditors.

As a part of the single audit, our independent auditors performed tests of the City's internal control structure and of its compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including those related to federal programs. The audit for the year ended June 30, 2005, disclosed no material internal control weaknesses or material violations of laws and regulations relative to its major federal programs.

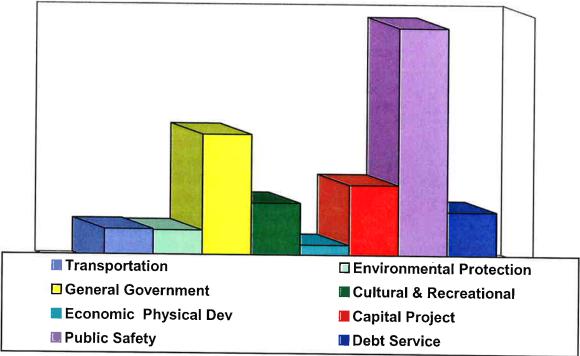
Budgetary Controls. The North Carolina General Statutes requires all governmental units to adopt a balanced budget by July first of each year. Budgetary controls are enacted to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The City maintains budgetary control in subcategories by the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Subcategories are utilized in personnel, operating and capital sections within each department. Purchase orders, which result in an overrun of subcategory balances, are not released until additional appropriations are made available. Open encumbrances for outstanding purchase orders intended to be honored are reported as reservations of fund balance at June 30, 2005.

General Government Functions. Revenues for general government functions (General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds and Debt Service Fund) amounted to \$57,171,969 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.



The **assessed valuation of property** for fiscal year 2004-2005 was \$3,808,808,941, up approximately \$715.3 million from the previous year. A significant portion of the increase in ad valorem taxes is attributed to the increase in new construction and renovations.

Use of Funds



Sales taxes (the second largest revenue source of revenue for the City) continue to be a strong source of funding for the City. Over the past four years, there has been a mean average growth of 1.5~% in sales tax. For 2004-2005 the growth in total sales tax revenue was approximately 10%. This is due to the new $\frac{1}{2}~\%$ sales tax that went into effect December 1, 2002 and overall sales tax growth.

Powell Bill Funds are distributed by the State, and are based upon miles of streets, population and regional gasoline sales. For 2004-2005 we received \$1,912,098. Reliance on revenues generated from **Sales & Services** and **Licenses, Permits and Fees** has increased due to the City's continued goal of diversifying its revenue sources and overall growth. The City is actively pursuing all revenue sources in order to have less dependence on taxes.

General Government Functions. Expenditures for general government functions (General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds and Debt Service Fund) are detailed in the graph above and amounted to \$64,966,765 for 2004-2005.

General Fund Balance. The City Council adopted a financial policy during the 1992-1993 fiscal year. This policy established reasonable parameters for the operations of the City and ensures that the operating and capital needs are being met while maintaining financial stability. This document serves as an important planning tool for the future.

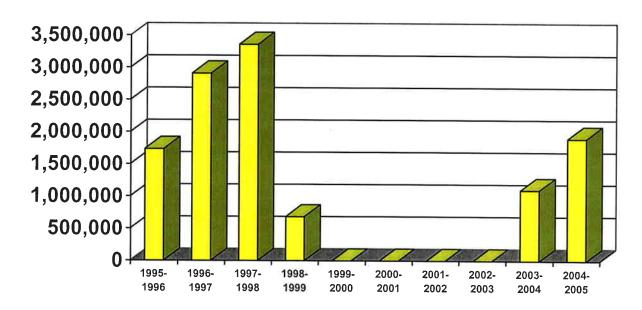
In the financial policy, the excess of unappropriated General Fund balance over the current year's budget less the decrease in cash between year ends is to be transferred to the Capital Reserve Fund yearly for future capital needs. In the 2004-2005 fiscal year an additional \$1.9 million was transferred for capital projects. Since 1983, the City has financed more than

\$12.3 million worth of capital improvements, with another \$6.3M already earmarked for future projects. Future projects to be financed by Capital Reserve are:

- Transportation Improvements
- Parking Improvements
- Police Firing Range
- Bonners Lane School Site

The transfers made from the general Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund for the past 10 years are as follows:

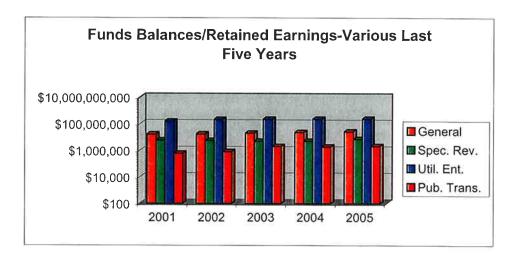
CAPITAL RESERVE FUND



The total fund balances/retained earnings of some of the key funds have continued to remain strong over the past five years.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, NC FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS - VARIOUS FUNDS LAST FIVE YEARS

	6/30/05	6/30/04	6/30/03	6/30/02	6/30/01
General	\$26,521,729	\$23,031,474	\$20,479,680	\$ 17,146,371	\$ 16,563,381
Spec. Rev.	7,241,099	5,165,681	5,039,814	5,739,913	5,941,771
Util. Ent.	242,364,784	235,868,647	228,764,854	217,576,185	157,578,901
Pub. Trans.	2,139,085	<u>1,914,625</u>	2,049,025	811,415	<u>596,157</u>
Fund Total	<u>\$278,266,697</u>	\$ <u>265,980,427</u>	\$ <u>256,333,373</u>	\$ 241,273,884	\$ 180,680,210



<u>Proprietary Funds</u>. Operating revenues for all of the <u>utility funds</u> for the year ended June 30, 2005 totaled \$190,645,680 compared to \$182,892,688 for the preceding year, an increase of \$7,752,992. The overall rise in operating revenue resulted primarily from a 4% increase in customer base, and 8.8% increase in natural gas consumption and rate increases in electric, water and sewer. During the fiscal year electric consumption of services, decreased by 1.2% while water usage decreased by 1.9%. Water and sewer rates increased by 4%.

Total operating expenses for the same funds (except the cost of power, gas and depreciation) for the year ended June 30, 2005 was \$36,109,272, as compared to \$32,848,786 the previous year. This is an increase of \$3,260,486.

Utilities transfers are made on a monthly basis to the General Fund. The amount of the transfer equates to **6%** of the difference between the electric and natural gas systems net fixed assets and total bonded indebtedness. In the last fiscal year, Greenville Utilities turned over \$3,235,744 for Electric and \$491,593 for Public Lighting totaling \$3,727,337. Gas turnovers

equaled \$856,349. Electric transfers totaled 2.6% of the original 2004-2005 budget, and Gas transfers totaled 3.2% of the original 2004-2005 budget. Transfers as a percentage of the overall city budget have remained constant over the last ten years.

Utilities franchise taxes amounting to 3% of gross utilities charges for electric, water, sewer, and telephone companies are refunded on a quarterly basis from the North Carolina State Treasurer's office. This amounted to \$3.5 million during the current fiscal year.

Capital improvement expenditures are needed to keep up with customer growth, which requires expenditures for facilities and equipment to meet the growing demand for utility services. Capital expenditures for the 2004-2005 fiscal year totaled \$24.8 million as compared to \$17.4 million for the previous fiscal year.

The customer base for utility service has grown over the past several years. At this time, no slow down in the growth of the utility service area is anticipated. Reserve funds and fund balance will be monitored to keep up with the demand for utility services.

Operating revenues of the **transportation fund** have remained steady over the past several years. Under Federal Section 9 funding, the Federal Government reimburses the City at a rate of 50% of transit expenses, with the City funding the remaining 50%. For the planning and capital expenses, Federal and State agencies reimburse the City 80% and 10% respectively, with the City absorbing the final 10%. The General Fund transferred a total of \$202,439 in order to subsidize the transportation system during the fiscal year. The City Council has supported the transit system as a needed service to Greenville citizens and will fund the system with General Fund resources at a reasonable level.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u>. Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City has one Internal Service Fund, which is the **Joint Dental Reimbursement Fund**. This fund is used to account for the financing of the City and Greenville Utilities Commissions joint dental insurance program.

<u>Cash Management</u>. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in certificates of deposits, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, government agencies and commercial paper. The maturities of the investments generally range from 90 days to five years, with an average maturity being 24 months. The interest earned on investments provides an important source of income for the City. The City cash management program generated interest earnings of \$2,304,462 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The City will continue to strengthen its portfolio and use competitive pricing for its investment decisions, while still maintaining safety and liquidity ahead of yield.

<u>Debt Administration</u>. Debt service requirements of the City are satisfied by an accumulation of resources in a separate **Debt Service Fund**. The accumulation is derived from payments made by the General Fund and the Utilities Funds. The City has issued general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, and certificates of participation. General obligation bonds attributable to the electric, water, sewer, and gas systems are paid from revenues of the respective systems.

The City of Greenville currently has total outstanding debt in the amount of \$132.7 million. Of this amount, \$91.3 million is payable from the revenues of the Enterprise Funds, primarily utilities. The ratio of net bonded debt (net of enterprise debt) to assessed valuation and the amount of bonded debt per capita are useful indications of the City's position to management, citizens, and investors. The net bonded debt situation at June 30, 2005 was as follows:

		Net Bonded
Net Bonded	Ratio of Net Debt	Debt per
Debt	to Assessed Value	<u>Capita</u>
47,758,689	1.03	584

Outstanding general obligation bonds at June 30, 2005 amounted to \$13,690,000 with \$6,885,000 being payable from enterprise fund revenues. The General Statutes state that units of local government in North Carolina may not incur general long-term debt exceeding 8% of the appraised value of property subject to taxation.

Risk Management. The City of Greenville has maintained emphasis on loss control and safety programs through the years. Our concern in these areas is threefold: first, by providing a safe working environment for our employees we can continue uninterrupted service to the citizens of Greenville; second, we can assure that we are in full compliance with State and Federal regulations; and third, we can obtain insurance coverage at a more favorable cost. We take great pride in being one of the safest and most insurable cities in North Carolina.

The City provides for property, liability, and Workers Compensation coverage through a third party insurance carrier and a self-insured program. The City's deductible varies based on the type of insurance policy. Workers Compensation is provided at statutory limits. The City also offers health insurance coverage to its employees through an independent insurance carrier. The City offers basic dental coverage of up to \$1000 per covered participant annually. Orthodontic coverage of up to \$2,000 a lifetime per participant is also allowed.

OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Independent Audit</u>. The General Statutes of North Carolina require an independent financial and single audit of all local governmental units in the State. **Martin Starnes & Associates**, a firm of independent Certified Public Accountants, has audited the basic financial statements of the City and their opinion dated **August 26**, 2005, has been included in this report.

Their audit was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and, accordingly, included tests of the accounting records and other auditing procedures, as they considered necessary under the circumstances. Their unqualified opinion indicated that the accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Greenville for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in State and Local Government Financial Reporting. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Greenville has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last sixteen consecutive fiscal years ending June 30, 1989 - June 30, 2004. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements; therefore, we are submitting it to GFOA for consideration.

Acknowledgments. This report reflects the result of the daily responsibilities of all employees of the Financial Services Department. Their overall dedication to the common goals of sound financial management and solid internal controls is demonstrated throughout the report and resulted in the "unqualified" opinions. This commitment has been exemplified in the drive to maintain the Certificate of Achievement. Deserving special commendation are all of the skilled, talented, and dedicated employees --- the work force of the City of Greenville. Sincere appreciation also goes out to the Greenville City Council, for being supportive of these same efforts, and setting policy congruent with financial growth and stability.

Respectfully submitted,

Bernita W. Demery, CPA, MBA

Director of Financial Services

November 11, 2005

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Greenville, North Carolina

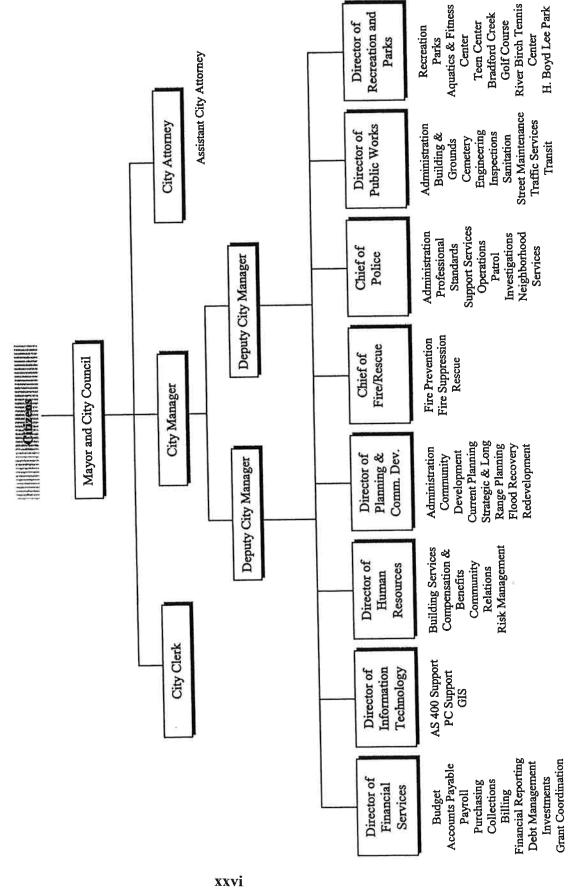
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

President

Executive Director

CITY OF GREENVILLE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



City Council Members, City Officials and Greenville Utilities Commission Board of Commissioners

CITY OF GREENVILLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

Don Parrott, Mayor Ric Miller, Mayor Pro-Tem

Mildred A. Council Ray Craft Pat Dunn

Rose H. Glover Chip Little

CITY OFFICIALS

Wayne Bowers
Marvin W. Davis
Bill Richardson
Dave A. Holec
Wanda T. Elks
Bernita W. Demery
S. Rex Wilder
Thomas N. Tysinger, Jr.
Michael Burton
Geraldine C. Dail
Merrill Flood
Joe M. Simonowich
H. Boyd Lee, Jr.

City Manager
Deputy City Manager
Deputy City Manager
Deputy City Manager
City Attorney
City Clerk
Director of Financial Services
Director of Information Technology
Director of Public Works
Chief of Fire/Rescue
Director of Human Resources
Director of Planning and Community Development
Chief of Police
Director of Recreation and Parks

GREENVILLE UTILITIES COMMISSION BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Chris E. Jenkins, Chair Bryant Kittrell, Vice Chair

Wayne Bowers, City Manager Lester Z. Brown Faye Taylor Wayne Powell, Secretary Lynne Evans Louis Zincone

GREENVILLE UTILITIES COMMISSION OFFICIALS

Ron D. Elks General Manager

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

A Professional Association of Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Greenville, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Greenville, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Greenville's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Greenville, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated August 26, 2005, on our consideration of City of Greenville's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, employer contributions and the notes to the required schedules of Funding Progress, Employer Contributions, and Notes to the Required Schedules for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion thereon.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of City of Greenville, North Carolina. The introductory information, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the statistical tables, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Not-Profit Organizations,* and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory information and the statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Martin Stames + Associetes CPA's, P.A.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. August 26, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Greenville, we offer readers of the City of Greenville's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Greenville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

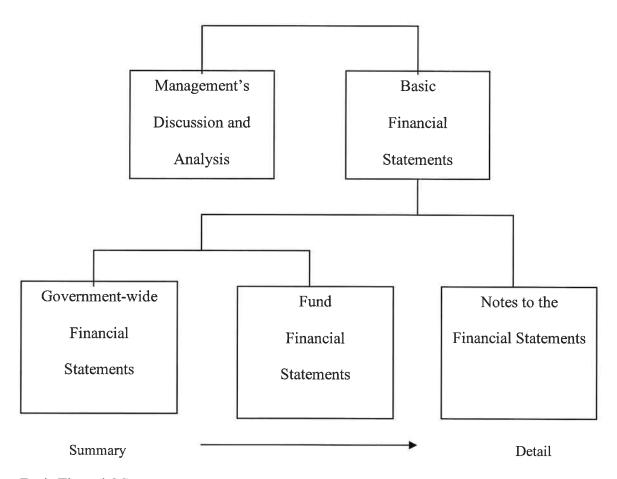
Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Greenville's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$83,794,085 (*net assets*). Of this amount, \$44,354,555 can be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's net assets of governmental activities increased by \$7,227,039.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Greenville's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$46,850,910 an increase of \$14,746,807 in comparison with the prior year. Some of this increase was because of the continued overall growth in both the tax base and sales tax. Approximately 79 percent of this total amount, or \$37,019,127 is available for spending at the City's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$16,772,581 or 35 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The City of Greenville's total debt increased by \$9,571,280 (7.8%) during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this minimal net increase were new loans issued and the retirement of general obligation and revenue bonds.
- Property taxes and sales tax are the two largest sources of revenues and make up over 50% of the total revenues for governmental services to the citizens and the community in 2005.
- The City implemented a tax rate of \$.56 for fiscal year 2005 based on a re-valued property tax base.
- The City has maintained the Certificate of Achievement for excellence in Financial Reporting for the 16th consecutive year.
- The City of Greenville holds an Aa bond rating with Moody's and an AA with Standard & Poor's.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Greenville's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Greenville.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through I) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the City's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net assets is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as general administration, public safety, transportation, environmental protection, cultural and recreational, and economic and physical development. Property taxes, other taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the electric, water, sewer, gas, transportation, aquatics and fitness, and golf course services offered by the City of Greenville. The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Greenville, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the City of Greenville can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Greenville adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the City Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the City Council; 2) the final budget as amended by the City Council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the

actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds – The City of Greenville has two different kinds of proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Greenville uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, water, sewer, gas, transportation, aquatics and fitness, and golf course activity. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. *Internal Service Funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the functions of City of Greenville and Greenville Utilities Commission. The City uses an internal service fund to account for two activities – its joint dental reimbursement and health insurance funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow Exhibit I of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following is a summary of net assets as of June 30, 2005 (as shown in Exhibit A) with comparative data for June 30, 2004.

City of Greenville's Net Assets Figure 2

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Т	otal	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	
Current and other assets	\$ 54,470,766	\$ 39,931,610	\$ 78,244,464	\$ 84,644,951	\$ 132,715,230	\$ 124,576,561	
Capital assets, non depreciable	42,171,892	36,256,756	31,038,588	68,405,983	73,210,480	104,662,739	
Capital assets, net	37,396,805	32,036,385	253,039,239	204,630,292	290,436,044	236,666,677	
Total assets	\$ 134,039,463	\$ 108,224,751	\$ 362,322,291	\$ 357,681,226	\$ 496,361,754	\$ 465,905,977	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$ 44,938,716	\$ 24,241,262	\$ 92,133,292	\$ 88,608,744	\$ 137,072,008	\$ 112,850,006	
Other liabilities	5,306,662	12,808,304	21,994,456	29,013,905	27,301,118	41,822,209	
Total liabilities	50,245,378	37,049,566	114,127,748	117,622,649	164,373,126	154,672,215	
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets, net of							
related debt	38,196,527	45,055,612	198,000,719	184,616,161	236,197,246	229,671,773	
Restricted	1,243,003	415,690	-	: * :	1,243,003	415,690	
Unrestricted	44,354,555	25,703,883	50,193,824	55,442,416	94,548,379	81,146,299	
Total net assets	\$ 83,794,085	\$ 71,175,185	\$ 248,194,543	\$ 240,058,577	\$ 331,988,628	\$ 311,233,762	

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the City of Greenville's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$83,794,085 (*net assets*). Of this amount, \$44,354,555 can be used to meet the city's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The City of Greenville's net assets of governmental activities increased \$7,227,039. The City of Greenville uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Greenville's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Greenville is able to report positive balances in both governmental and business-type net assets for the City as a whole. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year as detailed in the changes in net assets.

City of Greenville's Changes in Net Assets Figure 3

		Governmen	tal /	Activities		Business-type Activities			Total			
	_	2005		2004		2005		2004		2005		2004
Revenues:	- 27								-			
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	11,118,553	\$	9,683,750	\$	196,119,806	\$	185,286,638	\$	207,238,359	\$	194,970,388
Operating grants and contributions		3,772,002		3,563,789		907,569		569,464		4,679,571		4,133,253
Capital grants and contributions		2,770,119		3,085,547		3,111,712		372,479		5,881,831		3,458,026
General revenues:												
Ad valorem taxes		21,439,499		18,624,227		14E		_		21,439,499		18,624,227
Other taxes		12,483,571		11,307,239		:;≩:		21		12,483,571		11,307,239
Unrestricted grants		3,984,691		3,831,583		: # :		-23		3,984,691		3,831,583
Other	75-	963,576		944,962	-	1,340,886		2,927,498		2,304,462		3,872,460
Total revenues		56,532,011	_	51,041,097	_	201,479,973	_	189,156,079		258,011,984		240,197,176
Expenses:												
General government		13,023,132		12,750,156		()		(#)		13,023,132		12,750,156
Public safety		23,705,503		21,925,112		0.00				23,705,503		21,925,112
Transportation		2,897,180		3,543,250		i.e.		æ/		2,897,180		3,543,250
Environmental protection		3,568,229		3,290,175		-				3,568,229		3,290,175
Cultural and recreational		6,626,456		7,698,538						6,626,456		7,698,538
Economic and physical development		1,932,449		2,125,394						1,932,449		2,125,394
Interest and fees		1,697,571		1,167,884				-		1,697,571		1,167,884
Electric		9				133,698,493		130,598,165		133,698,493		130,598,165
Water				-		12,302,339		10,018,739		12,302,339		10,018,739
Sewer		2		2		10,931,404		10,233,064		10,931,404		10,233,064
Gas		≅		2:		28,357,571		22,751,802		28,357,571		22,751,802
Public transportation		14		2		1,000,510		918,688		1,000,510		918,688
Acquatics and fitness center				21		536,944		547,644		536,944		547,644
Bradford Creek Golf Course		·		2.		824,892		791,296		824,892		791,296
Stormwater utility						1,546,314		1,277,002		1,546,314		1,277,002
Total expenses		53,450,520	_	52,500,509	_	189,198,467	_	177,136,400	_	242,648,987	_	229,636,909
Increase in net assets before transfers		3,081,491		(1,459,412)		12,281,506		12,019,679		15,362,997		10,560,267
Transfers		4,145,548		4,601,320		(4,145,548)		(4,601,320)				
Increase in net assets	_	7,227,039		3,141,908	_	8,135,958	_	7,418,359	_	15,362,997	_	10,560,267
Net assets, July 1		71,175,185		68,033,277		240,058,585		232,640,226		311,233,770		300,673,503
Prior period adjustment		5,391,861		, -,·		,, -		,,		5,391,861		,,
Net assets, July 1, restated	-	76,567,046		68,033,277	_	240,058,585		232,640,226	-	316,625,631		300,673,503
rice assets, sury 1, restated	-	70,507,040		00,033,211	=	270,030,303	_	232,040,220		310,023,031		300,073,303
Net assets, June 30	\$	83,794,085	<u>\$</u>	71,175,185	\$_	248,194,543	\$_	240,058,585	<u>\$</u>	331,988,628	\$	311,233,770

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$7,227,039. Of total net assets, governmental activities accounted for \$83,794,085 (25%). The growth in overall city revenues, particularly property and sales tax, were key elements of the increase.

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Greenville's net assets by \$8,135,958 accounting for 53% of the total growth in the government's net assets.

The assets of the Greenville Utilities Commission (Commission) exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$248,194,543 (net assets). Of this amount \$50,193,824 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to its customers and creditors.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Greenville uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Greenville's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Greenville's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Greenville. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$16,772,581, while total fund balance reached \$26,521,729. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 35% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 55% of that same amount. At June 30, 2005, the governmental funds of City of Greenville reported a combined fund balance of \$46,850,910, a 49% increase over last year. The changes in fund balance are detailed in the notes to the financial statements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenues by \$786,988.

Revenues were greater than the budgeted amounts primarily due to Property and Sales taxes. Additionally, inspection fees were on the rise because of new construction.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Greenville's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Greenville's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Greenville's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2005, totals \$363,646,524 (net of accumulated depreciation). At June 30, 2005, the City of Greenville is obligated for \$27,876,389 in construction contract commitments. Of this amount, \$27,831,047 is related to water, sewer, and wastewater construction contracts. The remaining contract commitments are for major road projects, parks, a convention center, and flood recovery related projects. These commitments are fully budgeted. No major demolitions were recorded during the year.

City of Greenville's Capital Assets Figure 4

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004		
Land	\$ 35,018,978	\$ 34,636,309	\$ 6,126,639	\$ 5,743,576	\$ 41,145,617	\$ 40,379,885		
Construction in progress	7,152,914	1,557,304	27,876,389	30,030,319	35,029,303	31,587,623		
Buildings	31,582,722	31,037,467	101,871,926	91,017,892	133,454,648	122,055,359		
Improvements other than buildings	4,430,476	3,151,188	619,427	625,639	5,049,903	3,776,827		
Infrastructure	6,328,027	4,961,148	-	-	6,328,027	4,961,148		
Machinery and equipment	26,790,331	25,761,653	3,384,586	2,992,703	30,174,917	28,754,356		
Land rights	-	-	368,768	368,768	368,768	368,768		
Furniture and office equipment	-	-	6,909,706	4,741,644	6,909,706	4,741,644		
Vehicles and equipment	-	-	15,262,841	14,612,217	15,262,841	14,612,217		
Distribution systems	~	-	270,708,355	258,193,784	270,708,355	258,193,784		
Transmission systems			20,004,542	19,942,745	20,004,542	19,942,745		
Subtotal	111,303,448	101,105,069	453,133,179	428,269,287	564,436,627	529,374,356		
Accumulated depreciation	(31,734,750)	_(29,206,825)	(169,055,352)	(155,239,278)	(200,790,102)	(184,446,103)		
Capital assets, net	\$ 79,568,698	<u>\$ 71,898,244</u>	\$ 284,077,827	\$ 273,030,009	\$ 363,646,525	\$ 344,928,253		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes on pages in note 3A of this report.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2005, the City of Greenville had total debt outstanding of \$132,711,553. Of this, \$13,690,000 is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds) or building (i.e. certificates of participation) and equipment (i.e. installment purchase contracts and loans).

City of Greenville's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds Figure 5

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
General Obligation Bonds State Revolving Loan, Lease	\$ 6,805,000	\$ 7,455,000	\$ 6,885,000	\$ 8,090,000	\$ 13,690,000	\$ 15,545,000
Purchases & COPS	28,662,170	12,973,097	19,607,857	19,243,585	48,270,027	32,216,682
Revenue Bonds	5,905,000	6,160,000	64,846,526	69,218,591	70,751,526	75,378,591
Total	\$ 41,372,170	\$ 26,588,097	\$ 91,339,383	\$ 96,552,176	\$ 132,711,553	\$ 123,140,273

Total debt increased by \$9,571,280 (7.8%) during the current fiscal year. The issuance of approximately \$16 million of COPS and approximately \$3.7 million of other types of debt (including installment purchase contracts) attributes to this increase.

Currently, the City's bond rating is AA by Standard and Poor's and Aa by Moody's. The City's bond rating was upgraded during the fall of 2004 by Standard and Poor's from AA- to AA. The City of Greenville is one of few cities in eastern North Carolina that maintains this high financial rating from both major rating agencies. This achievement is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the City's outstanding debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for City of Greenville is \$256,946,026.

Additional information regarding the City of Greenville's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements in note 3B of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth of the City.

• The United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, and the North Carolina Office of State Planning has recorded the population of the City to be as follows:

<u>1980</u>	<u>1990</u>	2005
35,740	46,305	67,525

- Growth in assessed values. The assessed valuation of property for fiscal year 2004-2005 was \$3,808,808,941 up approximately \$715.3 million from the previous year. A significant portion of the increase in property taxes is attributed to the increase in new construction and renovations.
- Sales tax growth. Even with the local and national economy suffering, sales tax growth continues to be more than national and state averages for Greenville. Greenville's average growth was approximately 10%.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2006

Governmental Activities: Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to increase to \$61,281,745. This amount represents a 10% increase over the original budget adopted for the prior fiscal year. The projected increases in both property and sales tax are a reflection of the continuing growth in the local economy.

Business – **type Activities:** Operating revenues for all of the utility funds for the year ended June 30, 2005 totaled \$190,645,680 compared to \$182,892,688 for the preceding year, an increase of \$7,752,992. The total growth as measured by the increase in retail customers was 4%.

The Commission will include rate increases of 5% for water. The electric rates will also increase due to a 5.2% electric fuel adjustment increase and a 1% wholesale increase levied by the supplier. The increases are necessary to fund system expansion and improvement projects and to insure the long-term viability of the funds. Operating expenses are expected to increase by 6.3% to cover increased personnel costs, system maintenance, debt service, general operations, and purchased commodities.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Financial Services, City of Greenville, 201 Martin Luther King, Jr., Dr., Greenville, NC 27834.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2005

	G	overnmental Activities		Business Type Activities	Total		
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,741,885	\$	49,924,256	\$	97,666,141	
Taxes and licenses receivable, net		1,039,305		=		1,039,305	
Accounts receivable, net		1,784,288		18,804,523		20,588,811	
Interest receivable		3,499		*		3,499	
Loans receivable		462,310		2		462,310	
Due from other governments		2,513,360		1,626,011		4,139,371	
Inventories		94,941		3,406,070		3,501,011	
Prepaid items and deposits		603,694		70,544		674,238	
Internal balances		227,484		(227,484)		-	
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		ě		4,640,544		4,640,544	
Land, improvements and construction in progress		42,171,892		34,003,028		76,174,920	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		37,396,805		250,074,799		287,471,604	
Total assets	\$	134,039,463	\$	362,322,291	\$	496,361,754	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	3,474,992	\$	16,950,630	\$	20,425,622	
Customer deposits				2,321,635		2,321,635	
Accrued interest payable		\$		1,411,098		1,411,098	
Due to other governments		5		64,691		64,691	
Other liabilities		524,445		2		524,445	
Unearned revenue		1,307,225		1,246,402		2,553,627	
Current portion of long-term debt		4,436,903		8,549,211		12,986,114	
Long-Term Liabilities:							
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	-	40,501,813		83,584,081	_	124,085,894	
Total liabilities	·	50,245,378	7 <u></u> -	114,127,748	_	164,373,126	
Net Assets:							
Investments in capital assets, net of related debt		38,196,527		198,000,719		236,197,246	
Restricted for streets		1,243,003		8		1,243,003	
Unrestricted	-	44,354,555		50,193,824		94,548,379	
Total net assets	\$	83,794,085	\$	248,194,543	\$	331,988,628	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	: -	Program Revenues									
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions					
Primary Government:											
Governmental Activities:											
General government	\$	13,023,132	\$	3,327,635	\$ 468,924	\$ -					
Public safety		23,705,503		2,518,094	424,462	g					
Transportation		2,897,180		160,671	127,197	2,556,579					
Environmental protection		3,568,229		3,880,096	5	-					
Cultural and recreational		6,626,456		876,154	781,368	34,286					
Economic and physical development		1,932,449		355,903	1,970,051	179,254					
Interest and fees		1,697,571									
Total governmental activities	<u></u>	53,450,520		11,118,553	3,772,002	2,770,119					
Business-Type Activities:											
Electric		133,698,493		138,528,124	ž.	-					
Water		12,302,339		10,298,001	(- -	1,061,144					
Sewer		10,931,404		12,205,689	.0 ≘ 2	2,050,568					
Gas		28,357,571		30,896,530	(3€)						
Public transportation		1,000,510		113,630	907,569						
Aquatics and fitness center		536,944		523,252	021	· ·					
Bradford Creek Golf Course		824,892		885,649	-						
Stormwater utility	n	1,546,314		2,668,931	- 05	;; - 2					
Total business-type activities		189,198,467	,	196,119,806	907,569	3,111,712					
Total primary government	\$	242,648,987	\$	207,238,359	\$ 4,679,571	\$ 5,881,831					

General Revenues:

Ad valorem taxes

Sales and use taxes

Other taxes

Unrestricted grants

Investment earnings

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Prior period adjustment

Net assets - beginning, restated

Net assets - ending

Exhibit B

Net (Expense) Revenue and

Changes in Net Assets

_	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	oe Total				
c	(0.227, 572)	Φ.		•	(0.00 (550)			
\$	(9,226,573)	3	-	\$	(9,226,573)			
	(20,762,947)		-		(20,762,947)			
	(52,733)		-		(52,733)			
	311,867		-		311,867			
	(4,934,648)		₹		(4,934,648)			
	572,759		•		572,759			
	(1,697,571)	2			(1,697,571)			
_	(35,789,846)	_		_	(35,789,846)			
			4,829,631		4,829,631			
	-		(943,194)		(943,194)			
	(≦:		3,324,853		3,324,853			
	-		2,538,959		2,538,959			
			20,689		20,689			
	(= 0		(13,692)		(13,692)			
	•		60,757		60,757			
	-	_	1,122,617		1,122,617			
		_	10,940,620		10,940,620			
	(35,789,846)	_	10,940,620		(24,849,226)			
	21,439,499		<u>.</u>		21,439,499			
	11,414,678		2		11,414,678			
	1,068,893		-		1,068,893			
	3,984,691		5		3,984,691			
	963,576		1,340,886		2,304,462			
	4,145,548		(4,145,548)		-			
	43,016,885	_	(2,804,662)	_	40,212,223			
	7,227,039		8,135,958		15,362,997			
	71,175,185		240,058,585		311,233,770			
	5,391,861	_	<u> </u>		5,391,861			
	76,567,046	_	240,058,585		316,625,631			
\$	83,794,085	\$	248,194,543	\$	331,988,628			

${\bf BALANCE~SHEET~-~GOVERNMENTAL~FUNDS}$ ${\bf FOR~THE~YEAR~ENDED~JUNE~30,~2005}$

		General	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
Assets:	· ·					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,939,154	\$	21,734,013	\$	47,673,167
Taxes and licenses receivable, net		1,039,305				1,039,305
Accounts receivable, net		1,783,394		894		1,784,288
Interest receivable				3,499		3,499
Loans receivable		:4:		462,310		462,310
Due from other funds		1,823,552		1,580		1,825,132
Due from other governments		2,393,988		119,372		2,513,360
Inventories		94,941		2		94,941
Prepaid items and deposits		550,688	-	53,006		603,694
Total assets	\$	33,625,022	\$	22,374,674	\$	55,999,696
Liabilities and Fund Balances:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	3,426,492	S	48,500	\$	3,474,992
Due to other funds		37,580		1,528,274		1,565,854
Other liabilities		524,445		-		524,445
Deferred revenue		3,114,776		468,719		3,583,495
Total liabilities	÷	7,103,293		2,045,493	_	9,148,786
Fund Balances:						
Reserved by State Statute		5,232,688		29,629		5,262,317
Reserved for encumbrances		2,627,828		*		2,627,828
Reserved for prepaid items and inventories		645,629		53,006		698,635
Reserved for Streets - Powell Bill		1,243,003		-		1,243,003
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures		681,255				681,255
Designated for future catastrophic losses		2,927,187		2		2,927,187
Unreserved, undesignated fund balance		13,164,139		-		13,164,139
Unreserved Fund Balance Reported In:						
Special revenue		9		7,158,464		7,158,464
Debt service		•		1,313,208		1,313,208
Capital projects				11,774,874		11,774,874
Total fund balance	-	26,521,729		20,329,181	-	46,850,910
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	33,625,022	\$	22,374,674		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the stat	ement of ne	t assets are diff	erent	because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financi						79,568,698
Deferred revenues in the governmental funds are used to off	set accounts	receivable not e	xpecte	d to be available		
within 60 days of year end. These receivables are a component				net assets		2,276,270
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal se			sts to			
governmental activities in the statement of net assets.						36,923
Long-term liabilities, compensated absences, and unfunded μ	ension oblig	gation are not du	e and p	payable in the		
current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.						(44,938,716)
Net assets of governmental activities					\$	83,794,085

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	-	General		Other Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	21,324,960	\$	-	\$	21,324,960
Other taxes		11,935,887		547,684		12,483,571
Unrestricted intergovernmental		3,984,691		:#2		3,984,691
Restricted intergovernmental		3,052,463		3,489,658		6,542,121
Licenses, permits and fees		7,199,177		*		7,199,177
Sales and services		3,825,211		226,248		4,051,459
Investment earnings		596,187		366,291		962,478
Other revenues	_	244,074	Ξ	379,438	-	623,512
Total revenues	_	52,162,650	_	5,009,319	_	57,171,969
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		13,022,131		-		13,022,131
Public safety		23,762,881				23,762,881
Transportation		3,464,672		æ		3,464,672
Environmental protection		3,367,407		*		3,367,407
Cultural and recreational		4,387,478		1,741,625		6,129,103
Economic and physical development		-		1,932,449		1,932,449
Capital outlay		*		7,978,570		7,978,570
Debt Service:						
Principal retirement		-		3,611,981		3,611,981
Interest and fees	-		_	1,697,571	_	1,697,571
Total expenditures		48,004,569	_	16,962,196	_	64,966,765
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		4,158,081		(11,952,877)		(7,794,796)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from other funds		4,521,111		8,627,080		13,148,191
Transfers to other funds		(8,206,549)		(796,093)		(9,002,642)
Long term debt issued		2,411,054	_	15,985,000	_	18,396,054
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,274,384)	_	23,815,987	_	22,541,603
Net change in fund balances		2,883,697		11,863,110		14,746,807
Fund balances, beginning of year		23,031,474		8,466,071		31,497,545
Prior period adjustment		606,558			_	606,558
Fund balances, beginning of year - restated		23,638,032	_	8,466,071	_	32,104,103
Fund balances, end of year	\$	26,521,729	\$	20,329,181	<u>\$</u> _	46,850,910

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	14,746,807
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund statement. However, in the statement of activities, capital outlay is not an expense, rather it is an increase in capital assets		11,159,082
Depreciation expense allocates the costs of capital assets over their useful lives. It is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental fund statements.		(2,538,443)
There are differences in the revenues in the statement of activities and revenues in the funds for: Property tax Sales and services and other revenues		114,539 (121,592)
Expenses related to compensated absences and law enforcement officer's separation allowance that do not require current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund statement.		(386,510)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt are reported as revenues in the governmental fund statement. However, in the statement of activities, it is not a revenue, rather it is an increase in liabilities.		(18,396,054)
Principal repayments on long-term debt are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund statement. However, in the statement of activities, these transactions are not an expense, rather they are a decrease in liabilities.		3,611,981
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets is reported in the statement of activities but not the fund statements		(971,221)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of dental insurance costs. The net revenue of the internal service fund is determined to be governmental-type.	-	8,450
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	7,227,039

GENERAL FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2005

	General Fund							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Vinal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Φ.	01.10(.000	ф	01.141.000	Φ.	21.221.060		
Ad valorem taxes	\$	21,136,302	\$	21,141,302	2	21,324,960	\$	183,658
Other taxes Unrestricted intergovernmental		10,986,967 3,952,694		10,986,967 3,952,694		11,935,887 3,984,691		948,920
Restricted intergovernmental		2,570,188		3,932,094		3,052,463		31,997 (193,010)
Licenses, permits and fees		6,663,558		6,663,558		7,199,177		535,619
Sales and services		2,883,703		2,956,406		3,825,211		868,805
Investment earnings		119,662		119,662		596,187		476,525
Other revenues		118,796		152,796		244,074		91,278
Total revenues	: 5	48,431,870		49,218,858		52,162,650		2,943,792
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		13,995,129		14,957,422		13,022,131		1,935,291
Public safety		24,050,979		26,021,115		23,762,881		2,258,234
Transportation		4,015,624		5,031,756		3,464,672		1,567,084
Environmental protection		3,462,348		3,577,656		3,367,407		210,249
Cultural and recreational	·	4,062,295	-	4,522,950	-	4,387,478		135,472
Total expenditures	-	49,586,375		54,110,899		48,004,569	_	6,106,330
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,154,505)		(4,892,041)		4,158,081		9,050,122
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers from other funds		4,669,035		4,745,747		4,521,111		(224,636)
Transfers to other funds		(5,947,917)		(8,283,812)		(8,206,549)		77,263
Issuance of long-term debt		1,893,054		2,411,054		2,411,054		-
Contingency		(100,000)		(250,107)		×		250,107
Appropriated fund balance	_	640,333		6,269,159	-			(6,269,159)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	1,154,505	_	4,892,041	-	(1,274,384)		(6,166,425)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	Ф		Ф			0.000.000	Δ.	0.000 (0.7
and other uses	\$		\$	-	_	2,883,697	<u>\$</u>	2,883,697
Fund balances, beginning of year Prior period adjustment					<u>u-</u>	23,031,474		
Fund balances, beginning of year - restated						23,638,032		
Fund balances, end of year					\$	26,521,729		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

		Electric Fund		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Gas Fund
Assets:					-		-	
Current Assets;								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,493,665	\$	795,950	\$	2,217,695	\$	1,181,819
Investments	1.20	23,814,378	*	1,996,345		5,563,568	*	2,963,844
Accounts receivable, net		14,888,894		1,138,105		1,183,835		1,570,514
Due from other governments		596,515		82,196		119,704		33,057
Due from other funds			į.	-,		,		33,037
Inventories		2,433,540		457,753		88,477		412,103
Prepaid items and deposits		50,236		4,077		4,618		10,751
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		592,479		1,813,844		1,552,581		681,640
Total current assets	_	51,869,707	_	6,288,270	_	10,730,478	_	6,853,728
Noncurrent Assets:								
Capital assets, net		67,336,643		71,123,062		82,235,417		26,814,723
Land improvements and								, ,
construction in progress		2,176,872		9,029,651		19,830,151		299,164
Total noncurrent assets	-	69,513,515	_	80,152,713		102,065,568		27,113,887
Total assets	\$	121,383,222	\$	86,440,983	\$	112,796,046	\$	33,967,615
Liabilities and Net Assets:								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	12,157,311	\$	2,120,425	\$	1,308,121	\$	1,173,694
Customer deposits		1,971,505		191,904		200	-	158,026
Accrued interest payable		186,623		430,001		632,854		161,620
Due to other governments		40,306		12,802		4,267		7,316
Due to other funds		194,124		28		28		56
Deferred revenue						814,680		-
Current maturities of long-term debt		1,799,338		2,001,804		3,548,571		973,932
Total current liabilities	3	16,349,207		4,756,964	-	6,308,721		2,474,644
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Compensated absences payable		90,439		113,775		35,631		6,213
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt		12,559,221		26,147,164		32,848,625		10,532,478
Total noncurrent liabilities		12,649,660		26,260,939		32,884,256		10,538,691
Total liabilities		28,998,867		31,017,903		20 102 077		12.012.225
10th natifices		20,990,007		31,017,903		39,192,977		13,013,335
Net Assets:								
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		56,270,435		54,101,589		67,342,953		16,460,117
Unrestricted net assets		36,113,920		1,321,491	_	6,260,116	_	4,494,163
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	92,384,355	\$	55,423,080	\$	73,603,069	\$	20,954,280

Exhibit G

	Other Nonmajor Enterprise		Total Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Fund
\$	1,896,992	\$	15,586,121	\$	68,718
	-		34,338,135		-
	23,175		18,804,523		
	794,539		1,626,011		2"
	257,372		257,372		-
	14,197		3,406,070		
	862		70,544		= :
_		-	4,640,544		
-	2,987,137	-	78,729,320	_	68,718
	2,564,954		250,074,799		٥
	2,667,190		34,003,028		
	5,232,144	_	284,077,827	_	
	3,232,177	_	204,077,027		
\$	8,219,281	\$	362,807,147	\$	68,718
\$	191,079 - 290,620 431,722 225,566 1,138,987	\$	16,950,630 2,321,635 1,411,098 64,691 484,856 1,246,402 8,549,211 31,028,523	S	31,795
	69,582		315,640		
	1,180,953		83,268,441		3/27
	1,250,535	_	83,584,081		
	1,230,333		63,364,001		
	2,389,522		114,612,604	-	31,795
	3,825,625		198,000,719		
-	2,004,134	_	50,193,824	_	36,923
\$	5,829,759	<u>s</u>	248,194,543	\$	36,923

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		Electric Fund		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Gas Fund
Operating Revenues:	-							
Charges for services	\$	137,423,279	\$	10,096,364	\$	11,322,873	\$	30,780,735
Other operating revenues		348,077		174,868		435,613		63,871
Total operating revenue		137,771,356		10,271,232		11,758,486	_	30,844,606
Operating Expenses:								
Administrative and general		8,468,237		3,552,576		2,140,219		2,271,815
Operations and maintenance		7,979,471		4,697,344		4,596,798		2,402,812
Claims				*				
Purchased power and gas		109,759,837		-		-		21,791,351
Depreciation and amortization		6,837,344		2,698,370		3,189,386		1,334,527
Total operating expenses	8	133,044,889	_	10,948,290	_	9,926,403	-	27,800,505
Operating income (loss)		4,726,467		(677,058)		1,832,083		3,044,101
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):								
Investment earnings		802,161		194,583		272,891		59,939
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		*		*		×		;=
Other revenue		756,768		26,769		447,203		51,924
Interest expense		(653,604)		(1,354,049)		(1,005,001)		(557,066)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	:	905,325	_	(1,132,697)	·	(284,907)		(445,203)
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions		5,631,792		(1,809,755)		1,547,176		2,598,898
Transfers In (Out) and Capital Contributions:								
Transfers from other funds		-		÷		×		~
Transfer to other funds		(3,727,337)		-		2		(856,349)
Capital contributions	-		_	1,061,144		2,050,568		
Change in net assets		1,904,455		(748,611)		3,597,744		1,742,549
Net Assets:								
Beginning of year - July 1st		90,479,900		56,171,691	_	70,005,325		19,211,731
End of year - June 30th	\$	92,384,355	\$	55,423,080	\$	73,603,069	\$	20,954,280

Exhibit H

	Other Nonmajor Enterprise		Total Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Fund
d	4.000.444				
\$	4,202,444	\$	193,825,695	\$	337,217
	(10,982)	_	1,011,447	-	
	4,191,462	_	194,837,142		337,217
	39,527		16,472,374		
	3,474,991		23,151,416		-
	: T		:-		329,865
			131,551,188		:
	348,929		14,408,556		14
	3,863,447		185,583,534	_	329,865
	328,015		9,253,608		7,352
	11,312		1,340,886		1,098
	907,569		907,569		64.0
	*		1,282,664		-
	(45,213)		(3,614,933)		
	873,668	_	(83,814)		1,098
	1,201,683		9,169,794		8,450
	438,138		438,138		
	000		(4,583,686)		2
		_	3,111,712	_	
	1,639,821		8,135,958		8,450
	4,189,938		240,058,585		28,473
\$	5,829,759	\$	248,194,543	\$	36,923

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Electric Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Gas Fund
Operating Activities:	************* *			
Cash received from customers	\$ 137,724,598	\$ 10,180,441	\$ 11,582,645	\$ 30,533,471
Other operating receipts	(679,104)	282,068	196,281	144,809
Cash paid to vendors	(117,881,489)	(4,426,347)	(3,678,998)	(24,084,193)
Cash paid to employees	(7,376,419)	(3,890,613)	(2,711,213)	(2,489,726)
Other operating payments	566,898	26,797	16,793	16,980
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	12,354,484	2,172,346	5,405,508	4,121,341
Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Transfer from (to) other funds	(3,727,337)	-	-	(856,349)
Change in due from other funds	*		724	(000,515)
Noncapital contributions	-	_	430,438	35,000
Net cash provided by (used) noncapital financing activities	(3,727,337)		430,438	(821,349)
Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(7,366,343)	(5,262,304)	(7.025.714)	(2.0(2.970)
Capital grants	50,000	(3,202,304)	(7,025,714)	(2,062,870)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	30,000		1,146,129	(*)
Principal repayments of long-term debt	(1,219,891)	(1,623,083)	(2,589,551)	(777 642)
Interest and other debt related expenses	(653,604)	(1,354,049)		(777,643)
Net cash provided by (used) capital and related financing activities	(9,189,838)	(8,239,436)	(1,005,001) (9,474,137)	(557,066)
Investing Activities:				
Purchase of investments	(3,990,454)	(047.701)	(1.200.055)	(426,001)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments	(568,327)	(947,701)	(1,289,855)	(426,991)
Unrealized investment gain (loss)	270,856	3,567,456 21,275	1,975,237	(481,721)
Interest received on investments	802,161	194,583	62,685	34,261
Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities	(3,485,764)	2,835,613	1,020,958	59,939 (814,512)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents/investments	(4,048,455)	(3,231,477)	(2,617,233)	(912,099)
Cash and Cash Equivalents/Investments				
Beginning of year - July 1st	14,134,599	5,841,271	6,387,509	2,775,558
End of year - June 30th	\$ 10,086,144	\$ 2,609,794	\$ 3,770,276	\$ 1,863,459

Exhibit I Page 1 of 2

	Other Nonmajor Enterprise	Total Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Fund
\$	4,598,685	\$ 194,619,840	\$	335,039
		(55,946)		
	(1,084,278)	(151,155,305)		(329,865)
	(2,372,608)	(18,840,579)		*
-		627,468		
_	1,141,799	25,195,478	_	5,174
	438,138	(4,145,548)		
	(437,549)	(437,549)		*:
		465,438	_	
_	589	(4,117,659)	_	
	(655,077)	(22,372,308)		<u> </u>
	279,184	329,184		2
	145,000	1,291,129		2
	(68,432)	(6,278,600)		2
_	(45,213)	(3,614,933)	_	
_	(344,538)	(30,645,528)	_	-
	*	(6,655,001)		1,098
	*	4,492,645		: +3
	*	389,077		7.0
	11,312	1,340,886	_	
	11,312	(432,393)	_	1,098
	809,162	(10,000,102)		6,272
	1,087,830	30,226,767	_	62,446
\$	1,896,992	\$ 20,226,665	\$	68,718

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	8=	Electric Fund		Water Fund		Sewer Fund	ş	Gas Fund
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash								
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	4,726,467	\$	(677,058)	\$	1,832,083	\$	3,044,101
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to								
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:								
Depreciation		6,837,344		2,698,370		3,189,386		1,334,527
Miscellaneous income (expense) adjustments		706,768		26,769		16,765		16,924
Change in Assets and Liabilities:								
Accounts receivable		(117,000)		(99,609)		(99,462)		(345,174)
Due from other governments		(140,235)		8,638		(33,719)		9,937
Due from other funds		13,352		-		-		
Intrafund balances		(643,507)		261,728		234,713		147,066
Inventories		(229,275)		(15,907)		(25,247)		(48,202)
Prepaid expense and deposits		(30,776)		(2,861)		(3,402)		(6,443)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,168,436		(90,346)		350,779		(66,987)
Customer deposits		161,528		20,519		125		21,845
Due to other funds		(139,869)		28		28		56
Compensated absences		41,251		42,075		24,677		13,691
Deferred revenues			-		=	(81,218)	_	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$</u>	12,354,484	\$	2,172,346	\$	5,405,508	\$	4,121,341
Other Disclosures:								
Interest incurred	\$	632,200	\$	1,370,408	\$	1,297,430	\$	546,549
Interest paid		647,146		1,390,853		1,068,614		555,857
Interest capitalized	-			32,056	_	338,338	_	
Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities:								
Contributions of capital assets	\$		\$	1,061,144	\$	2,050,568	<u>\$</u>	~

Exhibit I
Page 2 of 2
(continued)

Other Nonmajor			Total Enterprise	Internal Service			
	Interprise_	_	Funds		Fund		
\$	328,015	\$	9,253,608		7,352		
	348,929		14,408,556				
	33,915		801,141		:*:		
	388,784		(272,461)		(2,178)		
	· •		(155,379)				
	2		13,352				
	74		-		12		
	(5)		(318,636)		4.		
	(612)		(44,094)		-		
	36,593		1,398,475				
	(46,000)		158,017				
	.*		(139,757)				
	263		121,957				
-	51,917		(29,301)	-	-		
\$	1,141,799	\$	25,195,478	\$	5,174		
s		\$	3,846,587	S			
			3,662,470		(4)		
_		_	370,394	=			
\$	_	\$	3,111,712	\$	-		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Greenville, North Carolina (the "City"), is located in the coastal plains area of the State and has a population of 67,525. The City, as authorized by its charter, operates its own police and fire departments, provides sanitation and street maintenance services, manages a transit system and maintains public parks and recreation facilities among other services for the citizens. In addition, the City provides electric, water, sewer, and gas utilities for the incorporated area through the Greenville Utilities Commission (the "Commission"), which is not a separate legal entity.

The accounting policies of the City of Greenville, North Carolina, conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Greenville is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a six-member council. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the City's financial statements include the operations of all funds, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the City is financially accountable. The City has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities report information about the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, state shared revenues, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for police, fire, public works, parks and recreation, and general government services.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Electric Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of providing power to residents.

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of providing water to residents.

Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of providing sewer services to residents.

Gas Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of providing natural gas to residents.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The special revenue funds account for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts and agency funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The City maintains six Special Revenue Funds: the Community Development Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, Community Development Home, Sheppard Memorial Library, Housing Trust Fund and Small Business Loan.

Capital Projects Funds – The Capital Project Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). The City has fifteen Capital Project Funds covering various construction projects: Cemetery Development, Fire Tower, Moye-Hooker Road, Affordable Housing, Storm Drainage, Convention Center, Southside Recreation Center, Computerized Traffic Signal System, Recreation & Parks and Public Works FEMA Project, Greene Street Bridge & Streetscape Improvements, Greenway Phase II, Oxford Road Bridge Replacement, City Hall Facility, Flood Buyout Relocation & Replacement, and 2005 COPS Various City Projects.

Internal Service Funds – Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City of Greenville has one internal service fund, the Joint Dental Reimbursement Fund, which is used to account for the financing of the City's dental insurance program.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues, therefore, all taxes are reported as general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish between operating revenues/expenses and nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of January 1, 1993, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, Pitt County is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the City of Greenville. For motor vehicles registered under the staggered system, property taxes are due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they become due. Therefore, the City's vehicle taxes for vehicles registered in Pitt County from March 2004 through February 2005 apply to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. Uncollected taxes that were billed during this period are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues. For vehicles registered under the annual system,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

taxes are due on May 1 of each year. For those vehicles registered and billed under the annual system, uncollected taxes are reported as a receivable on the financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues because the due date and the date upon which interest begins to accrue passed prior to June 30. The taxes for vehicles registered annually that have already been collected as of year-end are also reflected as deferred revenues at June 30, 2005, because they are intended to finance the City's operations during the 2006 fiscal year.

Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally, they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and the by general revenues.

As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the City has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not contradict GASB pronouncements in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations.

D. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

As required by the North Carolina Budget and Fiscal Control Act, the City Council adopts an annual budget ordinance for all governmental and proprietary fund types except funds authorized by project ordinance. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All capital project funds and four of the six special revenue funds are budgeted under project ordinances spanning more than one fiscal year. All budget ordinances are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting as required by the Act.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them.
- 2) Public hearings are conducted by the City to obtain citizen comments.
- 3) Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. During the year ended June 30, 2005, several amendments to the original budget were necessary.
- 4) The City Manager is authorized to transfer funds from one appropriation to another within any fund in an amount not to exceed \$10,000. Any such transfers shall be reported to the City Council at its next regular meeting and shall be entered in the minutes. Any revisions to transfer budgeted amounts over \$10,000 or that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council before being recorded.
- 5) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds of the City except the Sheppard Memorial Library Trust fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Budgetary amounts are presented as originally adopted, or as amended in accordance with the procedures enumerated above, as of June 30, 2005. The annual budget ordinance creates appropriations, by fund, at the subdepartmental levels of personnel, operating and capital, with the exception of debt service. The debt service fund budget ordinance creates appropriations at the subdepartmental level of principal, interest, and service charges. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the subdepartmental level for all annually budgeted funds.

Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

Encumbrances

As required by North Carolina General Statutes, the City maintains encumbrance accounts under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in the governmental funds in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end represent the estimated amounts for the expenditures ultimately to result if unperformed contracts in process at year-end are completed. Open encumbrances at the end of the year are reported as reservations of fund balances. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The City may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The City's investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

3. Restricted Assets

The City issues general obligation and revenue bonds for capital projects. The amount of unspent bond proceeds is shown as a restricted asset. This is because the use of the proceeds is completely restricted to the purpose for which the bonds were originally issued. Revenue bond proceeds are placed with a trustee for safekeeping and dispersion as needed.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

For the fund financial statements, ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue, except for collections received in the first 60 days after year-end, because they are not considered to be both "measurable and available." The amount of the receivable is reduced by an allowance for doubtful accounts equal to the percent of the original levy which has normally been written off based upon past experience. An amount equal to the net receivable less amounts collected in the first sixty days after year-end is shown as deferred revenue. In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes 105-347 and 159-13(a), the City levies ad valorem taxes on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due September 1; however, interest and penalties do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1. Uncollected taxes receivable are written off at the end of ten years in accordance with North Carolina General Statutes.

5. Utility Service Revenues - Unbilled Usage

An estimated amount has been recorded for utility services provided but not billed as of the end of the year, and is included in accounts receivable, net of uncollectible amounts.

6. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

An allowance for doubtful accounts is maintained for ad valorem taxes receivable and rescue fees receivable, which historically experience uncollectible accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is also maintained for enterprise fund customer receivables. All other receivables are generally collectible and any doubtful accounts are considered immaterial.

7. Inventories

Inventories consist of major items held for consumption by the governmental funds and for all enterprise fund supplies. Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Disbursements for inventory-type items of the City are considered to be expenditures at the time of use ("consumption method" of accounting). Supplies transferred to and consumed by the individual departments are considered a reduction of the inventory and an expenditure of the user department.

8. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

9. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The capitalization threshold for assets is \$3,000, with the exception of Greenville Utilities Commission for which the threshold is \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

All assets are depreciated using a method which approximates the straight-line method. Interest expense is capitalized on construction in progress to the extent that it exceeds income.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Land improvements10 yearsBuildings33 yearsEquipment3 to 20 yearsDistribution systems20 to 50 years

The rate structure of the Public Transportation Fund is inadequate to generate sufficient revenues to cover the acquisition and future expansion of its property and equipment. It therefore must seek capital grants from federal, state, and local sources. The estimated useful lives of transportation fixed assets, which are depreciated using the straight-line method, are as follows:

Plant and structures

Buses

Furniture, fixtures, machinery and equipment

30 years

10 years

5 to 8 years

The Greenville Aquatics and Fitness Center Fund assets were purchased with Aquatics and Fitness Center Fund revenues. The assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 5-8 years.

The Bradford Creek Golf Course Fund assets were purchased through installment financing. The payments for this financing are being made utilizing the revenues of the Bradford Creek Golf Course Fund. The assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 5-8 years.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the City provides for the accumulation of earned vacation leave to full-time employees based upon the number of years of service with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and salary related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

The City's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. For business-type activities, the debt service requirements are being financed by the revenues of these funds. The full taxing power of the City is pledged to make payments if applicable fund revenues should be insufficient.

12. Deferred Revenue

In the fund financial statements, ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because they are not considered to be both "measurable and available." Ad valorem taxes receivable that are measurable but not available are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. In addition, property taxes collected in advance of the fiscal year to which they apply are also recorded as unearned revenue in the government-wide financial statements and deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. Certain receivables are also recorded as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements because they are not considered to be available at year-end. The City also records customer receivables for lot cleaning and demolition liens and prepaid licenses as deferred revenues. These items have not been accrued as revenues either because they are not considered to be "available" or because they have been collected in advance of the licensing period. Restricted grants that are received before qualifying expenditures are made are also recorded as deferred revenue.

13. Net Assets/Fund Balances

Net assets in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net assets represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

State law [G.S. 159-13(b)(16)] restricts appropriation of fund balance for the subsequent year's budget to an amount not to exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as those amounts stand at the close of the fiscal year preceding the budget year.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Reserved:

Reserved by State Statute - represents the portion of fund balance, in addition to reserves for encumbrances and reserves for inventories, which is not available for appropriation under State law [G.S. 159-8(a)]. This amount is usually comprised of accounts receivable and interfund receivables, which have not been offset by deferred revenues.

<u>Reserved for Encumbrances</u> – portion of fund balance available to pay for commitments related to purchase orders or contracts which remain unperformed at year-end.

Reserved for Prepaid Items and Inventories - represents the year-end fund balance of ending prepaid items and inventories, which are not expendable, available resources.

<u>Reserved for Streets – Powell Bill</u> – portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation but legally segregated for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Unreserved:

<u>Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures</u> – portion of the total fund balance available for appropriation that has been designated for the adopted 2005-2006 budget ordinance.

<u>Designated for Future Catastrophic Losses</u> - represents the fund balance not reserved and designated for future catastrophic losses related to the City's risk management programs.

<u>Undesignated</u> - represents the fund balance not reserved or appropriated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual funds:

The City has overextended its budget authority at the legal level of control as of June 30, 2005 as follows:

	Budget	Actual	<u>Variance</u>
General Fund:			
City Clerk - operating expenses	\$ 57,782	\$ 63,388	\$ (5,606)
City Attorney - salaries & benefits	286,175	287,263	(1,088)
City Attorney - operating expenses	27,480	27,800	(320)
Development - Long Range Planning - salaries & benefits	192,974	196,081	(3,107)
Police - operating expenses	1,582,788	1,665,712	(82,924)
Transportation - Administration - operating expenses	128,550	148,784	(20,234)
Streets - salaries & benefits	605,780	658,235	(52,455)
Airport - salaries & benefits	-	15,484	(15,484)
Sanitation - operating expenses	412,988	447,487	(34,499)
Recreation - capital	429,672	461,181	(31,509)
Parks - capital	104,562	177,916	(73,354)
Teen Center - operating expenses	14,658	16,261	(1,603)
Library - allotment	<u>-</u>	2,344	(2,344)
Sports Center - salaries & benefits	41,303	43,118	(1,815)
Sports Center - operating expenses	21,000	30,930	(9,930)
Aquatics and Fitness Center - operations & maintenance	490,584	513,542	(22,958)
Bradford Creek Golf Course:			
Operations and maintenance	671,655	705,614	(33,959)
Retirement of long-term debt	146,087	156,580	(10,493)
Interest expense	38,603	39,247	(644)
Public Transportation Fund:			
Administrative and general	22,267	39,527	(17,260)
Operations and maintenance	596,884	747,780	(150,896)
Retirement of long-term debt	-	11,280	(11,280)
Interest expense	380	771	(391)
Stormwater Fund:			
Retirement of long-term debt	50,682	57,152	(6,470)
Debt Service Fund:			
Principal retirement	3,475,515	3,611,981	(136,466)
Interest and fees	1,675,920		(21,651)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Deficit Fund Balance or Net Assets of Individual Funds:

The following individual funds had a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2005:

Special Revenue: Community Development Fund	\$ 6,803
Capital Projects:	0.6.710
Greene Street Bridge & Streetscape Improvements	\$ 36,719
Recreation & Parks and Public Works FEMA Project	\$ 100,976
Enterprise:	
Aquatic & Fitness Center	\$ 11,287

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the deposits of the City are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's agent in the City's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's agent in their name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the City under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase during periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2005, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (deposits managed by the City) was \$20,699,066 and the bank balance was \$21,095,162. Of the bank balance, \$1,070,435 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$20,024,727 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2005, the City had \$5,270 cash on hand.

At June 30, 2005, the carrying amount of the GUC's deposits (deposits managed by GUC) was \$12,538,066 and the bank balance was \$13,273,521. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$13,073,521 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2005, GUC had \$3,400 cash on hand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

2. Investments

At June 30, 2005, the investments and maturities of the City (investments managed by the City) were as follows:

			Less than 6)			**		
Investment Type		Fair Value_	months	_	6-12 Months	1-3	Years	3+ Years	
US Government Agencies NC Capital Management Trust - Cash	\$	475,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	475,000	\$	-
Portfolio	_	28,459,541	N/A	_	N/A	N/A		N/A	
Total	\$	28,934,541	\$	-	\$	\$	475,000	\$	_

At June 30, 2005, the investments and maturities of GUC (investments managed by GUC) were as follows:

			I	less than 6						
Investment Type		Fair Value		months	6-	12 Months		1-3 Years		3+ Years
US Government Agencies NC Capital Management Trust - Cash	\$	34,338,135	\$	9,484,396	\$	5,401,272	\$	17,969,287	\$	1,483,180
Portfolio	_	5,788,207	N/	Α	N/A	1	N/.	Α	N/	A
Total	\$	40,126,342	\$	9,484,396	\$	5,401,272	\$	17,969,287	\$	1,483,180

Interest Rate Risk. The City does not have a formal investment policy that specifically limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investment in commercial paper to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs); however, the City had no formal policy on specifically managing credit risk. The City's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Cash Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2005. The City's investments in US Government Agencies are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City places no limit on the amount that the City may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the City's investments are in the Federal Home Loan Bank securities. These investments are 50.4% of the City's total investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Financial Instruments and Fair Values

Greenville Utilities Commission uses derivative financial instruments to reduce financial exposure from price changes related to the anticipated purchase of natural gas. At June 30, 2005 and 2004, there were no open forward contracts to purchase natural gas. The Commission during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 purchased a call option that gives the Commission the right but not the obligation to purchase 10,000 dekatherms (1 contract) per month for the months of October 2004 through September 2005 at the price of \$6.40 per dekatherm.

Greenville Utilities Commission sets rates and charges to recover the cost of operations which includes the cost of its gas supply. The Commission sold 2,365,415, 2,174,333, and 2,422,213 dekatherms to customers in fiscal years 2005, 2004 and 2003 respectively. Forward contracts are generally used to facilitate the supply of natural gas to the Commission's customers while attempting to minimize price risk to final customers. The Commission recognizes realized and unrealized gains and losses on these contracts in income in the period in which the change occurs. For fiscal year 2005 and 2004, the Commission realized cumulative net losses of \$113,470 and \$83,700 respectively on its forward purchase commitments. The cumulative net losses on forward contracts are reflected in the total cost of purchased gas for each year presented.

3. Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2005, were as follows:

		Taxes and		Due from Other								
	_	Licenses		Accounts	_ <u>I</u> :	nterest		Loans		Governments		Total
Governmental Activities: General	\$	1,833,368	\$	2,784,680	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,393,988	\$	7,012,036
Other governmental Total receivables	-	1,833,368	_	2,785,573	-	3,499	2	462,310	-	2,513,360	-	7,598,110
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(794,063)	_	(1,001,286)	_	<u> </u>			_	,,,	_	(1,795,349)
Total - governmental activities	\$	1,039,305	\$	1,784,287	\$	3,499	\$	462,310	\$	2,513,360	\$	5,802,761
Business-type Activities:												
Electric	\$	-	\$	18,983,255	\$	-	\$	-	\$	596,515	\$	19,579,770
Water		2		1,538,967		-		14		82,196		1,621,163
Sewer		-		1,534,805		17		(119,704		1,654,509
Gas		7.		2,135,581		-		**		33,057		2,168,638
Other nonmajor enterprise	_		_	23,175	_		_	120	_	794,539	_	817,714
Total receivables		*		24,215,783		-		849		1,626,011		25,841,794
Allowance for doubtful accounts		1 2		(5,411,260)	_		_					(5,411,260)
Total - business-type activities	\$		\$	18,804,523	\$		\$		\$	1,626,011	\$	20,430,534

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Due From Other Governments

The due from other governments that is owed to the City consists of the following:

	G	overnmental	B	usiness-type
	Activities			Activities
Local option sales tax	\$	1,992,580	\$	831,475
Refund of sales & use taxes paid		184,558		2,875
Grants		62,895		615,990
Other		273,327		175,671
Total	\$	2,513,360	\$	1,626,011

4. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in the City's capital assets used in governmental activities follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 34,636,309	\$ 382,669	\$ -	\$ 35,018,978
Construction in progress	1,557,304	5,595,610		7,152,914
Total capital assets not being depreciated	36,193,613	5,978,279		42,171,892
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	31,037,467	545,255	£ :	31,582,722
Improvements other than buildings	3,151,188	1,325,827	(46,539)	4,430,476
Infrastructure	4,961,148	1,366,879	-	6,328,027
Machinery and equipment	25,761,653	1,942,842	(914,164)	26,790,331
Total capital assets being depreciated	64,911,456	5,180,803	(960,703)	69,131,556
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	(8,502,806)	(1,211,730)	<u>-</u>	(9,714,536)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,865,231)	(259,318)	3,953	(2,120,596)
Infrastructure	<u> </u>	-	2	(*)
Machinery and equipment	(18,838,788)	(1,067,395)	6,564	(19,899,619)
Total accumulated depreciation	(29,206,825)	\$ (2,538,443)	\$ 10,517	(31,734,751)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	35,704,631			37,396,805
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 71,898,244			\$ 79,568,697

Beginning balances were restated to reflect the effect of errors in the prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$	406,151
Public safety		736,148
Transportation		279,229
Environmental protection		203,075
Cultural and recreational	_	913,840
Total	\$	2,538,443

A summary of changes in the City's capital assets used in business-type activities follows. This schedule represents business-type activity capital assets managed by the City.

	Beginning	Ending		
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Business-type Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,667,190	\$ -	\$	\$ 2,667,190
Construction in progress		2		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,667,190	프		2,667,190
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	475,145	-	=	475,145
Improvements other than buildings	625,639	į.	(6,212)	619,427
Machinery and equipment	2,992,703	655,076	(263,193)	3,384,586
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,093,487	655,076	(269,405)	4,479,158
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	(72,591)	(15,838)	×	(88,429)
Improvements other than buildings	(484,899)	(26,264)	6,212	(504,951)
Machinery and equipment	(1,249,542)	(300,563)	229,281	(1,320,824)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,807,032)	\$ (342,665)	\$ 235,493	(1,914,204)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,286,455	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 3	2,564,954
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$ 4,953,645			\$ 5,232,144

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

This schedule represents business-type activity capital assets managed by GUC.

Balances Increases Jecreases Transfers Balances Business-type Activities: S S S S S 346,000 \$3,495,449 \$3,003,319 \$12,398,002 \$3,206,000 \$3,208,000 <td< th=""><th></th><th>Beginning</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Ending</th></td<>		Beginning				Ending
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: 3,076,386 37,063 3,05 346,000 3,459,449 Construction in progress 30,030,319 12,398,092 — (14,552,022) 27,876,389 Total capital assets not being depreciated 33,106,705 12,435,155 — (14,206,022) 31,335,838 Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Land rights 368,768 — (10,712,782) 101,396,781 Furniture and office equipment 4,741,644 236,985 (19,191) 1,950,268 6,909,706 Vehicles and equipment 14,612,217 865,465 (351,754) 136,913 15,262,841 Distribution systems 258,193,784 11,108,512 — 1,406,059 270,708,355 Transmission systems 19,942,745 61,797 — 1,406,059 270,708,355 Test accumulated Depreciation For: Less Accumulated Depreciation For: 10,414,011 (370,945) 14,206,022 414,650,993 Buildings (361,546) (7,224) — (25,346,705) (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,19		Balances	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balances
Land \$ 3,076,386 \$ 37,063 \$ - \$ 346,000 \$ 3,459,449 Construction in progress 30,030,319 12,398,092 - (14,552,022) 27,876,389 Total capital assets not being depreciated 33,106,705 12,435,155 - (14,206,022) 31,335,838 Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Land rights 368,768 - 10,712,782 101,396,781 Furniture and office equipment 4,741,644 236,985 (19,191) 1,950,268 6,909,706 Vehicles and equipment 14,612,217 865,465 (351,754) 136,913 15,262,841 Distribution systems 258,193,784 11,108,512 - 1,406,059 270,708,355 Transmission systems 19,942,745 61,797 - 1,406,059 270,708,355 Total capital assets being depreciated 388,401,905 12,414,011 (370,945) 14,206,022 414,650,993 Land rights (361,546) (7,224) - 5 (25,346,705) Buildings (22,237,754) (3,108,951) - 5 (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipme	Business-type Activities:					
Construction in progress 30,030,319 12,398,092 - (14,552,022) 27,876,389 Total capital assets not being depreciated 33,106,705 12,435,155 - (14,206,022) 31,335,838 Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Land rights 368,768 368,768 10,712,782 101,396,781 Furniture and office equipment 4,741,644 236,985 (19,191) 1,950,268 6,909,706 Vehicles and equipment 14,612,217 865,465 (351,754) 136,913 15,262,841 Distribution systems 258,193,784 11,108,512 - 1,406,059 270,708,355 Transmission systems 19,942,745 61,797 - 2 20,004,542 Total capital assets being depreciated 388,401,905 12,414,011 (370,945) 14,206,022 414,650,993 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Land rights (361,546) (7,224) - 6 (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,192 - (368,770) Vehicles and equipment (10,870,100) (1,219,699)	Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Construction in progress 30,030,319 12,398,092 (14,552,022) 27,876,389 Total capital assets not being depreciated 33,106,705 12,435,155 (14,206,022) 31,335,838 Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Land rights 368,768 - - 10,712,782 101,396,781 Buildings 90,542,747 141,252 - 10,712,782 101,396,781 Furniture and office equipment 4,741,644 236,985 (19,191) 1,950,268 6,909,706 Vehicles and equipment 14,612,217 865,465 (351,754) 136,913 15,262,841 Distribution systems 258,193,784 11,108,512 - 1,406,059 270,708,355 Transmission systems 19,942,745 61,797 - - 20,004,542 Total capital assets being depreciated 388,401,905 12,414,011 (370,945) 14,206,022 414,650,993 Buildings (361,546) (7,224) - (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,192	Land	\$ 3,076,386	\$ 37,063	\$ -	\$ 346,000	\$ 3,459,449
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Land rights 368,768 - - - 368,768 Buildings 90,542,747 141,252 - 10,712,782 101,396,781 Furniture and office equipment 4,741,644 236,985 (19,191) 1,950,268 6,909,706 Vehicles and equipment 14,612,217 865,465 (351,754) 136,913 15,262,841 Distribution systems 258,193,784 11,108,512 - 1,406,059 270,708,355 Transmission systems 19,942,745 61,797 - - 20,004,542 Total capital assets being depreciated 388,401,905 12,414,011 (370,945) 14,206,022 414,650,993 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Land rights (361,546) (7,224) - - (368,770) Buildings (22,237,754) (3,108,951) - - (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,192 - (3,874,134) Vehicles and equipment	Construction in progress	30,030,319	12,398,092		(14,552,022)	27,876,389
Land rights 368,768 - - - 368,768 Buildings 90,542,747 141,252 - 10,712,782 101,396,781 Furniture and office equipment 4,741,644 236,985 (19,191) 1,950,268 6,909,706 Vehicles and equipment 14,612,217 865,465 (351,754) 136,913 15,262,841 Distribution systems 258,193,784 11,108,512 - 1,406,059 270,708,355 Transmission systems 19,942,745 61,797 - - 20,004,542 Total capital assets being depreciated 388,401,905 12,414,011 (370,945) 14,206,022 414,650,993 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: 1 14,206,022 414,650,993 <td>Total capital assets not being depreciated</td> <td>33,106,705</td> <td>12,435,155</td> <td></td> <td>(14,206,022)</td> <td>31,335,838</td>	Total capital assets not being depreciated	33,106,705	12,435,155		(14,206,022)	31,335,838
Buildings 90,542,747 141,252 - 10,712,782 101,396,781 Furniture and office equipment 4,741,644 236,985 (19,191) 1,950,268 6,909,706 Vehicles and equipment 14,612,217 865,465 (351,754) 136,913 15,262,841 Distribution systems 258,193,784 11,108,512 - 1,406,059 270,708,355 Transmission systems 19,942,745 61,797 - - 20,004,542 Total capital assets being depreciated 388,401,905 12,414,011 (370,945) 14,206,022 414,650,993 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Land rights (361,546) (7,224) - (368,770) Buildings (22,237,754) (3,108,951) - - (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,192 - (3,874,134) Vehicles and equipment (10,870,100) (1,219,699) 331,534 - (11,758,265) Distribution systems (105,998,364) (7,716,265) -	Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Furniture and office equipment 4,741,644 236,985 (19,191) 1,950,268 6,909,706 Vehicles and equipment 14,612,217 865,465 (351,754) 136,913 15,262,841 Distribution systems 258,193,784 11,108,512 - 1,406,059 270,708,355 Transmission systems 19,942,745 61,797 - 2 20,004,542 Total capital assets being depreciated 388,401,905 12,414,011 (370,945) 14,206,022 414,650,993 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Land rights (361,546) (7,224) - 2 (368,770) Buildings (22,237,754) (3,108,951) - 2 (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,192 - (3,874,134) Vehicles and equipment (10,870,100) (1,219,699) 331,534 - (11,758,265) Distribution systems (105,998,364) (7,716,265) - 2 (113,714,629) Transmission systems (11,356,285) (722,360) - 2 (12,078,645) Total accumulated depreciation (153,432,246) (14,059,628) 350,726 3 - (167,141,148) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659	Land rights	368,768	· *	:=:	-	368,768
Vehicles and equipment 14,612,217 865,465 (351,754) 136,913 15,262,841 Distribution systems 258,193,784 11,108,512 - 1,406,059 270,708,355 Transmission systems 19,942,745 61,797 - - 20,004,542 Total capital assets being depreciated 388,401,905 12,414,011 (370,945) 14,206,022 414,650,993 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Land rights (361,546) (7,224) - - (368,770) Buildings (22,237,754) (3,108,951) - - (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,192 - (3,874,134) Vehicles and equipment (10,870,100) (1,219,699) 331,534 - (11,758,265) Distribution systems (105,998,364) (7,716,265) - - (113,714,629) Transmission systems (11,356,285) (722,360) - - (12,078,645) Total accumulated depreciated, net 234,969,659 (14,059,628)	Buildings	90,542,747	141,252	: = :	10,712,782	101,396,781
Distribution systems 258,193,784 11,108,512 - 1,406,059 270,708,355 Transmission systems 19,942,745 61,797 - - 20,004,542 Total capital assets being depreciated 388,401,905 12,414,011 (370,945) 14,206,022 414,650,993 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Land rights (361,546) (7,224) - - (368,770) Buildings (22,237,754) (3,108,951) - - (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,192 - (3,874,134) Vehicles and equipment (10,870,100) (1,219,699) 331,534 - (11,758,265) Distribution systems (105,998,364) (7,716,265) - - (113,714,629) Transmission systems (11,356,285) (722,360) - - (12,078,645) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659 (14,059,628) 350,726 - (167,141,148)	Furniture and office equipment	4,741,644	236,985	(19,191)	1,950,268	6,909,706
Distribution systems 258,193,784 11,108,512 - 1,406,059 270,708,355 Transmission systems 19,942,745 61,797 - - 20,004,542 Total capital assets being depreciated 388,401,905 12,414,011 (370,945) 14,206,022 414,650,993 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Uses Accumulated Depreciation For: 0 (361,546) (7,224) - - (368,770) Buildings (22,237,754) (3,108,951) - - (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,192 - (3,874,134) Vehicles and equipment (10,870,100) (1,219,699) 331,534 - (11,758,265) Distribution systems (105,998,364) (7,716,265) - - (113,714,629) Transmission systems (11,356,285) (722,360) - - (12,078,645) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659 350,726 - (167,141,148)	Vehicles and equipment	14,612,217	865,465	(351,754)	136,913	15,262,841
Total capital assets being depreciated 388,401,905 12,414,011 (370,945) 14,206,022 414,650,993 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Land rights (361,546) (7,224) - (368,770) Buildings (22,237,754) (3,108,951) - (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,192 - (3,874,134) Vehicles and equipment (10,870,100) (1,219,699) 331,534 - (11,758,265) Distribution systems (105,998,364) (7,716,265) - (113,714,629) Transmission systems (11,356,285) (722,360) - (12,078,645) Total accumulated depreciation (153,432,246) \$ (14,059,628) \$ 350,726 \$ - (167,141,148) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659	Distribution systems	258,193,784	11,108,512	2	1,406,059	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Land rights (361,546) (7,224) - - (368,770) Buildings (22,237,754) (3,108,951) - - (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,192 - (3,874,134) Vehicles and equipment (10,870,100) (1,219,699) 331,534 - (11,758,265) Distribution systems (105,998,364) (7,716,265) - - (113,714,629) Transmission systems (11,356,285) (722,360) - - (12,078,645) Total accumulated depreciation (153,432,246) (14,059,628) \$350,726 \$ - (167,141,148) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659 \$350,726 \$ - (167,141,148)	Transmission systems	19,942,745	61,797		<u> </u>	20,004,542
Land rights (361,546) (7,224) - - (368,770) Buildings (22,237,754) (3,108,951) - - (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,192 - (3,874,134) Vehicles and equipment (10,870,100) (1,219,699) 331,534 - (11,758,265) Distribution systems (105,998,364) (7,716,265) - - (113,714,629) Transmission systems (11,356,285) (722,360) - - (12,078,645) Total accumulated depreciation (153,432,246) \$ (14,059,628) \$ 350,726 \$ - (167,141,148) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659 \$ 247,509,845	Total capital assets being depreciated	388,401,905	12,414,011	(370,945)	14,206,022	414,650,993
Buildings (22,237,754) (3,108,951) - (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,192 - (3,874,134) Vehicles and equipment (10,870,100) (1,219,699) 331,534 - (11,758,265) Distribution systems (105,998,364) (7,716,265) - (113,714,629) Transmission systems (11,356,285) (722,360) - (12,078,645) Total accumulated depreciation (153,432,246) \$ (14,059,628) \$ 350,726 \$ - (167,141,148) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659	Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Buildings (22,237,754) (3,108,951) - - (25,346,705) Furniture and office equipment (2,608,197) (1,285,129) 19,192 - (3,874,134) Vehicles and equipment (10,870,100) (1,219,699) 331,534 - (11,758,265) Distribution systems (105,998,364) (7,716,265) - - (113,714,629) Transmission systems (11,356,285) (722,360) - - (12,078,645) Total accumulated depreciation (153,432,246) \$ (14,059,628) \$ 350,726 \$ - (167,141,148) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659 \$ 247,509,845	Land rights	(361,546)	(7,224)	ш.	2	(368,770)
Vehicles and equipment (10,870,100) (1,219,699) 331,534 - (11,758,265) Distribution systems (105,998,364) (7,716,265) - (113,714,629) Transmission systems (11,356,285) (722,360) - (12,078,645) Total accumulated depreciation (153,432,246) \$ (14,059,628) \$ 350,726 - (167,141,148) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659 247,509,845	Buildings	(22,237,754)	(3,108,951)	£ 2	ĕ.	
Distribution systems (105,998,364) (7,716,265) - (113,714,629) Transmission systems (11,356,285) (722,360) - (12,078,645) Total accumulated depreciation (153,432,246) \$ (14,059,628) \$ 350,726 \$ (167,141,148) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659 247,509,845	Furniture and office equipment	(2,608,197)	(1,285,129)	19,192	-	(3,874,134)
Distribution systems (105,998,364) (7,716,265) - - (113,714,629) Transmission systems (11,356,285) (722,360) - - (12,078,645) Total accumulated depreciation (153,432,246) \$ (14,059,628) \$ 350,726 \$ - (167,141,148) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659 247,509,845	Vehicles and equipment	(10,870,100)	(1,219,699)	331,534	-	(11,758,265)
Transmission systems (11,356,285) (722,360) - - (12,078,645) Total accumulated depreciation (153,432,246) \$ (14,059,628) \$ 350,726 \$ (167,141,148) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659 247,509,845	Distribution systems	(105,998,364)	(7,716,265)	-	-	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659 247,509,845	•	(11,356,285)	(722,360)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 234,969,659 247,509,845	Total accumulated depreciation	(153,432,246)	<u>\$ (14,059,628)</u>	\$ 350,726	\$ -	(167,141,148)
Business-type activity capital assets, net \$ 268,076,364 \$ 278,845,683	Total capital assets being depreciated, net	234,969,659		·		
	Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$ 268,076,364				\$ 278,845,683

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

Local Government Employees Retirement System

Plan Description

The City of Greenville contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Government Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the City, the current rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 4.89% and 4.78%, respectively of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of the City of Greenville are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The City's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were \$1,424,355, \$1,821,428, and \$1,743,492 respectively. The contributions made by the City equaled the required contributions for each year.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description

The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Funding Policy

Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2005 were \$779,604, which consisted of \$344,320 from the City and \$435,284 from the law enforcement officers.

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description

The City of Greenville administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance") a single-employer, defined benefit plan, which provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

The Separation Allowance covers all full-time City law enforcement officers. At December 31, 2004, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees currently receiving benefits and	
terminated employees entitled to benefits	
but not yet receiving benefits	15
Active plan members	167
Total	182

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the general fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Method Used to Value Investments

No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they become due.

A separate report is not issued for the plan.

Contributions

The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees.

The annual required contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 was determined as part of the December 31, 2004 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases ranging from 5.9% to 9.8% per year. Item (b) included an inflation component of 3.75%. The assumptions did not include postretirement benefit increases. The City did not pay a percentage of covered payroll to the plan during the year ended June 30, 2005. The City made benefit payments to fifteen retirees in the amount of \$207,673, which has been charged to salaries and wages expense in the General Fund. The net pension obligation of \$1,132,985 is reflected in the financial statements as a long-term liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Separation Allowance for the current year were as follows:

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

Employer annual required contribution	\$ 273,669
Interest on net pension obligation	76,108
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(58,890)
Annual pension cost	290,887
Employer contributions made for fiscal year ending 6/30/05	207,673
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	83,214
Net pension obligation beginning of fiscal year	1,049,771
Net pension obligation end of fiscal year	\$ 1,132,985

Three-Year Trend Information

Historical trend information for the Law Enforcement Officers' annual pension costs is presented below for the past three years.

			Percentage of				
Fiscal Year	A	Annual Pension	APC	Net Pension			
Ended	_	Cost (APC)	_Contributed_	_	Obligation		
6/30/2003	\$	273,784	28.00%	\$	1,005,143		
6/30/2004		273,657	26.07%		1,049,771		
6/30/2005		290,887	71.39%		1,132,985		

Post Employment Benefits

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees two deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans, available to all City employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Participation in the plan is at the option of the employee.

Investments are managed by the plans' trustee under one of four investment options, or a combination thereof. The choice of the investment option(s) is made by the participants.

The City has complied with changes in the laws which govern the City's Deferred Compensation Plans, requiring all assets of the plans to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. In accordance with GASB Statement 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code 457 Deferred Compensation Plans," the City's Deferred Compensation Plans are not reported as City Agency Funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Health Benefits

The City has elected to provide postretirement health care benefits to retirees of the City, who participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (the "System"), and have at least five years of creditable service with the City. Retirees pay 5 % and the City pays 95 % of the full cost of coverage for these benefits for retirees with a minimum of twenty-years of creditable service with the City. Retirees with at least five years, but less than twenty years of creditable service in the Plan, pay for their coverage. Also, retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the City's group rates. Currently 120 retirees are eligible for postretirement health benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the City made payments for postretirement health benefit premiums of \$499,699. The City obtains health care coverage through private insurers.

Death Benefits

The City has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Trust Plan for Members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("Death Trust Plan"), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. Employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to his/her death, but the benefit may not exceed \$20,000. Effective July 1, 2004, the death benefit payments to beneficiaries must be between \$25,000 and \$50,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Trust Plan. The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Trust Plan and not by the City, the City does not determine the number of eligible participants. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the City made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$30,276. The City's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 0.09 % and 0.14 % covered payroll, respectively. The contributions to the Death Trust Plan cannot be separated between the post employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

2. Deferred/Unearned Revenue

	_	Deferred	Rev	enue	_	Unearnec	Rev	enue
		General Fund		her Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds		General Fund		er Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Taxes Receivable:								
Ad valorem	\$	362,862	\$	-	\$	-	\$: * :
Animal		40		-		40		
Auto licenses		406,662		22		121		
Prepaid privilege licenses		355,100		-		355,100		
Community Development Mortage Loans		;• <u>;</u>		206,079		-		-
Community Development Small Business Loans				187,808		-		_
Community Development Home Program		120		52,942		(5)		<u> </u>
Housing Trust Loan		(*)		20,996		(*)		-
Rescue fees		557,348		:=:		_		-
Refuse fees		162,518		-		-		
Other prepaids		319,054		-		-		:=0:
Miscellaneous	_	951,192	_	894		951,191		894
	\$	3,114,776	\$	468,719	\$	1,306,331	\$	894

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

3. Long-Term Obligations

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term obligations of the City.

		Balance						Balance		Current
	_]	July 1, 2004	_	Additions	_R	etirements	_Ju	ine 30, 2005	_	Portion
Governmental Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	7,455,000	\$	-	\$	650,000	\$	6,805,000	\$	720,000
Certificates of Participation		10,305,000		15,985,000		1,185,000		25,105,000		1,465,000
Special obligation revenue bonds		6,160,000		-		255,000		5,905,000		265,000
Installment purchase contracts		2,668,097		2,411,054		1,521,981		3,557,170		1,286,903
LEO separation allowance		1,049,771		83,214		-		1,132,985		9 = 9
Compensated absences	-	2,130,265	_	1,978,875		1,675,579		2,433,561	_	700,000
Total governmental activities	\$	29,768,133	\$	20,458,143	\$	5,287,560	\$	44,938,716	\$	4,436,903
Business-type Activities:										
Serviced by the City:										
Installment purchase contracts	\$	1,486,531	\$	145,000	\$	225,012	\$	1,406,519	\$	225,566
Compensated absences	_	69,319	_	61,202		60,939		69,582		17,000
		1,555,850		206,202		285,951		1,476,101		242,566
Serviced by GUC:			-							
General obligation bonds		8,090,000		_		1,205,000		6,885,000		1,175,000
Revenue bonds		69,218,591		-		4,372,065		64,846,526		4,575,383
Other types of debt		17,757,054		1,146,129		701,845		18,201,338		1,473,262
Compensated absences		1,224,364		1,177,370		1,055,676		1,346,058		1,100,000
		96,290,009		2,323,499		7,334,586		91,278,922		8,323,645
Total business-type activities	\$	97,845,859	\$	2,529,701	\$	7,620,537	\$	92,755,023	\$	8,566,211
7.1	_		<u> </u>	.,,	<u> </u>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	*	22,700,023	<u> </u>	0,500,211

Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the general fund and are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

The City issues *general obligation bonds* to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year. The City has also issued *revenue bonds* and pledges the income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

General Obligation Bonds

Serviced by the City's Governmental Funds:

1998 Public Improvement, Series 1998, due in annual installments of \$100,000 to \$300,000 through March 1, 2017, plus interest from 4.3 to 4.5% \$ 2,825,000 2001 Public Building, Series 2001, due in annual installments of \$35,000 to \$125,000 through June 1, 2011, plus interest at 4.0% 660,000 2004 Refunding Public Improvement, Series 1993 due in annual installments of \$175,000 to \$275,000 through March 1, 2013, plus interest from 2.0 to 3.5% 2,210,000 2003 Public Improvement, Series 2003 due in annual installments of \$65,000 to \$70,000 plus interest from 3.0 to 4.5% 1,110,000 Total serviced by the City's governmental funds 6,805,000 Serviced by GUC: 2003 GO Bonds, due in semi-annual installments through March 2012, including interest from 2.0 to 3.4% 6,885,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds is as follows:

	Governmental Funds						Enterprise Funds						
		Principal	_	Interest	_	Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2006	\$	720,000	\$	254,600	\$	974,600	\$	1,175,000	\$	186,895	\$	1,361,895	
2007		710,000		231,825		941,825		1,145,000		163,395		1,308,395	
2008		705,000		209,250		914,250		1,115,000		140,495		1,255,495	
2009		700,000		183,925		883,925		1,095,000		107,045		1,202,045	
2010		695,000		158,680		853,680		1,075,000		74,195		1,149,195	
2011-2015		2,440,000		455,790		2,895,790		1,280,000		49,765		1,329,765	
2016-2020		770,000		83,110		853,110		-		-		_	
2021		65,000		2,925		67,925				<u>-</u>			
	<u>\$</u>	6,805,000	\$	1,580,105	\$	8,385,105	\$	6,885,000	\$	721,790	\$	7,606,790	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Certificates of Participation

A summary of the City's Certificates of Participation is as follows:

_		Original Issue		Payment 1	C	utstanding	
Amount		Date	Rate	Period	Amount	· -	Balance
\$	14,600,000	September 1998	3.5% - 5%	Annual	\$615,000 - 850,000	\$	9,655,000
	15,985,000	October 2004	3.0% - 5.25%	Annual	\$810,000 - 815,000	ō .	15,450,000
То	tal certificates	of participation				\$	25,105,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's Certificates of Participation are as follows:

	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2006	\$	1,465,000	\$	1,061,996	\$	2,526,996
2007		1,460,000		1,005,046		2,465,046
2008		1,465,000		959,521		2,424,521
2009		1,465,000		911,196		2,376,196
2010		1,465,000		858,146		2,323,146
2011-2015		7,355,000		3,431,100		10,786,100
2016-2020		7,190,000		1,826,275		9,016,275
2021-2024		3,240,000	_	376,448		3,616,448
	\$	25,105,000	\$	10,429,728	\$	35,534,728

Special Obligation Revenue Bonds

A summary of the City's special obligation revenue bonds is as follows:

2001 Special Obligation Revenue Bonds, series 2001, due in annual installments of \$160,000 to \$510,000 through June 1, 2021, plus interest from 4.0 to 5.0%

\$ 5,905,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's special obligation revenue bonds are as follows:

		Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$	265,000	\$ 273,415	\$ 538,415
2007		275,000	262,815	537,815
2008		285,000	251,815	536,815
2009		295,000	240,415	535,415
2010		310,000	228,246	538,246
2011-2015		1,755,000	928,490	2,683,490
2016-2020		2,210,000	469,750	2,679,750
2021-2024	_	510,000	25,500	535,500
	\$	5,905,000	\$ 2,680,446	\$ 8,585,446

Revenue Bonds

A summary of the revenue bonds serviced by GUC is as follows:

		Original Issue		Paym	Outstanding		
(-	Amount	Date	Rate	Period	Amount		Balance
\$	4,484,634	August 1994	5.6% - 5.7%	Annual	\$188,454 - 198,734	\$	387,188
	2,273,773	November 1998	4.0% - 5.0%	Annual	\$85,113 - 144,692		1,581,278
	2,284,000	March 2000	5.0% - 5.6%	Annual	\$33,335 - 321,037		1,058,276
	9,598,462	May 2001	4.25% - 5.25%	Annual	\$219,483 - 704,097		8,152,344
	2,940,941	May 2003	2.95%	Annual	\$216,800 - 424,218		2,218,854
	627,500	May 2003	3.67%	Annual	\$34,461 - 53,311		562,286
	2,429,504	August 1994	5.6% - 5.7%	Annual	\$102,083 - 107,651		209,735
	4,992,460	November 1998	4.0% - 5.0%	Annual	\$186,634 - 317,277		3,467,394
	17,366,000	March 2000	5.0% - 5.6%	Annual	\$656,664 - 1,370,430		15,296,724
	3,305,458	May 2001	4.25% - 5.25%	Annual	\$96,476 - 343,235		3,840,005
	313,750	May 2003	3.67%	Annual	\$17,230 - 26,655		281,143
	2,632,399	August 1994	5.6% - 5.7%	Annual	\$110,590 - 116,622		227,213
	8,858,610	November 1998	4.0% - 5.0%	Annual	\$331,163 - 562,977		6,152,536
	400,000	March 2000	5.0% - 5.6%	Annual	\$80,000		80,000
	6,228,641	May 2001	4.25% - 5.25%	Annual	\$122,512 - 402,526		4,622,835
	1,626,340	May 2003	2.95%	Annual	\$119,890 - 234,592		1,227,026
	4,940,000	May 2003	3.67%	Annual	\$271,295 - 419,698		4,426,597
	3,543,463	August 1994	5.6% - 5.7%	Annual	\$148,871 - 156,991		305,864
	2,597,157	November 1998	4.0% - 5.0%	Annual	\$97,090 - 165,053		1,803,794
	350,000	March 2000	5.0% - 5.6%	Annual	\$70,000		70,000
	5,952,439	May 2001	4.25% - 5.25%	Annual	\$181,527 - 570,140		6,649,815
\$	2,483,750	May 2003	2.95%	Annual	\$136,402 - 211,017		2,225,619
Tot	al revenue bor	nds				\$	64,846,526

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's revenue bonds are as follows:

	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2006	\$	4,575,383	\$	3,001,372	\$	7,576,755
2007		3,699,812		2,823,351		6,523,163
2008		3,854,595		2,666,919		6,521,514
2009		4,012,121		2,505,879		6,518,000
2010		4,180,109		2,336,811		6,516,920
2011-2015		20,662,862		8,787,544		29,450,406
2016-2020		19,896,643		3,355,665		23,252,308
2021-2025	-	3,965,001	_	174,587		4,139,588
	\$	64,846,526	\$	25,652,128	\$	90,498,654

Installment Purchase Contracts

A summary of the installment purchase contracts serviced by the City is as follows:

Original Iss	sue	_ Payment l	Info	mation	0	utstanding			
Date	Rate	Period Amount				Balance	Security		
Governmental Fund	s:				13:				
June 2001	3.96%	Quarterly	\$	30,982	\$	91,136	Equipment		
August 2001	4.095%	Quarterly		77,960		292,269	Equipment		
December 2002	2.278%	Quarterly		39,960		321,260	Equipment		
September 2003	1.97%	Quarterly		86,544		909,320	Equipment		
June 2004	3.12%	Quarterly		137,455		1,943,185	Equipment		
					\$	3,557,170			
Enterpise Funds:									
November 2003	3.02%	Semi-annual	\$	72,053	\$	1,152,843	Equipment		
December 2002	2.278%	Quarterly		3,329		28,350	Equipment		
August 2001	4.095%	Quarterly		3,012		11,748	Equipment		
September 2003	1.97%	Quarterly		8,190		96,716	Equipment		
September 2004 3.12%		Quarterly		7,797		116,862	Equipment		
					\$	1,406,519			

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's installment purchase contracts are as follows:

	Governmental Funds						Enterprise Funds						
		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal	_	Interest		Total	
2006	\$	1,286,903	\$	86,536	\$	1,373,439	\$	225,566	\$	39,451	\$	265,017	
2007		927,304		53,401		980,705		215,566		33,049		248,615	
2008		834,289		28,417		862,706		214,269		26,957		241,226	
2009		508,674		9,958		518,632		174,697		21,271		195,968	
2010				•				144,105		16,320		160,425	
2011-2015			_	-	-	•		432,316		22,848		455,164	
	\$	3,557,170	\$	178,312	<u>\$</u>	3,735,482	\$	1,406,519	\$	159,896	\$	1,566,415	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Other Types of Debt

A summary of the other types of debt serviced by GUC is as follows:

2.55% State Revolving Loan, \$3 million authorized and \$3 million drawn to date, estimated annual installments of \$236,654 to \$289,615, including interest, issued in 1997	\$ 2,307,692
2.87% State Revolving Loan, \$3 million authorized and \$3 million drawn to date, estimated annual installments of \$205,740 to \$274,620, including interest, issued in 1998	2,600,000
2.57% State Revolving Loan, \$11,694,486 authorized and \$10,229,907 drawn to date, estimated annual installments of \$699,521 to \$1,203,849, including interest, issued in 2002	10,229,907
Bethel Interlocal Agreement, with an effective interest rate of 5.53%, annual installments of \$220,916 to \$276,296, including interest, final payment due May 1, 2023	2,724,869
4.5% GTP loan payable in quarterly installments of \$15,576, including interest, issued May 26, 2000, final payment due June 1, 2010	278,031
2.63% installment loan payable in monthly installments of \$6,157, including interest, issued April 3, 2003, final payment due April 3, 2006	60,839
Total other debt serviced by GUC	\$ 18,201,338

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for other debt serviced by GUC are as follows:

	_	Principal		Principal Intere		Interest	100	Total
2006	\$	1,375,623	\$	770,022	\$	2,145,645		
2007		1,317,101		493,024		1,810,125		
2008		1,319,525		469,911		1,789,436		
2009		1,322,059		434,531		1,756,590		
2010		1,325,282		399,038		1,724,320		
2011-2015		6,320,724		1,493,834		7,814,558		
2016-2020		4,766,877		737,323		5,504,200		
2021-2025	_	454,147		<u>241,674</u>		695,821		
	\$	18,201,338	\$	5,039,357	\$	23,240,695		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

The City is subject to the Municipal Finance Law of North Carolina which limits the amount of net bonded debt the City may have outstanding to 8 percent of the appraised value of property subject to taxation. At June 30, 2005, net debt outstanding subject to the limit was \$41,372,170. The statutory limit at that date was \$304,704,715 providing a debt margin of \$256,946,026.

4. Accounts Payable and Interfund Balances

Accounts Payable Disaggregate Information

Type of Payable	vernmental Activities	Ві	isiness-Type Activities		Total
Trade payables	\$ 792,230	\$	15,755,489	\$	16,547,719
Accrued salaries and fringes	2,682,762		1,188,991		3,871,753
Other			6,150	V.	6,150
Total	\$ 3,474,992	\$	16,950,630	\$	20,425,622

The composition of internal balances as of June 30, 2005 are as follows:

Fund	Due From	Due To
General Fund	\$ 1,823,553	\$ 37,580
Community Development Fund		386,610
Capital Reserve Fund	-	130,726
Sheppard Memorial Library		60,177
Small Business Loan Program		5,732
Community Development Home Program		69,145
Affordable Housing Project	1,580	
Cemetery Development Fund	150	327,694
Greene Street Bridge & Streetscape Improvements) -	60,684
Recreation & Parks and Public Works FEMA Project	141	487,506
Acquatic and Fitness Center Fund	5 .	27,420
Public Transportation Fund	7 - 5	1,321
Bradford Creek Golf Course Fund	(*	177,561
Stormwater Utility Fund	257,372	84,318
Electric Fund	:=0	194,124
Water Fund	-	28
Sewer Fund	-	28
Gas Fund		56
Internal Service Fund	*	31,795
	\$ 2,082,505	\$ 2,082,505

Amounts due to/from the various funds of the government were primarily for operating purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

5. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During the last three fiscal years there have been no insurance settlements that exceeded insurance coverage. Property and liability coverages are provided through third party insurance. The City's retention is on a per claim basis as follows:

Buildings and contents \$ 10,000 Public officials' liability \$ 25,000

Coverages

	<u>Liability Coverage Limits</u>		
Blanket property and personal property	\$	47,753,824	
Excess liability (general, auto, public officials, law enforcement,			
firefighters, errors & omission, employers liability)		5,000,000	
Workers' compensation		Statutory	
Public officials' legal liability		250,000	
Public employees' blanket bond		500,000	
Public officials' bonds - Director of Financial Services	\$	250,000	

Workers' Compensation, General Liability, and Auto Liability

A limited risk management program to provide workers' compensation benefits to City employees is accounted for in the General Fund. The General Fund is reimbursed premium costs by other funds. The interfund premiums are based upon the claims experience of the insured funds and are used to reduce the amount of claims expenditure reported in the General Fund. An excess coverage insurance policy provides for individual claims in excess of \$600,000.

In addition, the City has purchased a commercial general liability and auto liability protection insurance policy that provides for individual claims in excess of \$1,000,000. The program is accounted for in the General Fund, and premium costs are reimbursed by other funds. The third party administrator calculated a reserve of \$220,583 as of June 30, 2005, based on historical trends and information outstanding at June 30, 2005.

All reserves and estimated claims reported but not paid are accrued and reported within the General Fund and the Internal Service Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

6. Jointly Governed Organizations

Pitt-Greenville Convention and Visitors Authority

The City Council appoints five of the eleven-member board of the Pitt-Greenville Convention and Visitors Authority (the "Authority"). The City's accountability is to approve the annual budget along with the County of Pitt. The City does not contribute funds to the Authority. The Authority's operating funds are derived from a hotel and motel occupancy tax levied by Pitt County. The City has no other fiscal responsibility for the Authority.

North Carolina Eastern Municipal Power Agency

The City, in conjunction with 32 other local governments, is a member of the North Carolina Eastern Municipal Power Agency (the "Agency"). The Agency was formed to enable municipalities that own electric distribution systems to finance, construct, own, operate and maintain generation and transmission facilities. Each participating government appoints one commissioner to the Agency's governing board. The 32 members, which receive power from the Agency, have signed power sales agreements to purchase a specified share of the power generated by the Agency. Except for the power sales purchase requirements, no local government participant has any obligation, entitlement or residual interest. The City's purchases of power for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, were \$109,759,837.

7. Joint Ventures

Convention Center

The City is a participant with the County of Pitt in a joint venture to purchase and develop property to be used as a convention center. Upon dissolution, the assets would be shared in proportion to each sponsor's original contribution. The City's initial contribution totaled \$1,200,000 which represents three-fifths of the total contribution. In April 2003 the City issued \$6.8 million of Special Obligation Revenue Bonds for the construction of the Convention Center. This debt will be repaid through the collection of hotel and motel occupancy tax. The Convention Center opened in May 2003 and is operated by an independent management firm.

Pitt-Greenville Airport Authority

The City is a participant with the County of Pitt (the "County") in a joint venture to operate Pitt-Greenville Airport Authority (the "Authority") for the joint benefit of all co-sponsors. Upon dissolution of the Authority, the assets would be shared in proportion to each sponsor's original contribution. The City's initial contribution totaled \$3,250 which represents one-half of the total contribution. The Authority is governed by an eight-member board; four from the City and four from the County. All co-sponsors are obligated to contribute funds on an annual basis, as needed, to enable the Authority to operate the airport. The City made \$26,341 in contributions to the Authority during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2005. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from the Authority's Administrative Office at Airport Road, Post Office Box 671, Greenville, North Carolina, 27835.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

8. Related Organizations

Greenville Housing Authority

The Mayor appoints the seven-member board of the Greenville Housing Authority. The City's accountability does not extend beyond making these appointments.

9. Claims and Judgments

The City is a defendant in various litigation incidental to carrying out its functions. In the opinion of the City's chief legal counsel, these claims should not result in judgments which, in the aggregate, would have a material adverse effect on the City's financial statements. In the event of an unfavorable outcome, the City could be liable up to its general liability insurance deductible.

10. Contingencies

A site of a former coal gasification plant owned by the City may contain contaminated soil resulting from the production of coal tar as a by-product of the coal gasification process. The cost of any remedial actions which may or may not be required is unknown and no amounts have been accrued as of June 30, 2005. Management of the City believes the ultimate liability, if any, related to this site will not be material to the City's financial statements.

The City of Greenville has entered into an agreement to construct an industrial park pump station and force mains with the Town of Bethel and Pitt County. Financing for the project will be provided by the Town of Bethel through a loan from the North Carolina State Revolving loan fund. The City's share of the debt is estimated to be \$2,895,724 and is to be repaid to Bethel over 20 years at 5.33% interest.

11. Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the potential refund of grant monies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

12. Transfers

The enterprise funds provide a supplemental local resource for the City's governmental funds. The General Fund and Capital Reserve Special Revenue Fund generally provide the basis of local resources for other governmental funds. The principal purposes for the transfers are for debt service and funding capital projects. These transactions are recorded as "Transfers to Other Funds" in the providing funds and "Transfers From Other Funds" in the receiving funds. Interfund operating transfers are summarized as follows:

			Tran	sfers	
Fund Type	Fund Name	Fron	n Other Funds	To	Other Funds
General Fund	General Fund	\$	4,521,111	\$	8,206,549
Enterprise Fund	Electric Fund		9.		3,727,337
Enterprise Fund	Gas Fund		-		856,349
Special Revenue	Capital Reserve		1,928,810		
Special Revenue	Sheppard Memorial Library		876,322		2
Capital Project	Moye-Hooker Road Project				8,922
Capital Project	Storm Drainage Project		È.		512
Capital Project	Convention Center Project				786,659
Capital Project	Recreation & Parks and Public				,
	Works FEMA Project		172,010		-
Enterprise Fund	Public Transportation Fund		202,439		-
Enterprise Fund	Stormwater Utility Fund		235,699		-
Debt Service	Debt Service		5,649,937		-
		\$	13,586,328	\$	13,586,328

13. Prior Period Adjustment

Beginning net assets and beginning fund balance was adjusted to correct reporting errors from the prior year. A summary of the adjustments follows:

	vernmental Activities		
Prior Period Adjustment	 Net Assets	Fu	nd Balance
Overstatement of compensated absences payable	\$ 970,860	\$	606,558
Understatement of capital assets	4,421,001		· ·
	\$ 5,391,861	\$	606,558

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

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LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Schedule of Funding Progress

			Schedule 0	r runuing r rog	gress		
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets A		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Credit B	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) B - A	Funded Ratio A/B	Covered Payroll C	UAAL as a Percentage Covered Payroll (B - A)/C
12/31/2004	\$	- \$	2,874,490	\$ 2,874,490	0.00%	\$ 7,292,653	39.42%
12/31/2003		-	2,683,598	2,683,598	0.00%	6,291,158	42,66%
12/31/2002		-	2,389,580	2,389,580	0.00%	6,251,285	38.23%
12/31/2001		-	2,436,059	2,436,059	0.00%	6,559,387	37.14%
12/31/2000		-	2,138,793	2,138,793	0.00%	5,973,452	35.80%
12/31/1999		<u></u>	1,404,612	1,404,612	0.00%	5,975,122	23.51%
12/31/1998	25	**	1,195,151	1,195,151	0.00%	4,752,926	25.15%
12/31/1997	9	# 0	1,055,605	1,055,605	0.00%	4,187,457	25.21%
12/31/1996	a	=	904,591	904,591	0.00%	3,844,427	23.53%

Year EndedJune 30	Annual Required Contribution (ARC)		Required Amount Contribution Contribu			
2005	\$	273,669	\$	207,673	75.88%	
2004		273,784		117,577	42.95%	
2003		241,194		87,762	36.39%	
2002		228,204		71,674	31.41%	
2001		155,537		57,539	36.99%	
2000		135,626		55,381	40.83%	
1999		141,630		65,489	46.24%	
1998		124,698		46,421	37.23%	

Notes to the Required Schedules:

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest valuation follows:

Valuation date	12/31/2004
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percent of pay closed
Remaining amortization period	26 years
Asset valuation method	Market value
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment rate of return *	7.25% * Includes inflation at 3.75%
Projected salary increases *	5.9 - 9.8%
Cost of living adjustments	N/A

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is established to account for the revenues and expenditures in operating the general government functions of a nonproprietary nature. This fund receives ad valorem tax revenues, state shared revenues, licenses, permits and fees. The major operating activities include general government, police, fire, public works, parks and recreation and other governmental service functions.

GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative) Actual Revenues: Ad Valorem Taxes: Current year operations \$ 20,737,594 \$ 21,023,782 \$ 18,611,092 Prior year 466,500 387,818 435,673 Interest and penalties 152,226 167,223 179,064 Tax discounts (197,121) (213,092) (171,697) Tax refunds (177,897) (40,771) 22,731) Total Ad Valorem Taxes 21,141,302 21,324,960 183,658 19,031,401 Cother Taxes: Local options sales tax 3,941,263 5,047,374 4,322,041 Cable TV franchise tax 3,341,263 5,047,374 4,322,041 Coble TV franchise tax 3,341,263 5,047,374 4,322,041 Coble TV franchise tax 3,341,263 6,367,304 5,789,002 Rental vehicle - gross receipts 73,868 69,605 82,181 Total Other Taxes 10,986,967 11,935,887 948,920 10,740,885
Revenues: Ad Valorem Taxes: Current year operations \$ 20,737,594 \$ 21,023,782 \$ 18,611,092 Prior year 466,500 387,818 435,673 Interest and penalties 152,226 167,223 179,064 Tax discounts (197,121) (213,092) (171,697) Tax refunds (17,897) (40,771) (22,731) Total Ad Valorem Taxes 21,141,302 21,324,960 183,658 19,031,401 Other Taxes: Local options sales tax 3,941,263 5,047,374 4,322,041 Cable TV franchise tax 536,038 451,604 547,661 One-half percent sales tax 6,435,798 6,367,304 5,789,002 Rental vehicle - gross receipts 73,868 69,605 82,181 Total Other Taxes 11,935,887 948,920 10,740,8
Ad Valorem Taxes: Current year operations \$ 20,737,594 \$ 21,023,782 \$ 18,611,092 Prior year 466,500 387,818 435,673 Interest and penalties 152,226 167,223 179,064 Tax discounts (197,121) (213,092) (171,697) Tax refunds (17,897) (40,771) (22,731) Total Ad Valorem Taxes 21,141,302 21,324,960 183,658 19,031,401 Other Taxes: Local options sales tax 3,941,263 5,047,374 4,322,041 Cable TV franchise tax 536,038 451,604 547,661 One-half percent sales tax 6,435,798 6,367,304 5,789,002 Rental vehicle - gross receipts 73,868 69,605 82,181 Total Other Taxes 10,986,967 11,935,887 948,920 10,740,885
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Cable TV franchise tax 536,038 451,604 547,661 One-half percent sales tax 6,435,798 6,367,304 5,789,002 Rental vehicle - gross receipts 73,868 69,605 82,181 Total Other Taxes 10,986,967 11,935,887 948,920 10,740,885
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Total Other Taxes 10,986,967 11,935,887 948,920 10,740,885
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:
Other unrestricted revenues 20,061 23,660 20,061
Utilities franchise tax 3,663,159 3,669,785 3,538,871
Beer and wine tax 269,474 291,246 272,651
Total Unrestricted Intergovernmental 3,952,694 3,984,691 31,997 3,831,583
Restricted Intergovernmental:
Federal forfeiture
NC DOT traffic control lights 115,186 127,197 118,700
Pitt County Rescue contribution - 267,000
Pitt County Fire contribution 9,005 6,754 11,256
Housing Authority Drug Grant 142,521 147,709 110,305
Special Federal, State and Local Grants 227,660 47,924 42,387
Federal Emergency Management Asst. 70,000 44,038 321,127
Section 104F Planning Grant 62,000 119,782 108,600
Law enforcement block grant 616,487 225,961 85,354
Other restricted intergovernmental revenue 211,493 421,000 61,185
Powell Bill - State allocation payment 1,791,121 1,912,098 1,680,629
Total Restricted Intergovernmental 3,245,473 3,052,463 (193,010) 2,806,543

				2004	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Licenses, Permits and Fees:	Budget	Actual	(regative)	Actual	
Privilege licenses	421,990	495,890		404,908	
Auto licenses	770,978	774,736		761,835	
Inspection fees	918,559	1,234,001		956,267	
State fire protection	202,740	202,740		202,740	
Planning department fees	188,545	240,327		223,490	
Police department fees	106,799	124,665		117,887	
Fire and rescue department fees	95,850	127,231		122,107	
Refuse fees	3,854,160	3,880,096		3,804,556	
Other permits and fees	103,937	119,491		106,148	
Total Licenses, Permits and Fees	6,663,558	7,199,177	535,619	6,699,938	
Sales and Services:					
Rescue fees	1,254,142	1,693,820		1,505,585	
Recreation department programs and fees	404,343	372,407		324,443	
Utilities street cuts	175,000	160,671		172,549	
Rents and concessions	110,300	101,087		100,115	
Other sales and services	787,051	1,286,888		665,376	
Pitt County Board of Education	225,570	210,338		210,338	
Total Sales and Services	2,956,406	3,825,211	868,805	2,978,406	
Investment earnings	119,662	596,187	476,525	202,589	
Other Revenues:					
Parking violation penalty	107,100	108,107		137,322	
Other revenues	45,696	135,967	· _	15,905	
Total Other Revenues	152,796	244,074	91,278	153,227	
Total Revenues	49,218,858	52,162,650	2,943,792	46,444,572	
Expenditures:					
General Government:					
Mayor and City Council:					
Salaries and benefits	39,985	35,475	4,510	30,796	
Operating expenses	305,344	245,719	59,625	228,930	
Fees paid to elected officials	56,800	56,786	14	58,504	
Total Mayor and City Council	402,129	337,980	64,149	318,230	
City Manager:					
Salaries and benefits	650,992	588,388	62,604	472,155	
Operating expenses	115,815	100,891	14,924	50,154	
Capital outlay	16,010	14,537	1,473	4,231	
Total Ciity Manager	782,817	703,816	79,001	526,540	

		2005		2004
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
	Budget	Actual	(Tregative)	rectual
City Clerk:				
Salaries and benefits	192,832	188,076	4,756	173,042
Operating expenses	57,782	63,388	(5,606)	46,314
Total City Clerk	250,614	251,464	(850)	219,356
City Attorney:				
Salaries and benefits	286,175	287,263	(1,088)	264,478
Operating expenses	27,480	27,800	(320)	22,608
Total City Attorney	313,655	315,063	(1,408)	287,086
Human Resources, Administrative:				
Salaries and benefits	1,082,598	975,048	107,550	843,343
Operating expenses	395,640	335,812	59,828	296,977
Total Human Resources - Administrative	1,478,238	1,310,860	167,378	1,140,320
Human Resources, Building Services:				
Salaries and benefits	108,206	107,617	589	178,126
Operating expenses	722,742	620,136	102,606	921,758
Capital outlay	17,750	16,491	1,259	57,700
Total Human Resources, Building Services	848,698	744,244	104,454	1,157,584
Total Human Resources	2,326,936	2,055,104	271,832	2,297,904
Financial Services:				
Salaries and benefits	1,014,649	994,663	19,986	899,743
Operating expenses	519,697	495,257	24,440	438,934
Capital outlay	800	798	2	875
Total Financial Services	1,535,146	1,490,718	44,428	1,339,552
Information Technology:				
Salaries and benefits	1,109,629	1,065,255	44,374	920,673
Operating expenses	1,119,804	820,147	299,657	444,604
Capital outlay	1,040,816	670,148	370,668	336,514
Total Information Technology	3,270,249	2,555,550	714,699	1,701,791
Development - Administration:				
Salaries and benefits	305,587	254,239	51,348	312,757
Operating expenses	18,597	18,166	431	15,425
Capital outlay	2,000		2,000	93,895
Total Development - Administration	326,184	272,405	53,779	422,077

	2005			2004	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Development - Land Development & Zoning:					
Salaries and benefits	567,426	562,447	4,979	489,575	
Operating expenses	25,766	22,321	3,445	16,595	
Capital outlay	1,200	1,200	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total Development - Land Dev. & Zoning	594,392	585,968	8,424	506,170	
Development - Long Range Planning:					
Salaries and benefits	192,974	196,081	(3,107)	199,234	
Operating expenses	25,935	15,661	10,274	18,379	
Capital outlay	220,232	48,194	172,038	98,323	
Total Development - Long Range Planning	439,141	259,936	179,205	315,936	
Development - Community Development:					
Salaries and benefits	96,018	78,931	17,087	81,709	
Operating expenses	14,573	13,360	1,213	13,628	
Total Development - Community Development	110,591	92,291	18,300	95,337	
Redevelopment Commission:					
Supplies and materials	24,000	23,723	277	282	
Capital outlay	87,748	82,762	4,986	37,253	
Total Development - Re-Development Commission	111,748	106,485	5,263	37,535	
Total Development	1,582,056	1,317,085	264,971	1,377,055	
Engineering:					
Salaries and benefits	1,065,924	998,158	67,766	893,827	
Operating expenses	1,315,452	1,201,227	114,225	1,126,177	
Capital outlay	232,143	23,549	208,594	146,067	
Total Engineering - General	2,613,519	2,222,934	390,585	2,166,071	
Inspections:					
Salaries and benefits	536,886	535,304	1,582	495,650	
Operating expenses	24,498	23,713	785	22,043	
Capital outlay				1,741	
Total Inspections	561,384	559,017	2,367	519,434	
Fleet Maintenance:					
Salaries and benefits	958,887	897,516	61,371	834,120	
Operating expenses	105,915	72,445	33,470	89,836	
Capital outlay	254,115	243,439	10,676	16,066	
Total Fleet Maintenance	1,318,917	1,213,400	105,517	940,022	
Total General Government	14,957,422	13,022,131	1,935,291	11,693,041	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES

IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

		2005		2004
	Final		Variance Positive	
DAM G.C.	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Public Safety: Fire and Rescue:				
Salaries and benefits	9 052 292	7 754 972	207.411	7 200 206
	8,052,283	7,754,872	297,411	7,289,386
Operating expenses Capital outlay	616,063 1,735,747	522,443	93,620	488,200
Total Fire and Rescue		611,324	1,124,423	359,902
Total Fire and Rescue	10,404,093	8,888,639	1,515,454	8,137,488
Police:				
Salaries and benefits	12,879,567	12,471,443	408,124	11,350,563
Operating expenses	1,582,788	1,665,712	(82,924)	1,331,599
Capital outlay	1,154,667	737,087	417,580	811,623
Total Police	15,617,022	14,874,242	742,780	13,493,785
Total Public Safety	26,021,115	23,762,881	2,258,234	21,631,273
Transportation:				
Administration:				
Salaries and benefits	460,188	433,656	26,532	529,422
Operating expenses	128,550	148,784	(20,234)	147,794
Capital outlay	309,000	1,830	307,170	
Total Administration	897,738	584,270	313,468	677,216
Buildings and Grounds:				
Salaries and benefits	943,253	922,550	20,703	905,706
Operating expenses	164,719	151,297	13,422	122,904
Capital outlay	337,160	266,854	70,306	108,303
Total Buildings and Grounds	1,445,132	1,340,701	104,431	1,136,913
Streets:				
Salaries and benefits	605,780	658,235	(52,455)	723,619
Operating expenses	217,871	198,956	18,915	164,113
Capital outlay	1,831,902	666,551	1,165,351	691,299
Total Streets	2,655,553	1,523,742	1,131,811	1,579,031
Airport:				
Salaries and benefits	-	15,484	(15,484)	2
Allotment	33,333	475	32,858	371
Total Airport	33,333	15,959	17,374	371
Total Transportation	5,031,756	3,464,672	1,567,084	3,393,531
Environmental Protection:				
Sanitation:				
Salaries and benefits	2,910,433	2,893,112	17,321	2,654,068
Operating expenses	412,988	447,487	(34,499)	373,116
Capital outlay	254,235	26,808	227,427	534,195
Total Sanitation	3,577,656	3,367,407	210,249	3,561,379
Total Environmental Protection	3,577,656	3,367,407	210,249	_3,561,379

		2005		2004
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Cultural and Recreational:				
Recreation:				
Salaries and benefits	1,532,341	1,403,590	128,751	1,412,833
Operating expenses	430,733	387,618	43,115	268,146
Capital outlay	429,672	461,181	(31,509)	72,782
Total Recreation	2,392,746	2,252,389	140,357	1,753,761
Parks:				
Salaries and benefits	1,382,209	1,359,951	22,258	1,290,083
Operating expenses	531,462	493,146	38,316	467,426
Capital outlay	104,562	177,916	(73,354)	216,895
Total Parks	2,018,233	2,031,013	(12,780)	1,974,404
Teen Center:				
Salaries and benefits	11,114	5,448	5,666	7,175
Operating expenses	14,658	16,261	(1,603)	15,508
Capital outlay		(+)		26,842
Total Teen Center	25,772	21,709	4,063	49,525
Library:				
Salaries and benefits	_	(15,169)	15,169	-
Allotment	-	2,344	(2,344)	5,169
Carver library renovation	21,896	20,016	1,880	79,117
Total Library	21,896	7,191	14,705	84,286
Sports Center:				
Salaries and benefits	41,303	43,118	(1,815)	125
Operating expenses	21,000	30,930	(9,930)	
Capital outlay	2,000	1,128	872	
Total Sports Center	64,303	75,176	(10,873)	
Total Cultural and Recreational	4,522,950	4,387,478	135,472	3,861,976
Total expenditures	54,110,899	48,004,569	6,106,330	44,141,200
Revenues over/(under) expenditures	(4,892,041)	4,158,081	9,050,122	2,303,372

		2005		2004
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers From Other Funds:				
Greenville Utilities Commission turnover	4,175,035	4,071,733	(103,302)	3,985,518
Greenville Utilities Commission, Street:				
Lighting reimbursement	494,000	449,378	(44,622)	477,667
Capital reserve fund	76,712		(76,712)	21,750
Transfers to Other Funds:				
Debt service fund	(4,612,820)	(4,863,279)	(250,459)	(3,202,951)
Public transportation fund	(239,161)	(202,439)	36,722	(99,301)
Sheppard Memorial Library Special revenue fund	(876,322)	(876,322)		(857,402)
Stormwater Utility fund	(235,699)	(235,699)		(235,699)
Cemetery fund	-	25	2	(210,000)
Clean Water Management fund	.*:		-	(3,041)
Capital reserve fund	(2,319,810)	(2,028,810)	291,000	(1,124,340)
Long term debt issued	2,411,054	2,411,054		1,496,221
Contingency	(250,107)	1.0	250,107	. ₽
Appropriated fund balance	6,269,159		(6,269,159)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,892,041	(1,274,384)	(6,166,425)	248,422
Excess of revenues and other financing sources				
over/(under) expenditures and other financing uses	-	2,883,697	\$ 2,883,697	2,551,794
Fund balance, Beginning of year - July 1st		23,031,474		20,479,680
Prior period adjustment		606,558		
Fund balance, Beginning of year - restated		23,638,032		20,479,680
Fund balance, End of year - June 30th		\$ 26,521,729		\$ 23,031,474

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2005

	-	Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund	-	Capital Project Funds		Total
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,768,493	\$	1,313,208	\$	12,652,312	\$	21,734,013
Accounts receivable, net		894		12		· ·		894
Interest receivable		3,499		: = 3				3,499
Loans receivable		389,031		12.0		73,279		462,310
Due from other funds		-		147		1,580		1,580
Due from other governments		88,131				31,241		119,372
Prepaid items and deposits		53,006	-				-	53,006
Total assets	\$	8,303,054	\$	1,313,208	\$	12,758,412	\$	22,374,674
Liabilities and Fund Balances:								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	14,125	\$	(2)	\$	34,375	\$	48,500
Due to other funds		652,390		:		875,884		1,528,274
Deferred revenue		395,440	-		=	73,279	-	468,719
Total liabilities	-	1,061,955	_	-	_	983,538	_	2,045,493
Fund Balances:								
Reserved by State statute		29,629		-				29,629
Reserved for prepaid items and inventories		53,006		-				53,006
Fund balance - unreserved - undesignated,	-	7,158,464		1,313,208	_	11,774,874	=	20,246,546
Total fund balances		7,241,099		1,313,208	-	11,774,874	_	20,329,181
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,303,054	\$	1,313,208	\$	12,758,412	\$	22,374,674

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total
Revenues:				
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ 547,684	\$ -	\$ 547,684
Restricted	2,631,637	×	858,021	3,489,658
Sales and services	226,248			226,248
Investment earnings	59,377	9,448	297,466	366,291
Other revenues	27,097		352,341	379,438
Total revenues	2,944,359	557,132	1,507,828	5,009,319
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Cultural and recreational	1,741,625	-		1,741,625
Economic and physical development	1,932,449	-	. 4	1,932,449
Capital outlay		-	7,978,570	7,978,570
Principal retirement		3,611,981	-	3,611,981
Interest and fees	<u> </u>	1,697,571		1,697,571
Total expenditures	3,674,074	5,309,552	7,978,570	16,962,196
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(729,715)	(4,752,420)	(6,470,742)	(11,952,877)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Long-term debt issued			15,985,000	15,985,000
Transfers from other funds	2,805,132	5,649,938	172,010	8,627,080
Transfers to other funds			(796,093)	(796,093)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,805,132	5,649,938	15,360,917	23,815,987
Net change in fund balances	2,075,417	897,518	8,890,175	11,863,110
Fund Balances: Fund balances, beginning of year - July 1st	5,165,682	415,690	2,884,699	8,466,071
1 and oatanees, regimming of year - July 18t		413,090	2,004,099	0,400,071
Fund balances, end of year - June 30th	\$ 7,241,099	\$ 1,313,208	\$ 11,774,874	\$ 20,329,181

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND

The Community Development Fund is established to account for United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) block grant proceeds allocated to the City for community development programs.

CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

The Capital Reserve Fund is used to accumulate funds to be used for future capital improvements. These improvements consist of construction and other capital projects.

SHEPPARD MEMORIAL LIBRARY

The Sheppard Memorial Library Fund is used to accumulate funds to provide the residents of the City of Greenville and Pitt County with a free public library.

HOUSING TRUST FUND

The Housing Trust Fund is established to account for Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grant proceeds allocated to the City for distribution as home buyer assistance loans to first time home purchasers.

SMALL BUSINESS LOAN PROGRAM

The Small Business Loan Program is established to account for proceeds from area banks for distribution as loans to small businesses meeting criteria established by the loan committee.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT HOME PROGRAM

The Community Development Fund is established to account for United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) home program grant proceeds allocated to the City for community development programs.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2005

		Community Development Fund		Capital Reserve Fund		Sheppard Memorial Library		Housing Trust Fund
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	322,427	\$	6,487,216	\$	699,241	\$	34,274
Accounts receivable, net		-		; ≠ ?:		894		(\$)
Interest receivable		14		3#3		3,499		
Loans receivable		127,285						21,210
Due from other governments		62,895		*		25,236		, -
Prepaid items and deposits	9		-			47,432	-	
Total assets	\$	512,607	\$	6,487,216	\$	776,302	\$	55,484
Liabilities and Fund Balances:								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,125	\$	-
Due to other funds		386,610		130,726		60,177		
Deferred revenue)	132,800		-	-	894	-	20,996
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	519,410		130,726		75,196	_	20,996
Fund Balances:								
Reserved by State statute		:=				29,629		
Reserved for prepaid items and inventories		17		(*)		47,432		0#4
Fund balance - unreserved - undesignated		(6,803)	=	6,356,490	-	624,045		34,488
Total fund balance	è	(6,803)	<u>y</u>	6,356,490	_	701,106	_	34,488
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	512,607	\$	6,487,216	\$	776,302	\$	55,484

Schedule C-1

	Small	C						
	Business	De	velopment					
Los	Loan Program		ne Program	Total				
\$	138,917	\$	86,418	\$	7,768,493			
			-		894			
	=		-		3,499			
	187,808		52,728		389,031			
	2				88,131			
	5,574	-		-	53,006			
\$	332,299	\$	139,146	\$	8,303,054			
\$		\$		\$	14 125			
Ψ	5,732	φ	60.145	Φ	14,125			
	-		69,145		652,390			
	187,808		52,942		395,440			
	193,540		122,087	20	1,061,955			
	-		-		29,629			
	5,574		-		53,006			
	133,185		17,059		7,158,464			
	138,759		17,059		7,241,099			
\$	332,299	\$	139,146	\$	8,303,054			

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Community Development Fund		-	Capital Reserve Fund	Sheppard Memorial Library			Housing Trust Fund
Revenues:								
Restricted	\$	1,048,993	\$	-	\$	781,368	\$	(24,500)
Sales and services						96,559		÷:
Investment earnings		(26,371)		83,578		912		309
Other revenues	<u>~</u>					25,545	_	1,552
Total revenues	=	1,022,622	_	83,578	_	904,384	-	(22,639)
Expenditures:								
Current;								
Cultural and recreational				92		1,741,625		2
Economic and physical development	<u>=</u> :	1,030,647	_		-		_	(35,500)
Total expenditures	-	1,030,647	ş	<u></u>		1,741,625		(35,500)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	===	(8,025)	_	83,578	_	(837,241)	_	12,861
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers from other funds	-			1,928,810		876,322	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	*	-	1,928,810	-	876,322	_	
Net change in fund balances		(8,025)		2,012,388		39,081		12,861
Fund Balances:								
Fund balances, beginning of year	-	1,222		4,344,102		662,025	_	21,627
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(6,803)	\$	6,356,490	\$	701,106	\$	34,488

Schedule C-2

	Small Business in Program	Dev	mmunity elopment e Program	Total				
\$	-	\$	825,776	\$	2,631,637			
	129,689				226,248			
	949		*		59,377			
ē .	*	-	E	-	27,097			
	130,638	: =	825,776	:1	1,838,159			
	- 171 700		- 905 (02		1,741,625			
	131,700		805,602	.—	1,932,449			
	131,700		805,602	0	3,674,074			
	(1,062)		20,174		(729,715)			
	<u>-</u>		=======================================	·-	2,805,132 2,805,132			
-	(1,062)		20,174	-	2,075,417			
	139,821		(3,115)	_	5,165,682			
\$	138,759	\$	17,059	\$	7,241,099			

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Project Authorization	_	Prior Years		Current Year	<u> </u>	Total
Revenues:							
CDBG Entitlement Program:							
Property owners matching fund	\$ 105,943	\$	94,694	\$	60,151	\$	154,845
Federal grant - HUD	9,635,000		7,680,088		951,686		8,631,774
Loan payments	307,199		312,329		37,156		349,485
Interest income	134,792		167,140		(26,371)		140,769
Sale of acquired property	104,930		106,966		in the		106,966
Total CDBG entitlement program	10,287,864	_	8,361,217	-	1,022,622		9,383,839
Expenditures:							
CDBG Entitlement Program:							
Administration	1,397,392		1,245,536		159,486		1,405,022
Rehab - third party owned dwellings	4,285,734		3,745,162		326,114		4,071,276
Rehab - rental	89,841		89,841		2		89,841
Outside agency funding	948,650		748,902		148,809		897,711
Acquisition dilapidated	531,267		515,154		16,113		531,267
Code enforcement	124,000		124,000		2		124,000
Conversion program	210,000		95,781		60,963		156,744
Small area revitalization	782,830		778,099		4,752		782,851
Demolition grants	18,000		14,553		7.2		14,553
Ecnom, Dev. Study - West Grn./Meadowbrook	69,255		13,493		26,000		39,493
Neighborhood input grants	2,964		2,963				2,963
Concentrated needs	1,622,299		860,901		267,760		1,128,661
Sewer oakgrove	25,482		15,130		()		15,130
Other expenses	60,000				0 € 0		
Administration	172,490		166,815		4		166,815
Clearance	40,900		37,930		20,650		58,580
Rehab-third party owned dwellings	105,757		105,754				105,754
Capital outlay	12,403	_	11,834		·		11,834
Total CDBG entitlement program	10,499,264	_	8,571,848		1,030,647		9,602,495
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(211,400)		(210,631)		(8,025)		(218,656)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In (Out):							
Transfer from other funds	353,900		354,353		s = 0.		354,353
Transfers to Small Business Loan Fund	(142,500)	_	(142,500)		<u></u>		(142,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	211,400	_	211,853			_	211,853
Revenues and other financing sources							
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$	1,222	\$	(8,025)	\$	(6,803)

CAPITAL RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

M.	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Investment earnings	<u>\$</u>	\$ 83,578	\$ 83,578
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers from other funds	2,219,810	1,928,810	(291,000)
Contingency	(2,219,810)		2,219,810
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,928,810	1,928,810
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ -	2,012,388	\$ 2,012,388
Fund Balances:			
Fund balances, beginning of year		4,344,102	
Fund balances, end of year		\$ 6,356,490	

SHEPPARD MEMORIAL LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

						Variance Positive
-		Budget		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:						
Restricted Intergovernmental:		400.161		120 161		
County of Pitt	\$	438,161	\$	438,161	\$	-
Town of Bethel		21,237		21,237		-
Town of Winterville		103,431		103,431		-
State aid		192,333		192,333		:=
Housing Authority		9,900		9,900		= 40.6
Other miscellaneous grants	-		_	7,436	_	7,436
Total restricted intergovernmental revenue	:===	765,062		772,498	-	7,436
Other Revenues:						
Fines and fees		86,816		91,890		5,074
Photocopies		4,869		4,669		(200)
Interest earnings		5,000		9,782		4,782
Miscellaneous		38,800	-	25,545	_	(13,255)
Total other revenues	-	135,485	-	131,886		(3,599)
Total revenues		900,547	p.	904,384	-	3,837
Expenditures:						
Cultural and Recreational:						
Salaries and benefits		1,213,398		1,142,722		70,676
Capital outlay		272,803		232,867		39,936
Maintenance and repairs		116,155		117,424		(1,269)
Other operating expenditures		274,022		248,612		25,410
Total expenditures		1,876,378		1,741,625	-	134,753
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(975,831)		(837,241)		138,590
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfer from other funds		876,322		876,322		-
Appropriated fund balance		99,509				(99,509)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2	975,831	ă -	876,322	_	(99,509)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses	\$			39,081	\$	39,081
Fund Balance, Beginning of year - July 1st			-	662,025		
Fund Balance, End of year - June 30th			<u>s</u>	701,106		

HOUSING TRUST FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	ProjectAuthorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total
Revenues:				
Restricted Intergovernmental:				
Grants	\$ 297,500	\$ 186,976	\$ (24,500)	\$ 162,476
Other Revenues:				
Investment earnings	4,265	6,578	309	6,887
Loan payments	7,210	13,699	1,552	15,251
Total other revenues	11,475	20,277	1,861	22,138
Total revenues	308,975	207,253	(22,639)	184,614
Expenditures:				
Secondary mortgage loan	150,000	35,500	(35,500)	(*)
Small area revitalization	19,332	19,330		19,330
Rehabilitation	221,113	215,374	2	215,374
Loans made	39,530	36,422	<u> </u>	36,422
Total expenditures	429,975	306,626	(35,500)	271,126
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(121,000)	(99,373)	12,861	(86,512)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers From:				
Community Development Fund	121,000	121,000		121,000
Revenues and other financing sources and appropriated fund balance over expenditures and				
other financing uses	\$ -	\$ 21,627	\$ 12,861	\$ 34,488

SMALL BUSINESS LOAN FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Project Authorization			Prior Years	CurrentYear			Total	
Revenues:									
Other Revenues:									
Bank contribution	\$	475,000	\$	448,243	\$	-	\$	448,243	
Loan payments		253,552		170,400		129,689		300,089	
Application fees		2,000		1,550		:=:		1,550	
Investment earnings		1,706		1,540	_	949		2,489	
Total revenues		732,258	_	621,733		130,638		752,371	
Expenditures:									
Administration		2,000		7		.=-		7	
Payments to banks		255,258		266,802		35,647		302,449	
Loans made		475,000		352,189		96,053		448,242	
Loan loss reserve		142,500		5,414		1.00 to		5,414	
Total expenditures		874,758	4	624,412		131,700	-	756,112	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(142,500)		(2,679)		(1,062)		(3,741)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers From:									
Community Development Fund		142,500	_	142,500	-		_	142,500	
Revenues and other financing sources and appropriated fund balance over expenditures and									
other financing uses	\$		\$	139,821	\$	(1,062)	\$	138,759	

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT HOME PROGRAM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Project Prior Authorization Years		Current Year	Total
Revenues:				
Restricted Intergovernmental				
Property owners matching funds	\$ 40,140.00	\$ 24,321.00	\$ 15,900.00	\$ 40,221.00
HUD - City of Greenville	5,692,480	3,177,867	754,325	3,932,192
NCHFA - City of Greenville	20,400	346	54.5	4
NCHFA - Other consortium members	13,600	120		121
Loan payments	14,010	11,444	5,551	16,995
American Dream grant	58,010		50,000	50,000
Total revenues	5,838,640	3,213,632	825,776	4,039,408
Expenditures:				
Rehabilitation 3rd party owners	1,805,982	1,163,589	108,757	1,272,346
Program administration	358,796	326,653	33,139	359,792
Rehab to owner occupants	62,875	62,875	12	62,875
Small area revitalization	5,000	5,000	-	5,000
Secondary mortgage assistance	249,490	166,409	75,000	241,409
American dream	58,010	.*	50,000	50,000
Transfers to other consortium members	3,298,487	1,492,221	538,706	2,030,927
Total expenditures	5,838,640	3,216,747	805,602	4,022,349
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	\$ (3,115)	\$ 20,174	\$ 17,059

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CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The purpose of the Capital Projects Funds is to account for the financial resources segregated for the acquisition of capital assets. The budget shown in the accompanying supplementary information is adopted for the life of the project. Proprietary fund capital projects are not reflected in the Capital Projects Funds, but in the respective enterprise funds. At June 30, 2005, the City had the following projects in the Capital Projects Funds:

CEMETERY DEVELOPMENT PROJECT – The Cemetery Development Project is established to account for funds to be used for the purchase and renovation of land for cemetery use.

FIRE TOWER PROJECT - The Fire Tower Project is established to account for funds used in the renovation of the fire training tower located on Chestnut Street.

MOYE-HOOKER ROAD PROJECT - The Moye-Hooker Road Project is established to account for funds used in the extension of Moye Boulevard to Hooker Road.

AFFORDABLE HOUSING PROJECT - The Affordable Housing Project is established to account for the funds that will increase opportunities for working families to become homeowners.

STORM DRAINAGE PROJECT - The Storm Drainage Project is established to account for the funds used in correcting drainage problems throughout the City.

CONVENTION CENTER PROJECT - The Convention Center Project is established to account for the funds used in the construction of the convention center.

SOUTHSIDE RECREATION CENTER PROJECT - The Southside Recreation Center Project is established to account for the funds that will be used in the construction of the Southside Recreation Center.

GREENE STREET BRIDGE RELOCATION AND STREETSCAPE IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT - The Greene Street Bridge Relocation and Streetscape Improvements Project is established to account for the funds that will be used in the relocation of Greene Street Bridge and Streetscape Improvements.

COMPUTERIZED TRAFFIC SIGNAL PROJECT - The Computerized Traffic Signal Project is established to account for the funds that will be used in the construction and acquisition of assets for a computerized traffic signal system.

RECREATION & PARKS AND PUBLIC WORKS FEMA PROJECT - The Recreation & Parks and Public Works FEMA Project is established to account for the funds that will be used in the construction, repair, or replacement of assets that were flood damaged or destroyed and that are approved for reimbursement through Federal Emergency Management Assistance (FEMA).

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM AND CLEAN WATER MANAGEMENT TRUST FUND - The Stormwater Management Program and the Clean Water Management Trust Fund is established to account for the funds that will be used in the implementation of a Stormwater Management Program and for specifically approved projects under the Clean Water Management Trust Fund.

GREENWAY PHASE II PROJECT - The Greenway Phase II Project is established to account for funds to be used in the second phase of developing the Greenway.

OXFORD ROAD BRIDGE PROJECT - The Oxford Road Bridge Project is established to account for funds to be used to construct a bridge located on Oxford Road.

FLOOD BUYOUT, RELOCATION, & REPLACEMENT PROJECT - The Flood Buyout, Relocation, & Replacement Project is established to account for the funds used in the purchase, relocation, and replacement of residences that were flooded during Hurricane Floyd. This project fund is funded through Federal and State grants.

CITY HALL FACILITY – The City Hall Facility fund is established to account for funds to be used for the renovation of a facility to which the existing City Hall offices and services will be relocated.

2005 COPS VARIOUS CITY PROJECTS – The 2005 COPS Various City Projects consists of renovation and expansion of City administrative facilities, including Municipal Building and the Greenville Utilities Commission Building, the construction and equipping of a fire/rescue station and training facility, the expansion and renovation of a City library and the development, renovation and expansion of City park facilities.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2005

		Cemetery velopment Fund	_	Fire Tower Project		Affordable Housing Project	4	Southside Recreation Center		Greene Street Bridge & Streetscape mprovements
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents Loans receivable Due from other funds	\$	359,086	\$	29,902	\$	975,714 73,279 1,580	\$	8,848	\$	(6,266)
Due from other governments		:	_		_	-	_			30,486
Total assets	\$	359,086	\$	29,902	\$	1,050,573	\$	8,848	\$	24,220
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	*.	\$	34,010	\$	ner	\$	255
Due to other funds		327,694				· -		9.0		60,684
Deferred revenue	-		_		_	73,279			-	
Total liabilities		327,694	_		_	107,289			_	60,939
Fund Balances:										
Fund balance - unreserved - undesignated	· ·	31,392	_	29,902	_	943,284		8,848	_	(36,719)
Total fund balance		31,392		29,902	_	943,284	_	8,848		(36,719)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	359,086	\$	29,902	\$	1,050,573	\$	8,848	\$	24,220

	Computerized Traffic Signal System	Recreation & Parks and Public Works FEMA Project	_	Greenway Phase II	_	Oxford Road Bridge Replacement	_	Flood Buyout Relocation & Replacement	_	2005 COPS Various City Projects	_	City Hall Facility	_	Total
\$	240,284	**	\$	191,345	\$	26,809	\$	194,721	\$	2,521,880	\$	7,724,207	\$	12,652,312 73,279 1,580
_		748	_		-		5		_		_		_	31,241
\$	240,291	\$ 386,530	\$	191,345	\$	26,809	\$	194,721	\$	2,521,880	<u>\$</u>	7,724,207	\$	12,758,412
\$	110	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	Ę	\$	34,375
_		487,506	-		-			<u>=</u>	_		:		_	875,884 73,279
	110	487,506	-		-		-		; -) -	<u>*</u>	_	983,538
_	240,181	(100,976)	_	191,345	_	26,809	_	194,721	_	2,521,880	_	7,724,207	_	11,774,874
	240,181	(100,976)	_	191,345	_	26,809	_	194,721	_	2,521,880	_	7,724,207	_	11,774,874
\$	240,291	\$ 386,530	\$	191,345	\$	26,809	\$	194,721	\$	2,521,880	\$	7,724,207	\$	12,758,412

	Cemetery Development Fund	Fire Tower Project	Moye-Hooker Road Project	Affordable Housing Project	Storm Drainage Project	Convention Center Project	Southside Recreation Center
Revenues:							
Restricted	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ -
Investment earnings	2,826	202	199	5,910	3	17,777	53
Other revenues				224,662		27,888	
Total revenues	\$ 2,826	\$ 202	\$ 199	\$ 230,572	<u>\$ 3</u>	\$ 45,665	<u>\$ 53</u>
Expenditures							
Current:							
Capital outlay	10,509		62,579	36,034		40,345	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	10,509		62,579	36,034		40,345	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(7,683)	202	(62,380)	194,538	3	5,320	53
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Long-term debt issued	-	-	5-1	4	·	-	2
Transfers from other funds	€			9	2"	3	9
Transfers to other funds	·		(8,922)		(512)	(786,659)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			(8,922)		(512)	(786,659)	
Net change in fund balances	(7,683)	202	(71,302)	194,538	(509)	(781,339)	53
Fund Balances: Fund balances, beginning of year - July 1st	39,075	29,700	71,302	748,746	509	781,339	8,795
Fund balances, end of year - June 30th	\$ 31,392	\$ 29,902	\$	\$ 943,284	<u>s</u> -	\$ -	\$ 8,848

Gre	eene Street		Recreation &						
В	Bridge &	Computerized	Parks and		Oxford Road	Flood Buyout	2005 COPS		
St	reetscape	Traffic Signal	Public Works	Greenway	Bridge	Relocation &	Various City	City Hall	
	provements	System	FEMA Project	Phase II	Replacement	Replacement	Projects	Facility	Total
\$	644,481	\$ -	\$ 34,286	\$ 136,514	\$ -	\$ 42,740	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 858,021
-	701	3,723	8,570	1,274	1,296	1,176	72,581	181,175	297,466
	, 01	3,723	67,875		1,200	.,.,.		31,916	352,341
			0.,0.0				-		352,511
\$	645,182	\$ 3,723	\$ 110,731	\$ 137,788	\$ 1,296	\$ 43,916	\$ 72,581	\$ 213,091	\$ 1,507,828
Ψ	043,162	Ψ 5,725	ψ 110,731	Ψ 157,700	1,200	45,710	Ψ 12,361	Ψ 215,051	Ψ 1,507,626
	022 527	70.053	0.45.000				2 (45 054	2 277 551	7 070 570
-	932,537	29,053	845,008	<u>.</u>	-		2,645,954	3,376,551	7,978,570
	020 525	00.050	0.45.000				0 (45 05 4	0.054.551	7 070 570
-	932,537	29,053	845,008	·			2,645,954	3,376,551	7,978,570
	(287,355)	(25,330)	(734,277)	137,788	1,296	43,916	(2,573,373)	(3,163,460)	(6,470,742)
		-	8	-	•	9	5,095,253	10,889,747	15,985,000
	-	10	172,010	=				-	172,010
									(796,093)
			172,010	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	5,095,253	10,889,747	15,360,917
	(287,355)	(25,330)	(562,267)	137,788	1,296	43,916	2,521,880	7,726,287	8,890,175
	(,,	(== ,== = = ,	(,,	,	-,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,,	.,,	-,,
	250,636	265,511	461,291	53,557	25,513	150,805	_	(2,080)	2,884,699
	200,000					100,000	*	(2,000)	2,001,000
\$	(36,719)	\$ 240,181	\$ (100,976)	\$ 191,345	\$ 26,809	\$ 194,721	\$ 2,521,880	\$ 7,724,207	\$ 11,774,874

CEMETERY DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total		
Revenues:						
Special Federal/State/Local grants	\$ 105,000	\$ 107,521	\$ -	\$ 107,521		
Interest earnings		1,036	2,826	3,862		
Total revenues	105,000	108,557	2,826	111,383		
Expenditures:						
Capital improvements	390,000	354,482	10,509	364,991		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(285,000)	(245,925)	(7,683)	(253,608)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Bonds issued	75,000	75,000	*	75,000		
Transfer to General Fund	(10,000)	(10,000)	2	(10,000)		
Transfer from General Fund	220,000	220,000		220,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	285,000	285,000		285,000		
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses	<u>s -</u>	\$ 39,075	\$ (7,683)	\$ 31,392		

FIRE TOWER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Project Authorization			Prior Years	Current Year		Total
Revenues:							
Interest earnings	\$	-	\$	1,582	\$ 202	\$	1,784
Fire rescue donation		5,000		5,000			5,000
Total revenues		5,000		6,582	202	_	6,784
Expenditures:							
Capital improvements		36,000		7,882	-	-	7,882
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(31,000)		(1,300)	202	-	(1,098)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfer from General Fund		31,000	3:	31,000	· ·		31,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	31,000	_	31,000	·	-	31,000
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)							
expenditures and other financing uses	\$		\$	29,700	\$ 202	\$	29,902

MOYE-HOOKER ROAD CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	
Revenues:		. 12		-	
Interest earnings	\$ 172,080	\$ 168,332	\$ 199	\$ 168,531	
Total revenues	172,080	168,332	199	168,531	
Expenditures:					
Engineering cost	413,418	405,029		405,029	
Construction	5,179,186	5,259,805	62,579	5,322,384	
Right of way	831,581	768,799	ä	768,799	
Contracted services	25,000	11,914		11,914	
Demolition	19,500	19,500		19,500	
Landscaping	160,705	100,704	*	100,704	
Bond administration cost	18,575	18,569	-	18,569	
Total expenditures	6,647,965	6,584,320	62,579	6,646,899	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,475,885)	(6,415,988)	(62,380)	(6,478,368)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds issued	2,300,000	2,300,000	-	2,300,000	
Transfer from other funds	4,175,885	4,187,290	(8,922)	4,178,368	
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,475,885	6,487,290	(8,922)	6,478,368	
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)					
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ 71,302	\$ (71,302)	<u>s -</u>	

AFFORDABLE HOUSING CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total
Revenues:				
Interest earnings	\$ 160,500	\$ 157,173	\$ 5,910	\$ 163,083
Loan payments	142,100	117,622	27,662	145,284
Sale of property	1,176,000	1,035,783	197,000	1,232,783
Total revenues	1,478,600	1,310,578	230,572	1,541,150
Expenditures:				
Bond administration cost	6,349	6,349	-	6,349
Home ownership	1,496,151	713,691	6,191	719,882
Land banking	733,000	688,274	*	688,274
Rehabilitation	243,100	153,993	29,843	183,836
Total expenditures	2,478,600	1,562,307	36,034	1,598,341
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,000,000)	(251,729)	194,538	(57,191)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds issued	1,000,000	1,000,475		1,000,475
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,000,000	1,000,475		1,000,475
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)				
expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$</u>	\$ 748,746	<u>\$ 194,538</u>	\$ 943,284

STORM DRAINAGE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Project Authorization	·		Total
Revenues:				
Interest earnings	\$ 159,533	\$ 160,038	\$ 3	\$ 160,041
Total revenues	159,533	160,038	3	160,041
Expenditures:				
Engineering cost	2,125	2,122	191	2,122
Construction	490,235	490,234	<u>.</u>	490,234
Bond administration cost	6,653	6,653		6,653
Total expenditures	499,013	499,009		499,009
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(339,480)	(338,971)	3	(338,968)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds issued	1,000,000	1,000,000	•	1,000,000
Transfer to Hooker Road Widening	(630,254)	(630,254)	(512)	(630,766)
Transfer to Moye-Hooker Road	(30,266)	(30,266)		(30,266)
Total other financing sources (uses)	339,480	339,480	(512)	338,968
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)				
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ 509	\$ (509)	<u>s -</u>

CONVENTION CENTER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Au	Project thorization	_	Prior Years	-	Current Year	_	Total
Revenues:								
Occupancy tax	\$	3,106,252	\$	3,106,253	\$	-	\$	3,106,253
Interest earnings		534,481		520,892		17,777		538,669
Miscellaneous		404,882		379,319		27,888		407,207
Convention and visitors authority	-	78,127		78,127			_	78,127
Total revenues	*	4,123,742		4,084,591	=	45,665		4,130,256
Expenditures:								
Bond administration cost		133,102		133,102				133,102
Land acquisition		1,776,056		1,776,056		-		1,776,056
Site improvement		294,982		294,983		ž.		294,983
Feasibility and design		58,079		58,079				58,079
Construction		6,436,455		6,402,486		40,345		6,442,831
Furnishings		396,320		396,308				396,308
Joint venture reimbursement		800,000		800,000		:±°		800,000
Cost of collection	-	33,121		33,121				33,121
Total expenditures	-	9,928,115	=	9,894,135	-	40,345	_	9,934,480
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>~</u>	(5,804,373)		(5,809,544)		5,320		(5,804,224)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Bonds issued		6,591,515		6,591,518		200		6,591,518
Transfer to Debt Service Fund		(786,507)				(786,659)		(786,659)
Transfer to General Fund		(1,207,772)		(1,207,772)				(1,207,772)
Transfer from General Fund		1,207,137		1,207,137				1,207,137
Total other financing sources (uses)	÷	5,804,373	_	6,590,883	-	(786,659)		5,804,224
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)								
expenditures and other financing uses	\$		<u>\$</u>	781,339	\$	(781,339)	\$	-

SOUTHSIDE RECREATION CENTER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total
Revenues:				
Interest earnings	\$ 191,535	\$ 218,970	\$ 53	\$ 219,023
Special Federal/State/Local grants	250,000	250,000		250,000
Total revenues	441,535	468,970	53	469,023
Expenditures:				
Bond administration cost	38,900	31,827	9	31,827
Land acquisition	805,000	815,193	5	815,193
Engineering & architectural	384,240	352,626		352,626
Construction	3,685,260	3,660,075	*	3,660,075
Equipment	97,000	156,836	·	156,836
Total expenditures	5,010,400	5,016,557		5,016,557
Excess of revenues over (under) exependitures	(4,568,865)	(4,547,587)	53	(4,547,534)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds issued	4,038,900	4,038,898	•	4,038,898
Transfer from Capital Reserve	408,000	408,000	ē	408,000
Transfer from General Fund	62,500	50,000	*	50,000
Transfer from Main Library Expansion	36,050	36,050	*	36,050
Transfer from Recreation & Parks Ctr. Exp.	4,600	4,609	2	4,609
Transfer from COPS Equipment fund	18,815	18,825		18,825
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,568,865	4,556,382	-	4,556,382
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)				
expenditures and other financing uses	<u> </u>	\$ 8,795	\$ 53	\$ 8,848

GREENE STREET BRIDGE RELOCATION AND
GREENE STREET STREETSCAPE IMPROVEMENTS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Aı	Project uthorization	Prior Years		Current Year		Total	
Revenues:								
NCDOT grant	\$	1,364,750	\$	54,858	\$ 644,4	181	\$ 699,3	39
Miscellaneous		<u>~</u>		1,621		(\underline{a})	1,6	21
Investment earnings				373	ş	01	1,0	74
Total revenues		1,364,750		56,852	645,	82	702,0	34
Expenditures:								
Greene street bridge relocation								
Engineering cost		125,000		86,468	7,9	000	94,3	68
Land acquisition		87,390		74,431			74,4	31
Construction		1,084,200		8,916	922,1	66	931,0	82
Greene street streetscape improvements:								
Engineering cost		52,300		35,241	2,4	71	37,7	12
Construction		414,700		<u>-</u>				
Total expenditures		1,763,590		205,056	932,5	37	1,137,5	93
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	6	(398,840)		(148,204)	(287,3	55)	(435,5	<u>59</u>)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfer from capital reserve		398,840		398,840		12	398,8	40
Total other financing sources (uses)	·	398,840		398,840	-	-	398,8	40
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)								
expenditures and other financing uses	\$	*	\$	250,636	\$ (287,3	55)	\$ (36,7	<u>19</u>)

COMPUTERIZED TRAFFIC SIGNAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	ProjectAuthorization		•		Current Year			Total
Revenues:								
Interest earnings	\$	430,000	\$	447,326	\$	3,723	\$	451,049
NCDOT grant		600,000		600,000		12		600,000
Miscellaneous	-			900	-	- 4		900
Total revenues	-	1,030,000	_	1,048,226	-	3,723	_	1,051,949
Expenditures:								
Bond administration cost		47,285		42,590		8.78		42,590
Engineering cost		813,000		822,485				822,485
Construction		2,695,000		2,659,817		21,588		2,681,405
Traffic signal maintenance facility		1,300,000	_	1,048,792	_	7,465	_	1,056,257
Total expenditures		4,855,285	-	4,573,684	-	29,053	-	4,602,737
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(3,825,285)	-	(3,525,458)	-	(25,330)	-	(3,550,788)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Bonds issued		3,825,285	-	3,790,969	-	-	-	3,790,969
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	3,825,285	-	3,790,969	-	<u> </u>		3,790,969
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)								
expenditures and other financing uses	\$	<u>·</u>	\$	265,511	\$	(25,330)	\$	240,181

RECREATION & PARKS AND PUBLIC WORKS FEMA PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total
Revenues:				
Federal emergency mgmt. assistance	\$ 2,377,086	\$ 2,287,040	\$ 34,286	\$ 2,321,326
Recreation donations	146,840	283,181	67,875	3.51,056
Recreation & parks trust	250,000	250,000	950	250,000
Investment earnings	4,000	17,493	8,570	26,063
Other income		11,107		11,107
Total revenues	2,777,926	2,848,821	110,731	2,959,552
Expenditures:				
River park north engineering	78,000	3,000	:) :	3,000
River park north site improvement	20,000	15,000	(#C	15,000
River park north construction	1,034,880	886,364	214,419	1,100,783
River park north furnishings	192,966	67,078	184,045	251,123
River park north exhibits	384,960	-	446,706	446,706
Recreation & parks projects	900,659	1,256,677	(162)	1,256,515
Public works projects	1,060,586	934,354		934,354
Total expenditures	3,672,051	3,162,473	845,008	4,007,481
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(894,125)	(313,652)	(734,277)	(1,047,929)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds issued	750,000	750,000	-	750,000
Transfer from General Fund	124,943	24,943	172,010	196,953
Appropriated fund balance	19,182			
Total other financing sources (uses)	894,125	774,943	172,010	946,953
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)				
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ 461,291	\$ (562,267)	\$ (100,976)

GREENWAY PHASE II SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		roject orization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total
Revenues:								
Interest earnings	\$	-	\$	599	\$	1,274	\$	1,873
Special Federal/State/Local grants		300,000				136,514		136,514
Total revenues	-	300,000		599	-	137,788		138,387
Expenditures:								
Construction		490,000	2	137,042				137,042
Total expenditures	2	490,000	-	137,042	_		_	137,042
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(190,000)	<u> </u>	(136,443)		137,788		1,345
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfer from Capital Reserve	-	190,000	_	190,000		-		190,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	190,000	-	190,000	_	-		190,000
Excess of revenues and other financing sources and								
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$		\$	53,557	\$	137,788	\$	191,345

OXFORD ROAD BRIDGE REPLACEMENT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

in the second se		Project horization	2	Prior Years		Current Year	_	Total
Revenues:								
Federal emergency management assistance	\$	192,247	\$	190,837	\$		\$	190,837
Interest earnings	7			254		1,296		1,550
Total revenues	i d	192,247		191,091		1,296	_	192,387
Expenditures:								
Engineering		15,645		-				
Construction	19-	294,500		283,476				283,476
Total expenditures		310,145		283,476			_	283,476
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	6 1	(117,898)		(92,385)		1,296		(91,089)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfer from Capital Reserve		117,898		117,898				117,898
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	117,898		117,898	-			117,898
Excess of revenues and other financing sources and								
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$		\$	25,513	\$	1,296	\$	26,809

FLOOD BUYOUT, RELOCATION, AND REPLACEMENT - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Project Authorization		 Prior Years		Current Year		Total
Revenues:							
Federal emergency mgmt. assistance	\$	42,672,934	\$ 28,067,369	\$	8,129	\$	28,075,498
State crisis housing assistance		10,012,152	2,822,376		22		2,822,376
NC flood appropriated funds		8,665,878	3,673,066		-		3,673,066
State tenant relocation funds		5,236,880	1,704,234		34,611		1,738,845
Investment earnings			 10,904		1,176		12,080
Total revenues	8	66,587,844	 36,277,949		43,916		36,321,865
Expenditures:							
Hazard mitigation phase I & II		42,672,934	28,069,170		12		28,069,170
State rehabilitation & relocation		10,012,152	2,801,048		9		2,801,048
NC flood appropriation - Rehabilitation		8,665,878	3,552,692		9		3,552,692
State tenant relocation assistance		5,236,880	 1,704,234				1,704,234
Total expenditures	:	66,587,844	 36,127,144				36,127,144
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$		\$ 150,805	\$	43,916	\$	194,721

2005 COPS - VARIOUS CITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

_		Project Authorization		Current Year	Total	
Revenues:						
Restricted intergovernmental revenue	\$	250,000	\$	-	\$	-
Interest earnings		150,000		72,581		72,581
Total revenues		400,000	-	72,581	-	72,581
Expenditures:						
Greenfield Terrace		399,131		343,899		343,899
Fire and rescue project		2,990,358		1,057,450		1,057,450
Guy Smith Stadium		900,000		730,308		730,308
SW Park Development		125,869		38,235		38,235
Carver Library		1,119,700		583,043		583,043
Bond administration cost				(106,981)		(106,981)
Total expenditures	-	5,535,058	_	2,645,954	_	2,645,954
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	2	(5,135,058)		(2,573,373)	_	(2,573,373)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
COPS issued		5,101,058		5,095,253		5,095,253
Transfer from other funds		34,000	-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	5,135,058	,—	5,095,253	, -	5,095,253
Excess of revenues and other financing sources and						
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$		\$	2,521,880	\$	2,521,880

CITY HALL FACILITY
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total
Revenues:				
Other income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,916	\$ 31,916
Interest earnings		5,129	181,175	186,304
Total revenues	*	5,129	181,175	218,220
Expenditures:				
Land and building acquisition	950,000	950,000		950,000
Design	570,000	432,209	91,362	523,571
Construction	8,202,945	-	3,160,376	3,160,376
Capital outlay	2,125,997	3	22,764	22,764
Bond administration cost	250,000		102,049	102,049
Total expenditures	12,098,942	1,382,209	3,376,551	4,758,760
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(12,098,942)	(1,377,080)	(3,195,376)	(4,540,540)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds issued	425,000	425,000	5	425,000
COPS issued	10,723,942	-	10,889,747	10,889,747
Transfer from Capital Reserve	950,000	950,000		950,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	12,098,942	1,375,000	10,889,747	12,264,747
Excess of revenues and other financing sources and				
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	\$ (2,080)	\$ 7,694,371	\$ 7,724,207

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The Enterprise Funds are established to account for enterprise operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business. The intent is that the cost of providing goods and services to the general public will be recovered primarily through user charges.

ELECTRIC FUND

The Electric Fund is established to account for the enterprise operation of providing power to the residents of the City.

WATER FUND

The Water Fund is established to account for the enterprise operation of providing water to the residents of the City.

SEWER FUND

The Sewer Fund is established to account for the enterprise operation of providing sewer services to the residents of the City.

GAS FUND

The Gas Fund is established to account for the enterprise operation of providing natural gas to the residents of the City.

AQUATICS AND FITNESS CENTER FUND

The Aquatics and Fitness Center Fund is established to account for the operations of the athletic center located at the Eastern Carolina Vocational Center on Station Road.

PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION FUND

The Public Transportation Fund is established to account for the user charges, fees, federal contributions, and all operating costs associated with the operation of the transit system of the City.

BRADFORD CREEK GOLF COURSE FUND

The Bradford Creek Golf Course Fund is established to account for the operations of the golf course located on Old Pactolus Road.

STORMWATER UTILITY FUND

The Stormwater Utility Fund is established to account for the operations of the Stormwater Utility operated through the Public Works Department of the City.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES, BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP) - ELECTRIC OPERATING FUND - MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	, 2004
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Revenues Revenues Very Control Revenues Cere and charges \$100,000 \$103,000			2005			
Coparising Records 1 (a)		Budget	Actual	Positive	Actual	
Rates and changes \$14,047,500 \$13,33,149 \$0,433,831 \$13,540,138 Discuss and changes 55,000 642,199 92,99 \$20,703 Miscellaneau 350,004 659,004 (207,041) 471,518 Miscellaneau 350,004 559,004 (207,041) 471,518 Mon-Operating Revenues: 375,000 797,232 22,232 502,525 EMA-Distance reinbursemens 775,000 797,232 22,232 502,525 EMA-Distance reinbursemens 775,000 359,409 329,409 150,405 EMA-Distance reinbursemens 143,426,941 339,209 329,409 150,205 Total revenues 143,426,941 319,209,833 421,709 377,709 Total revenues 143,426,941 319,209,833 421,7109 377,709 Presentiers 150,000 188,873 3,107 193,750 Presentiers 150,000 188,873 3,001 193,750 Operations 250,000 188,873 3,001 3,001						
Personal charges						
United previous particle plants 470,000 41,911 (20,000) 41,051 Miscellaneous 956,944 659.903 (207,041) 476,180 Miscellaneous 142651,944 158,083,182 (247,040) 476,180 Non-Operating Revenues: Bines on temporary investments 775,000 797,232 22,222 502,255 EMA/Instance reimbursments 9 339,439 329,439 75,000 SEMA/Instance reimbursments 143,469.44 319,209,53 421,700 728,000 Total revenues 143,469.44 139,209,53 421,700 377,704,00 Total revenues 143,469.44 188,873 3,907 193,320 Perpeditures 192,780 188,873 3,907 193,320 Operations 604,238 5,497,681 543,557 515,104 Operations 604,238 5,497,681 543,557 515,104 Operations 223,556 33,015 266,802 Operations 224,535 33,015 267,602	-		, ,	. , , ,		
Miscellaneous 95,944 65,903 207,004 74,818 Non-Operating Revenues: Hiterest on temporary investments 775,000 797,222 22,222 502,525 EMA/Insurance reimbursements 775,000 12,026 31,044 15,042 Miscellaneou 13,426,941 319,209 329,439 329,439 15,002 Total revenues 13,426,941 319,209,83 42,17,091 373,004 15,002 Total revenues 13,426,941 319,209,83 42,17,091 313,704,401 Total revenues 13,426,941 319,209,83 42,17,091 317,074,401 Total revenues 13,426,941 318,873 30,710 32,702,70 Total revenues 192,702 18,883 3,097 35,003 31,003,00 Total revenues 192,702 18,883 3,097 35,003 36,003 32,003 32,003 32,003 32,003 32,003 32,003 32,003 32,003 32,003 32,003		· ·				
Non-Operating Revenues:			•	.1 1 2		
Non-Operating Revenues	Miscellaneous					
Personal		142,651,944	138,083,182	(4,568,762)	136,980,892	
Personal	Non-Operating Revenues:					
Miscellaneous		775.000	797 232	22 232	502 255	
Miscellaneous - 32,943 329,439 75,000 775,000 1,126,671 351,671 723,000 70tal revenues 143,426,944 139,209,833 4,217,091 137,704,401 Expenditures Non-Departments 192,780 188,873 3,907 193,532 Operations 6,041,238 549,768 545,537 5,105,104 Capital 6,807,49 1,575,30 60,048 5,202,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,042 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200 60,048 5,002,200<		-	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-		
Total revenues 775,000 1,126,671 351,671 723,09 Total revenues 1,43,426,944 139,209,853 (4,217,091) 137,704,49 Expenditures 8 8 8 1,88,873 3,907 193,532 Personnel 192,780 188,873 3,907 193,532 Operations 68,074 15,753 330,21 34,616 Operations 68,074 15,753 330,21 34,616 Operations 276,571 223,556 330,15 26,922,50 Operations 276,571 223,556 33,142 166,183 Operations 26,02,266 127,839 13,427 166,183 Operations 26,02,266 127,839 13,427 166,183 Operations 33,455 25,699 1,757 92,762 Operations 29,852 28,171 18,139 246,83 Operations 29,9852 28,171 18,139 246,83 Operations 29,9852 28,171 <t< td=""><td>Miscellaneous</td><td>-</td><td>329,439</td><td>329,439</td><td></td></t<>	Miscellaneous	-	329,439	329,439		
Commende 143,426,944 139,209,853 (4,217,091) 137,704,494 Expenditures Component tentil Component tentil Component tentil Component tentil Component tentil Component tentil Standard 39,075 193,532 Component tentil Component tentil Standard 543,537 5,105,104 Component tentil Component tentil 260,207 5,702,307 600,485 543,232 260,206 Component tentil 260,207 600,485 543,232 260,206 Component tentil 260,206 278,339 134,427 166,185 260,206 278,339 134,427 166,185 260,206 260,206 278,339 134,427 166,185 260,206 260,206 260,206 278,339 278,426 278,426 278,426 278,426 278,426 278,426 278,426 278,426		775,000				
Personnel Pers						
Non-Department: Personnel 192,780 188,873 3,907 193,532 Operations 6,041,238 5,497,681 543,557 5,195,104 Capital 6,8774 15,753 53,021 34,615 Aprilad 6,802,792 5,702,307 600,485 5,43,252 Coverning Body Department: Personnel 276,571 223,556 53,015 269,262 Operations 262,226 127,339 134,427 160,185 Operations 262,226 127,339 134,427 160,185 Personnel 10,075 98,999 1,757 92,762 Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,537 Operations 299,852 281,713 18,139 24,889 Operations 281,713 18,139 24,889 Operations 281,713 18,139 24,889 Operations 281,713 18,139 24,889 Operat	Total revenues	143,426,944	139,209,853	(4,217,091)	137,704,491	
Personnel 192,780 188,873 3,907 193,510 Operations 6,041,238 5,497,681 543,557 5,195,104 Capital 6,8774 1,5153 33,012 34,615 6,802,000 5,702,307 600,488 5,423,251 Coverning Body Department: Personnel 276,571 223,556 53,015 266,926 Operations 262,266 127,339 134,427 166,185 Personnel 100,756 98,99 1,757 92,762 Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,557 Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,557 Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,557 Operations 49,985 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 49,985 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 49,946 517,047 132,179 656,985 Operations 41,945 176,103	Expenditures					
Operations 6,041,238 5,497,681 543,537 5,195,104 Capital 68,774 15,753 33,021 34,615 Agorana 68,074 15,753 33,021 34,615 Governing Body Department: 8,702,329 5,702,307 600,485 5,423,251 Personnel 276,571 223,556 53,015 266,926 Operations 262,266 127,839 134,427 166,185 Finance Department: 33,837 351,395 187,442 433,111 Finance Department: 100,756 98,999 1,757 92,762 Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,557 Operations 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 49,226 517,047 132,179 656,983 Capital 1,191,014 974,863 216,151 1,218,534 Personnel 1,143,571 1,162,33	Non-Department:					
Operations 6,041,238 5,49/,811 543,557 5,195,104 Capital 68,774 15,753 33,021 34,615 6,302,792 5,702,307 600.485 5,423,251 Coverning Body Department: Fersonnel 276,571 223,556 53,015 266,926 Operations 260,266 127,839 134,427 166,185 Fersonnel 100,756 98,999 1,757 92,762 Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,557 Operations 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations Cechnology Department: Personnel 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 649,226 517,047 132,179 656,985 Capital 1,191,014 974,863 216,151 1218,534 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Operations 339,447 274,862	Personnel	192,780	188,873	3,907	193,532	
Gapital 68,774 15,753 33,021 34,615 Governing Body Department: 8,702,307 600,485 5,423,251 Personnel 276,571 223,555 53,015 266,926 Operations 262,266 127,839 134,427 166,185 Personnel 338,837 351,395 187,442 166,185 Finance Department: Fersonnel 100,756 98,999 1,757 92,762 Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,557 Operations 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 241,936 176,103 26,333 314,719 Operations 241,936 176,103 26,333 314,719 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Operations 339,447 274,862 <td>Operations</td> <td>6,041,238</td> <td>5,497,681</td> <td>543,557</td> <td>*</td>	Operations	6,041,238	5,497,681	543,557	*	
Governing Body Department: Personnel 276,571 223,556 53,015 266,926 Operations 262,266 127,839 134,427 166,185 538,837 351,395 187,442 433,111 Finance Department: Finance Department: Personnel 100,756 98,999 1,757 92,762 Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,557 Operations 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 649,226 517,047 132,179 656,985 Capital 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 Capital 1,191,014 974,863 216,515 1,218,534 Capital 1,143,571 1,116,233 27,338 1,065,485 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,885 161,699 Capital 1,750,018 1,391,095 109,523 1,227,134 Capital in Jos,102 1,76	Capital	68,774	15,753	53,021		
Personnel 276,571 223,556 53,015 266,926 Operations 262,266 127,839 134,427 166,185 538,837 351,395 187,442 433,111 Finance Department: Personnel 100,756 98,999 1,757 92,762 Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,557 Information Technology Department: Personnel 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 649,226 517,047 132,179 656,985 Capital 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 Customer Relations Department: Personnel 1,143,571 1,116,233 27,338 1,065,485 Operations 339,447 27,4862 64,585 161,649 Operations 339,447 1,116,233 27,338 1,065,485 Operations 339,447 1,7600 - 1,7600 - Capital 17,500,618		6,302,792	5,702,307	600,485	5,423,251	
Operations 262,266 127,839 134,427 166,185 538,837 351,395 187,442 433,111 Finance Department: Personnel 100,756 98,999 1,757 92,762 Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,557 Information Technology Department: Personnel 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 649,226 517,047 132,179 656,985 Capital 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 Customer Relations Department:	Governing Body Department:					
Operations 262,266 127,839 134,427 166,185 538,837 351,395 187,442 433,111 Finance Department: Personnel 100,756 98,999 1,757 92,762 Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,557 Information Technology Department: 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 649,226 517,047 132,179 656,985 Capital 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 Personnel 1,191,014 974,863 26,151 1,218,534 Customer Relations Department: Personnel 1,143,571 1,116,233 27,338 1,065,485 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Operations 1,500,618 1,391,995 109,523 1,227,134 Support Services Department: Personnel 1,975		276,571	223,556	53,015	266,926	
Personnel 100,756 98,999 1,757 92,762 92,762 135,711 124,648 11,663 115,319	Operations	262,266	127,839	134,427		
Personnel 100,756 98,999 1,757 92,762 Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,557 135,711 124,648 11,063 115,319 Information Technology Department: Personnel 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 649,226 517,047 132,179 656,985 Capital 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 Personnel 1,191,014 974,863 216,151 1,218,534 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,885 161,649 Capital 17,600 - 17,600 - Capital 1,500,618 1,391,095 109,523 1,227,134 Support Services Department: Personnel 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,515 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915		538,837	351,395	187,442	433,111	
Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,557 135,711 124,648 11,063 115,319 Information Technology Department: Personnel 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 649,226 517,047 132,179 656,985 Capital 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 1,191,014 974,863 216,151 1,218,534 Customer Relations Department: Personnel 1,143,571 1,116,233 27,338 1,065,485 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Capital 17,600 - 17,600 - Capital 1,500,618 1,391,095 109,523 1,227,134 Support Services Department: Personnel 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,315 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467	Finance Department:					
Operations 34,955 25,649 9,306 22,557 Information Technology Department: Personnel 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 649,226 517,047 132,179 656,985 Capital 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 Customer Relations Department: Personnel 1,143,571 1,116,233 27,338 1,065,485 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Capital 1,500,618 1,391,095 109,523 1,227,134 Capital 1,500,618 1,391,095 109,523 1,227,134 Support Services Department: Personnel 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,315 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Operations 67,520 67,667 53 80,873	Personnel	100,756	98,999	1,757	92.762	
Personnel 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 Operations 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 Operations Department: 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 Operations Department: 241,936 1,116,233 27,338 1,065,485 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Operations 1,500,618 1,391,095 109,523 1,227,134 Operations 2,505,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 2,35	Operations	34,955	25,649	=		
Personnel 299,852 281,713 18,139 246,830 Operations 649,226 517,047 132,179 656,985 Capital 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 Customer Relations Department: Personnel 1,191,014 974,863 216,151 1,218,534 Personnel 1,143,571 1,116,233 27,338 1,065,485 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Capital 17,600 - 17,600 - Support Services Department: Personnel 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,315 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873		135,711	124,648			
Operations 649,226 517,047 132,179 656,985 Capital 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 Customer Relations Department: Personnel 1,143,571 1,116,233 27,338 1,065,485 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Capital 17,600 - 17,600 - Support Services Department: Personnel 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,315 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873	Information Technology Department:					
Operations 649,226 517,047 132,179 656,985 Capital 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 Customer Relations Department: Personnel 1,143,571 1,116,233 27,338 1,065,485 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Capital 17,600 - 17,600 - Support Services Department: 1,590,618 1,391,095 109,523 1,227,134 Support Services Department: 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,315 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873	Personnel	299,852	281,713	18,139	246 830	
Capital 241,936 176,103 65,833 314,719 1,191,014 974,863 216,151 1,218,534 Customer Relations Department: Personnel 1,143,571 1,116,233 27,338 1,065,485 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Capital 17,600 - 17,600 - Support Services Department: 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,315 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873	Operations	649,226	517,047			
Customer Relations Department: 1,191,014 974,863 216,151 1,218,534 Customer Relations Department: Personnel 1,143,571 1,116,233 27,338 1,065,485 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Capital 17,600 - 17,600 - Support Services Department: Personnel 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,315 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873	Capital	241,936	176,103			
Personnel 1,143,571 1,116,233 27,338 1,065,485 Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Capital 17,600 - 17,600 - 1,500,618 1,391,095 109,523 1,227,134 Support Services Department: Personnel 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,315 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873		1,191,014	974,863	216,151	1,218,534	
Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Capital 17,600 - 17,600 - Support Services Department: 1,500,618 1,391,095 109,523 1,227,134 Personnel 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,315 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873	Customer Relations Department:					
Operations 339,447 274,862 64,585 161,649 Capital 17,600 - 17,600 - 1,500,618 1,391,095 109,523 1,227,134 Support Services Department: Personnel 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,315 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873		1,143,571	1,116,233	27,338	1,065,485	
Support Services Department: 1,500,618 1,391,095 109,523 1,227,134 Personnel 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,315 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873	•	339,447	274,862	64,585		
Support Services Department: Personnel 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,315 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873	Capital	17,600		17,600		
Personnel 1,975,850 1,909,224 66,626 1,754,315 Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873		1,500,618	1,391,095	109,523	1,227,134	
Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873	Support Services Department:					
Operations 2,595,552 2,357,289 238,263 2,169,915 Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873		1,975,850	1,909,224	66,626	1,754,315	
Capital 67,520 67,467 53 80,873		2,595,552		238,263		
	Capital	67,520	67,467	53		
		4,638,922	4,333,980	304,942	4,005,103	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES, BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP) - ELECTRIC OPERATING FUND - MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		2004		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Utility Locating Services:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Personnel	63,516	62,348	1,168	63,394
Operations	13,949	12,570	1,379	12,059
	77,465	74,918	2,547	75,453
Electric Department:				
Personnel	3,264,755	3,200,790	63,965	3,336,849
Operations	119,430,342	115,927,049	3,503,293	113,459,085
Capital	6,346,488	6,149,278	197,210	5,387,030
	129,041,585	125,277,117	3,764,468	122,182,964
Total expenditures	143,426,944	138,230,323	5,196,621	134,680,869
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		979,530	979,530	3,023,622
OH PL 1 O (II)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Intra-fund transfers				45-4-0-0
				(674,880)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(674,880)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)				
expenditures and other financing uses	<u> </u>	\$ 979,530	\$ 979,530	\$ 2,348,742
Reconciliation to Full Accrual Basis From Modified Accrual Basis:				
Revenues over (under) expenditures		\$ 979,530		\$ 2,348,742
Budgetary appropriations - capital		6,408,601		5,817,237
Budgetary appropriations - debt principal		1,234,748		1,235,288
Depreciation		(6,837,344)		(6,732,783)
Changes in bond interest accrual		14,947		31,469
Amortization of bond premium/discount Capitalization of bond interest		(16,456)		(16,232)
Intra-fund transfers		5		74,879
Changes in unrealized gains/losses on investments		(30,730)		674,880
Revenue recognized in Capital Projects		151,159		(259,148) 71,786
5		924,925		897,376
		J27,723		071,310
Change in net assets - GAAP Basis		\$ 1,904,455		\$ 3,246,118

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES, BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP) - WATER OPERATING FUND - MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		2005		2004
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Expenditures:			(rog.m.,o)	1100000
Operating Revenues:				
Rates and charges	\$ 10,011,000	\$ 9,620,951	\$ (390,049)	\$ 9,253,692
Fees and charges	435,100	475,413	40,313	416,585
Miscellaneous	32,600	26,767		49,527
	10,478,700	10,123,131	(355,569)	9,719,804
Non-Operating Revenues:	···		(5-1)-1-7	3,123,001
Interest on temporary investments	68,200	82,047	13,847	102,524
FEMA/Insurance reimbursements				(8,750)
Miscellaneous		23,704	23,704	207
	68,200	105,751	37,551	93,981
Total revenues	10,546,900	10,228,882	(318,018)	9,813,785
Expenditures				
Non-Department:				
Personnel	109,865	106,054	3,811	101,199
Operations	4,143,719	4,084,173	59,546	4,069,659
Capital	26,006	72,512		2,387
	4,279,590	4,262,739	16,851	4,173,245
Governing Body Department:				
Personnel	144,552	121,146	23,406	140,825
Operations	1,116,002	1,387,498	(271,496)	821,043
	1,260,554	1,508,644	(248,090)	961,868
Finance Department:				
Personnel	100,756	98,999	1,757	92,762
Operations	34,955	25,308	9,647	22,525
	135,711	124,307	11,404	115,287
Information Technology Department:	G.			
Personnel	299,852	282,151	17,701	246,982
Operations	40,576	33,564	7,012	41,078
Capital	15,121	11,006	4,115	25,784
	355,549	326,721	28,828	313,844
Customer Relations Department:				
Personnel	212,744	204,414	8,330	196,913
Operations	31,692	47,242	(15,550)	32,053
Capital	1,100		1,100	-
	245,536	251,656	(6,120)	228,966
Support Services Department:				
Personnel	422,210	420,490	1,720	391,502
Operations	284,420	254,042	30,378	227,199
Capital	4,220	4,217	3	5,055
	710,850	678,749	32,101	623,756

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES, BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP) - WATER OPERATING FUND - MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		2005		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2004 Actual
Expenditures:		*	*	*
Hellity Logating Samulage				
Utility Locating Services: Personnel	63,516	62,185	1,331	63,392
Operations	13,949	10,844	3,105	12,059
	77,465	73,029	4,436	75,451
Water Department:	2 100 207	2.277.102	100 104	0.000.004
Personnel Operations	2,388,287	2,266,103	122,184	2,082,284
Capital	1,902,939 887,008	1,874,488 883,228	28,451 3,780	1,666,738 833,204
	5,178,234	5,023,819	154,415	4,582,226
	} 			
Total expenditures	12,243,489	12,249,664	(6,175)	11,074,643
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(1,696,589)	(2,020,782)	(324,193)	(1,260,858)
Other Financiae Comment (III)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Contractor's Contributions		1,061,144	1,061,144	117.000
Appropriated fund balance	1,696,589	1,001,144	(1,696,589)	115,882
Intra-fund transfers		(20,429)	(20,429)	(52,820)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,696,589	1,040,715	(655,874)	62.062
Total other maneing sources (uses)	1,070,387	1,040,713	(033,874)	63,062
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)				
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ (980,067) \$	(980,067) \$	(1,197,796)
·	((<u> </u>	
Reconciliation to Full Accrual Basis From Modified Accrual	Basis:			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		\$ (980,067)	s	(1,197,796)
Budgetary appropriations - capital		970,963		966 420
Budgetary appropriations - debt principal		1,632,986		866,430 1,546,535
Depreciation		(2,698,370)		(2,606,781)
Changes in bond interest accrual		20,443		165,553
Amortization of bond premium/discount		(10,751)		(10,856)
Capitalization of bond interest		32,056		1,095,023
Intra-fund transfers		20,429		52,820
Changes in unrealized gains/losses on investments		35,741		(62,478)
Revenue recognized in Capital Projects		223,422		678,799
Revenue recognized in Capital Reserve		4,537	,3—	6,062
		231,456	: <u>-</u>	1,731,107
Change in Net Assets - GAAP Basis		\$ (748,611)	<u>s</u>	533,311

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES, BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP) - SEWER OPERATING FUND - MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		2005				2004
	Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual
Revenues:						-
Operating Revenues:						
Rates and charges	\$ 10,969,920	\$ 10,882	,171 \$	(87,749)	\$	10,157,629
Fees and charges	387,500	440	,702	53,202		1,328,052
Miscellaneous	29,000	16	,765	(12,235)		44,822
	11,386,420	11,339	,638	(46,782)	-	11,530,503
Non-Operating Revenues:						
Interest on temporary investments	167,825	171	,704	3,879		105,136
Pitt County Dev. Comm.	430,438	430	,438	: -		430,438
FEMA/Insurance reimbursements	25		₹8			36,786
Miscellaneous		19	,045	19,045		99,492
	598,263	621	,187	22,924	_	671,852
Total revenues	11,984,683	11,960	,825	(23,858)		12,202,355
Expenditures						
Personnel Personnel	27.000	2.4	140	2.011		27.022
Operations	37,960 4,721,032		,149	3,811 (26,180)		37,233
Capital	24,818	4,747	,512	9,306		4,597,996 2,387
Сарпа	4,783,810	4,796	_	(13,063)		
	4,783,810	4,790	,073	(13,003)	_	4,637,616
Governing Body Department:						
Personnel	144,552	121	,147	23,405		140,825
Operations	171,002	101	,715	69,287		100,418
	315,554	222	,862	92,692		241,243
Finance Department:						
Personnel	100,756	98	,999	1,757		92,761
Operations	34,955		,307	9,648		22,525
	135,711		,306	11,405		115,286
To form the Tooks to be December 1						
Information Technology Department: Personnel	299,852	281	814	18,038		246,603
Operations	40,576		,448	7,128		41,009
Capital	15,121		,006	4,115		25,784
Capital	355,549	-	268	29,281		313,396
Customer Relations Department:						
Personnel	212,744	204		8,333		196,909
Operations	31,692	47	036	(15,344)		27,555
Capital	1,100		<u> </u>	1,100		
	245,536	251	447	(5,911)		224,464
Support Services Department:						
Personnel	88,881	118	341	(29,460)		104,847
Operations	235,655	243		(7,688)		204,219
Capital	4,220	4	217	3_		5,055
	328,756	365,	901	(37,145)		314,121

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES, BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP) - SEWER OPERATING FUND - MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

			2005		2004	
	Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Utility Locating Services:	Buaget		Accual	(Negative)	Actual	_
Personnel	63,516		62,186	1,330	63,3	03
Operations	13,949		10,844	3,105	12,0	
	77,465	_	73,030	4,435	75,4	
Sewer Department:						
Personnel	2,529,112		2,267,528	261,584	2,153,63	24
Operations	2,333,419		2,041,065	292,354	1,786,29	99
Capital	879,771		823,945	55,826	864,4	14
	5,742,302	_	5,132,538	609,764	4,804,33	<u>37</u>
Total expenditures	11,984,683		11,293,225	691,458	10,725,91	15
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	-	33	667,600	667,600	1,476,44	40
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Contractor's Contributions			2,050,568	2,050,568	256,59	
Intra-fund transfers		Fig	<u>·</u>		(578,42	<u>23)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		2,050,568	2,050,568	(321,82	26)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses	\$	\$	2,718,168	\$ 2,718,168	\$ 1,154,61	14
Reconciliation to Full Accrual Basis From Modified Accrual Basis:						
Revenues over (under) expenditures		\$	2,718,168		\$ 1,154,61	14
Budgetary appropriations - capital			854,680		897,64	10
Budgetary appropriations - debt principal			2,627,967		2,511,22	20
Depreciation			(3,189,386)		(3,082,84	ļ 5)
Changes in bond interest accrual			(228,816)		(14,46	
Amortization of bond premium/discount			(40,962)		(40,98	
Capitalization of bond interest Intra-fund Transfers			338,338		222,28	
Changes in unrealized gains/losses on investments			15,224		578,42	
Revenue recognized in Capital Projects			502,373		(82,64 319,72	-
Revenue recognized in Capital Reserve			158		31,20	
		-	879,576		1,339,56	
Change in Net Assets - GAAP Basis		\$	3,597,744		\$ 2,494,17	5

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES, BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP) - GAS OPERATING FUND - MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		2005		2004
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues:				
Operating Revenues: Rates and charges Fees and charges	\$ 30,800,000 172,000	169,409	(2,591)	149,525
Miscellaneous	32,500	16,924	(15,576)	86,977
Non-Operating Revenues:	31,004,500	30,797,659	(206,841)	24,294,945
Interest on temporary investments Pitt County Dev. Comm. FEMA/Insurance reimbursements	37,000 35,000	44,985 35,000	7,985	40,302 35,000 (1,677)
Miscellaneous		45,235	45,235	1,262
	72,000	125,220	53,220	74,887
Total revenues	31,076,500	30,922,879	(153,621)	24,369,832
Expenditures				
Non-Department:				
Personnel Operations	59,322	55,559	3,763	54,916
Capital	2,187,572 22,442	2,207,464 15,566	(19,892) 6,876	2,094,084 4,535
	2,269,336	2,278,589	(9,253)	2,153,535
Governing Body Department:				
Personnel	153,353	127,973	25,380	149,231
Operations	166,143	85,089	81,054	111,853
Finance Department:	319,496	213,062	106,434	261,084
Personnel	100,756	98,999	1,757	92,761
Operations	34,955	25,308	9,647	22,531
.8	135,711	124,307	11,404	115,292
Information Technology Department:	***			
Personnel Operations	299,852 81,154	283,389 65,762	16,463 15,392	247,641 81,752
Capital	30,242	22,013	8,229	45,046
	411,248	371,164	40,084	374,439
Customer Relations Department:			-	
Personnel	274,799	265,198	9,601	254,815
Operations Capital	52,209 2,200	61,264	(9,055) 2,200	30,862
Capital	329,208	326,462	2,746	285,677
Support Services Department:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Personnel	349,407	358,179	(8,772)	323,166
Operations Carried	406,473	398,747	7,726	372,088
Capital	8,440 764,320	765,359	(1,039)	10,109
Utility Locating Services:	704,320	703,339	(1,039)	705,363
Personnel	63,516	62,195	1,321	63,391
Operations	13,949	11,057	2,892	12,058
	77,465	73,252	4,213	75,449
Gas Department:				
Personnel Operations	1,348,072 24,521,723	1,283,976 23,287,286	64,096 1,234,437	1,249,852
Capital	1,153,437	1,045,105	108,332	18,143,725 1,076,234
	27,023,232	25,616,367	1,406,865	20,469,811
	() //			
Total expenditures	31,330,016	29,768,562	1,561,454	24,440,650
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(253,516)	1,154,317	1,407,833	(70,818)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES, BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP) - GAS OPERATING FUND - MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	·	2004		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Appropriated fund balance	253,516	-	(253,516)	
Intra-fund transfers				(106,875)
Total other financing sources (uses)	253,516		(253,516)	(106,875)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)				
expenditures and other financing uses	<u> </u>	\$ 1,154,317	\$ 1,154,317	\$ (177,693)
Reconciliation to Full Accrual Basis From Modified Accrual Basis:				
Revenues over (under) expenditures				
Budgetary appropriations - capital		1,091,117		1,135,924
Budgetary appropriations - debt principal		783,212		741,619
Depreciation		(1,334,527)		(1,142,081)
Changes in bond interest accrual		9,309		1,457
Amortization of bond premium/discount		(5,570)		(5,667)
Capitalization of bond interest				205,149
Intra-fund transfers		(0.505)		106,875
Changes in unrealized gains/losses on investments Changes in gains/losses on forward contracts		(8,505)		(27,476)
Revenue recognized in Capital Projects		11,100 41,076		(37,900)
Revenue recognized in Capital Reserve		1,020		29,263 719
Change in net assets - GAAP basis		\$ 1,742,549		\$ 830,189

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

	an	Aquatic d Fitness	Public Transportation Fund		Bradford Creek Golf Course Fund		Stormwater Utility Fund			Total
Assets:					>:					
Current Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,996	\$	_	\$	86,789		1,799,207	\$	1,896,992
Accounts receivable, net		20,314		2,861				180		23,175
Due from other governments		873		616,443		1,195		176,028		794,539
Due from other funds				-				257,372		257,372
Inventories		٠				14,197				14,197
Prepaid items and deposits	0					862				862
Total current assets		32,183	_	619,304	_	103,043		2,232,607	_	2,987,137
Noncurrent Assets:										
Capital assets, net		35,850		1,598,483		3,273,715		324,096		5,232,144
Total noncurrent assets		35,850		1,598,483	_	3,273,715	_	324,096		5,232,144
Total assets	\$	68,033	\$	2,217,787	\$	3,376,758	\$	2,556,703	\$	8,219,281
Liabilities:										
Current Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	S	34,456	\$	37,758	\$	43,429	\$	75,436	\$	191,079
Due to other funds		27,420		1,321		177,561		84,318		290,620
Deferred revenue		2		3.5		12		431,722		431,722
Compensated absences payable		17,444		27,875		24,263				69,582
Current maturities of long-term debt				11,748	_	156,360	_	57,458	_	225,566
Total current liabilities	-	79,320	_	78,702		401,613	_	648,934	-	1,208,569
Noncurrent Liabilities										
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt				:	_	1,024,833		156,120		1,180,953
Total noncurrent liabilities	A		=		_	1,024,833		156,120		1,180,953
Total liabilities	-	79,320		78,702		1,426,446		805,054		2,389,522
Net Assets:										
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		35,850		1,586,735		2,092,522		110,518		3,825,625
Unrestricted net assets	-	(47,137)	_	552,350		(142,210)	_	1,641,131	_	2,004,134
Total net assets	\$	(11,287)	\$	2,139,085	\$	1,950,312	\$	1,751,649	\$	5,829,759

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	aı	Aquatic nd Fitness enter Fund	Tra	Public ansportation Fund		Bradford Creek Golf Course Fund	Si	tormwater Utility Fund		Total
Operating Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	523,252	\$	113,081	\$	897,180	\$	2,668,931	\$	4,202,444
Other operating revenues				549	120	(11,531)				(10,982)
Total operating revenue	-	523,252		113,630	.00	885,649		2,668,931		4,191,462
Operating Expenses:										
Administrative and general		~		39,527		-		20		39,527
Operations and maintenance		513,542		747,780		705,614		1,508,055		3,474,991
Depreciation and amortization		23,402		212,432	_	80,031	4	33,064		348,929
Total operating expenses	-	536,944		999,739		785,645		1,541,119		3,863,447
Operating income (loss)	Ų.	(13,692)		(886,109)		100,004	-	1,127,812		328,015
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):										
Investment earnings		59		1,332		520		9,401		11,312
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		-		907,569				:=1		907,569
Interest expense				(771)		(39,247)		(5,195)		(45,213)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		59	0	908,130	-	(38,727)		4,206		873,668
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions		(13,633)		22,021		61,277		1,132,018		1,201,683
Transfers from General Fund				202,439		-		235,699	_	438,138
Change in net assets		(13,633)		224,460		61,277		1,367,717		1,639,821
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	2,346		1,914,625	-	1,889,035		383,932	_	4,189,938
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(11,287)	\$	2,139,085	\$	1,950,312	\$	1,751,649	\$	5,829,759

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	an	Aquatic nd Fitness nter Fund	Tı	Public ransportation Fund	Cı	radford eek Golf irse Fund	S	tormwater Utility Fund		Total
Operating Activities:										
Cash received from customers	\$	524,242	\$	122,610	\$	897,180	\$	3,054,653	\$	4,598,685
Cash paid to vendors		(156,485)		(251,967)		(322,905)		(352,921)		(1,084,278)
Cash paid to employees	-	(353,462)	_	(512,704)	_	(380,596)	-	(1,125,846)	-	(2,372,608)
Net cash provided by (used) operating activities	-	14,295	_	(642,061)	-	193,679	-	1,575,886	-	1,141,799
Noncapital Financing Activities:										
Transfer from other funds		-		202,439		ž		235,699		438,138
Change in due from other funds		(47)	_	(8,659)		9	_	(428,852)		(437,549)
Net cash provided by (used) noncapital financing activities		(47)	_	193,780		9	_	(193,153)	_	589
Capital and Related Financing Activities:										
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		-		-				145,000		145,000
Repayment of principal of long-term debt		300		(11,280)) .		(57,152)		(68,432)
Capital grants		3		435,764		(156,580)		8		279,184
Interest paid		(0.510)		(771)		(39,247)		(5,195)		(45,213)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	-	(3,510)	_	(483,369)	-		-	(168,198)	_	(655,077)
Net cash provided by (used) capital and related financing activities	-	(3,510)	-	(59,656)	:	(195,827)	-	(85,545)	-	(344,538)
Investing Activities:										
Interest received on investments		59		1,332		520	_	9,401	_	11,312
Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities		59	-	1,332	-	520	-	9,401	_	11,312
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		10,797	_	(506,605)	<u>.</u>	(1,619)	,	1,306,589	_	809,162
Cash and Cash Equivalents/Investments:										
Beginning of year	1	199	2	506,605		88,408	_	492,618	<u> </u>	1,087,830
End of year	\$	10,996	\$		\$	86,789	\$	1,799,207	\$	1,896,992
Reconciliation of Operating Income (loss) to Net Cash										
Provided by (used in) Operating Activities:	Ф	(12 (02)	Φ	(004 100)	ф	100.004		1 107 010		200 015
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	\$	(13,692)	3	(886,109)	3	100,004	3	1,127,812	\$	328,015
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:										
Depreciation		23,402		212,432		80,031		33,064		348,929
Miscellaneous income (expense) adjustments		991		21,393		11,531		23,00		33,915
Change in Assets and Liabilities:										,
Accounts receivable		(1)		8,980		14		379,805		388,784
Inventory		•		2		(5)		*		(5)
Prepaid expense and deposits		5.000		E1		(612)		€		(612)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		7,299		79		(73)		29,288		36,593
Customer deposits Deferred revenues		:*: ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		- 2				(46,000) 51,917		(46,000) 51,917
Compensated absences		(3,704)	_	1,164		2,803		31,917	_	263
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	14,295	\$	(642,061)	\$	193,679	\$	1,575,886	s	1,141,799
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			-	, ,,,,,,,		-,	-	, ,	_	-3-11112

AQUATICS AND FITNESS CENTER ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	2005							2004		
		inal dget		Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)		Actual		
Revenues:		#0# C10		#00 0 #0	Φ.	1= 60.4		50.1.00.1		
Charges for services	\$	505,618	\$	523,252 59	\$	17,634 59	\$	534,304		
Investment earnings		505 (10	_		-		_	504.004		
Total operating revenue	-	505,618	-	523,311	-	17,693		534,304		
Expenditures:										
Operations and maintenance		490,584		513,542		(22,958)		523,894		
Capital outlay		17,000		3,510		13,490		323,074		
Total operating expenses		507,584		517,052		(9,468)		523,894		
	-	,		001,		(3,100)	-			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,966)		6,259		8,225		10,410		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Appropriated fund balance		1,966	_			(1,966)				
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)										
expenditures and other financing uses	\$			6,259	<u>\$</u>	6,259	\$	10,410		
Reconciliation From Budgetary Basis to Full Accrual Basis: Depreciation Capitalized expenditures			-	(23,402) 3,510						
Change in net assets - GAAP basis			\$	(13,633)						

PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

				2005				2004
	_	Final Budget		Actual	_	Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	90,700	\$	113,081	\$,	\$	114,860
Public transportation planning and operating grants		1,106,180		907,569		(198,611)		569,464
Investment earnings				1,332		1,332		541
Other operating revenues	-	50	-	549	_	499	_	122
Total operating revenue	-	1,196,930	-	1,022,531	_	(174,399)	_	684,987
Expenditures:								
Administrative and general		22,267		39,527		(17,260)		11,993
Operations and maintenance		596,884		747,780		(150,896)		681,426
Capital outlay		787,015		483,368		303,647		125,000
Retirement of long-term debt		*		11,280		(11,280)		11,000
Interest expense	_	380		771		(391)		599
Total operating expenses	_	1,406,546		1,282,726	_	123,820	_	830,018
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(209,616)		(260,195)		(50,579)		(145,031)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers from General Fund		239,161		202,439		(36,722)		99,301
Contingency		(29,545)		5		29,545		170
Total other financing sources (uses)		209,616		202,439	_	(7,177)	_	99,301
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)								
expenditures and other financing uses	\$		-	(57,756)	\$	(57,756)	\$	(45,730)
Reconciliation From Budgetary Basis to Full Accrual Basis:								
Depreciation				(212,432)				
Capitalized expenditures				483,368				
Retirement of long-term debt				11,280				
Change in net assets - GAAP basis			\$	224,460				

BRADFORD CREEK GOLF COURSE ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	2005							2004		
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual		
Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	848,970	\$	897,180	\$	48,210	\$	848,150		
Investment earnings		-		520		520		108		
Other operating revenues				(11,531)		(11,531)		-		
Total operating revenue	_	848,970	_	886,169	-	37,199		848,258		
Expenditures:										
Operations and maintenance		671,655		705,614		(33,959)		681,500		
Retirement of long-tenn debt		146,087		156,580		(10,493)		156,580		
Interest expense	_	38,603	_	39,247		(644)		21,954		
Total operating expenses	_	856,345	_	901,441	_	(45,096)		860,034		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(7,375)		(15,272)		(7,897)		(11,776)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Appropriated fund balance	<u></u>	7,375	ř		_	(7,375)	_			
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$		·	(15,272)	\$	(15,272)	\$	(11,776)		
Reconciliation From Budgetary Basis to Full Accrual Basis:										
Depreciation				(80,031)						
Retirement of long-term debt			-	156,580						
Change in net assets - GAAP basis			\$	61,277						

STORMWATER ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

			2005			_	2004		
	Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual		
Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 2,470,000	\$	2,668,931	\$	198,931	\$	9		
Investment earnings			9,401		9,401		872		
Total operating revenue	2,470,000	-	2,678,332	_	208,332	_	872		
Expenditures:									
Operations and maintenance	1,573,019		1,508,055		64,964		1,268,468		
Capital outlay	762,000		168,198		593,802				
Retirement of long-term debt	50,682		57,152		(6,470)				
Interest expense	5,883	_	5,195	_	688		2,079		
Total operating expenses	2,391,584	_	1,738,600	_	652,984	-	1,270,547		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	78,416	-	939,732	, <u>-</u>	861,316		(1,269,675)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Long term debt issued	-		145,000		145,000				
Transfers from General Fund	235,699		235,699				235,699		
Transfer to other funds			- 2		3		(473,135)		
Contingency	(314,115)	_			314,115				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(78,416)	-	380,699	-	459,115		(237,436)		
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)									
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -		1,320,431	\$	1,320,431	\$	(1,507,111)		
Reconciliation From Budgetary Basis to Full Accrual Basis:									
Depreciation			(33,064)						
Capitalized expenditures			168,198						
Long-term debt issued			(145,000)						
Retirement of long-term debt			57,152						
Change in net assets - GAAP basis		\$	1,367,717						

DEBT SERVICE FUND

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the payment of the City's debt.

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues:								
Other taxes	\$	538,615	\$	538,615	\$	547,684	\$	9,069
Investment earnings	-		_		_	9,448		9,448
Total revenues		538,615		538,615	_	557,132	_	18,517
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Principal retirement		3,191,310		3,475,515		3,611,981		(136,466)
Interest and fees		1,682,585	_	1,675,920	_	1,697,571	_	(21,651)
Total operating expenses		4,873,895		5,151,435	_	5,309,552	_	(158,117)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,335,280)		(4,612,820)		(4,752,420)		(139,600)
((1,555,200)	_	(1,012,020)		(1,702,120)		(137,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers from other funds		4,335,280		5,399,327		5,649,938		250,611
Contingency	_			(786,507)				786,507
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		4,335,280	_	4,612,820	<u> </u>	5,649,938	_	1,037,118
Change in fund balances	<u>\$</u>	-	\$			897,518	\$	897,518
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	415,690		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	1,313,208		

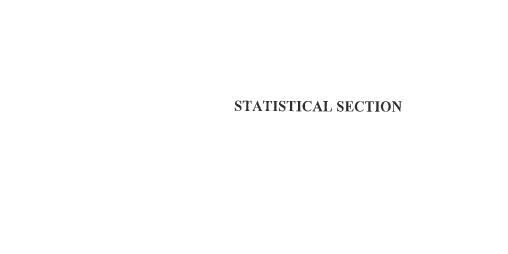
SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Fiscal Year	Balance <u>06/30/04</u>	Additions	Collections and Credits	Balance <u>06/30/05</u>
2005-2004		\$ 21,342,133	\$ 20,592,449	\$ 749,684
2004-2003	\$ 754,502		546,315	208,187
2003-2002	237,579	*	80,256	157,323
2002-2001	140,075	(€)	30,972	109,103
2001-2000	106,679	2	13,809	92,870
2000-1999	108,481	977	11,979	96,502
1999-1998	84,006	(#C	6,979	77,027
1998-1997	62,404	*	5,688	56,716
1997-1996	50,189	-	3,823	46,366
1996-1994	46,341	-	1,800	44,541
1995-1994	45,151		45,151	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	\$ 1,635,407	\$ 21,342,133	\$ 21,339,221	1,638,319
Less: Allowance for und General Fund Ad valorem taxes receiv General Fund				(794,063) \$ 844,256
Reconcilement with Re	evenues:			
Ad Valorem Taxes - Ge Reconciling Items:	neral Fund			\$ 21,324,960
Amount written off	ner statute			44,191
Interest Collected	per statute			167,223
Tax Refunds				40,771
Discounts				213,092
Miscellaneous				(451,016)
Total collections and cr	edits			\$ 21,339,221

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY - CITY-WIDE LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 $\,$

				Total	Levy
		y - Wide		Property excluding Registered	Registered
	Property Valuation	Rate	Total Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles
Original Levy:	v aluation	Rate	Levy	Venicles	venicies
Property taxed at current year's rate Penalties	\$ 3,776,499,819	\$ 0.56	\$ 21,148,399 2,703	\$ 18,961,739 2,703	\$ 2,186,660
Total	3,776,499,819		21,151,102	18,964,442	2,186,660
Discoveries: Current year taxes Penalties Total Abatements: Total property valuation	63,920,652 63,920,652 (31,611,530) \$ 3,808,808,941	\$ 0.56	357,956 13,033 370,989 (179,958)	47,165 47,165 (179,958)	310,791 13,033 323,824 NA
Net Levy			21,342,133	18,831,649	2,510,484
Uncollected taxes as of June 30, 2005			(749,684)	(477,052)	(272,632)
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 20,592,449	\$ 18,354,597	\$ 2,237,852
Current levy collection percentage			96,49%	<u>97.47%</u>	<u>89.14%</u>

Note: The Motor Vehicle abatements are not separable in the tax system utilized in fiscal year ending June 30, 2005. Tax Value of Abatements not equal to current year tax rate because of prior years at varying tax rates.



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CITY OF GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	g	Government	Public Safety	Tran	Transportation	Environmental Protection	mental	Cult al Recre	Cultural and Recreational	Economic & Physical Development	O F	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total
1994-95	↔	5,530,779	\$ 11,476,969	↔	3,289,302	\$ 2,1	2,120,658	& 3,3	3,333,175	\$ 744,411	8	2,768,617	\$ 627,653	\$ 29,891,564
1995-96		6,781,714	11,810,241		2,156,535	2,2	2,251,076	3,5	3,586,923	790,228		496,506	706,162	28,579,385
1996-97		6,962,383	13,464,414		3,268,850	2,6	2,642,866	3,7	3,731,425	886,177		862,951	843,924	32,662,990
1997-98		8,368,725	15,390,219		2,978,449	2,3	2,368,210	4,7	4,703,876	975,355	←	1,904,821	1,054,793	37,744,448
1998-99		10,099,322	16,546,032		3,559,452	2,7	2,757,660	4,4	4,496,209	1,123,791	4	4,399,077	1,768,055	44,749,598
1999-00		11,490,991	18,311,088		4,758,275	3,6	3,657,399	5,1	5,197,115	990,858	7	11,082,737	2,706,699	58,195,162
2000-01		11,342,635	20,250,250		3,623,086	3,6	3,002,367	5,5	5,301,865	1,396,005	25	25,673,609	2,679,579	73,269,396
2001-02		10,860,757	20,004,276		3,820,189	3,1	3,160,314	3,5	3,395,117	1,814,440	23	23,699,315	2,790,431	69,544,839
2002-03		10,469,775	20,076,396		3,330,676	3,6	3,059,722	4,8	4,887,697	1,834,672	7	7,502,349	3,892,753	55,054,040
2003-04		11,693,041	21,631,273		3,393,531	3,5	3,561,379	5,5	5,599,248	2,125,394	4	4,068,852	3,741,365	55,814,083
2004-05		13,022,131	23,762,881		3,464,672	9,	3,367,407	6,1	6,129,103	1,932,449	7	7,978,570	5,309,552	64,966,765

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects excluding interfund transfers.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	⋖	Ad Valorem Taxes		Other Taxes	Intergovernmental		Licenses, Permits, and Fees	Sales and Services	<u> </u>	Investment Earnings	0	Other	-	Total
				7/										
1995-96	↔	10,632,818	↔	6,204,413	\$ 7,377,754	↔	2,395,954	\$ 1,468,450	↔	1,032,334	8	615,398	29,	\$ 29,727,121
1996-97		11,169,899		7,279,330	7,895,487		2,412,386	1,885,555		1,189,543	-	646,003	32,	32,478,203
1997-98		12,053,386		8,096,135	8,964,213		2,941,927	2,041,548		1,565,858	-0	873,568	36,	36,536,635
1998-99		13,295,318		8,270,897	8,312,484		3,692,077	2,091,650		1,417,721	<u>,,</u>	1,927,362	39	39,007,509
1999-00		14,214,513		8,692,322	10,020,827		4,066,821	2,216,337		1,404,304	2,6	2,637,651	43,	43,252,775
2000-01		14,791,816		8,832,474	9,386,421		5,175,253	2,817,040		1,215,614	23,	23,227,839	65,	65,446,457
2001-02		17,184,908		9,556,235	19,889,615		5,408,984	2,885,839		851,608	•	613,419	56,	56,390,608
2002-03		18,297,257		9,917,565	13,490,626		6,220,413	2,908,315		341,985	<i>J.</i>	968,068	52,	52,144,229
2003-04		19,031,401		11,307,239	10,480,919		6,699,938	2,983,812		282,866	_	960,096	51,	51,448,271
2004-05		21,324,960		11,935,887	10,526,812		7,199,177	4,051,459		962,478	_	623,512	56,	56,624,285

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Expendable Trust Funds, excluding interfund transfers.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

							O	Other Taxes							
Fiscal	Ad	Ad Valorem Tax (1)	<u>#</u>	Intangibles Tax	"	Local Option Sales Tax	E	Cable TV Franchise Tax	Rental Vehicle Tax (2)		One-half Cent Sales Tax	ς <u>⊢</u>	SubTotal Other Taxes (1)	∀ ⊗	Total Ad Valorem & Other Taxes
1995-96	\$	10,632,818	69	420,649	↔	2,865,495	S	292,166	€	₩.	2,626,103	€	6,204,413	↔	16,837,231
1996-97	~	11,169,899		403,009		3,162,901		316,848			3,396,572		7,279,330		18,449,229
1997-98	₩	12,053,386		398,556		3,652,397		344,559	9,40		3,700,623		8,096,135		20,149,521
1998-99	Ť	13,295,318		394,710		3,666,268		364,442	10.00		3,845,477		8,270,897		21,566,215
1999-00	-	14,214,513		398,934		3,821,413		375,729	V.		4,096,246		8,692,322		22,906,835
2000-01	-	14,791,816		419,015		3,744,653		391,831	51,786		4,225,189		8,832,474		23,624,290
2001-02	-	17,184,908		419,483		3,942,707		444,476	69,845		4,129,056		9,005,567		26,190,475
2002-03	-	18,297,257				3,785,204		497,862	69,165		4,987,402		9,339,633		27,636,890
2003-04	-	19,031,401		<u>N</u>		4,322,041		547,661	82,181		5,789,002	_	10,740,885		29,772,286
2004-05	2	21,324,960		Ē		5,047,374		451,604	69,605		6,367,304	_	11,935,887		33,260,847

CITY OF GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Tax Year	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	-	Current (1) Adjusted Tax Levy	70	Current Year Levy Collection	Percent Collected	Pri O	Prior Years' Levy Collections	Dui	Total Collections During Year (2)	Percent Of Total Collections to Adjusted Tax Levy	90	Gross Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent Of Total Delinquent to Adjusted Tax Levy
1995	1996	↔	10,504,026	↔	10,226,803	97.36	49	378,928	↔	10,605,731	100.97	↔	1,252,931	11.93
1996	1997		11,111,706		10,806,451	97.25		364,765		11,171,216	100.54		1,427,834	12.85
1997	1998		11,983,426		11,661,691	97.32		361,253		12,022,944	100.33		1,222,265	10.20
1998	1999		13,282,368		12,910,203	97.20		372,453		13,282,656	100.00		1,263,860	9.52
1999	2000		14,244,843		13,747,058	96.51		470,797		14,217,855	99.81		1,656,824	11.63
2000	2001		14,716,098		14,070,832	95.62		571,346		14,642,178	99.50		1,866,570	12.68
2001	2002		17,426,583		16,538,241	94.90		436,742		16,974,983	97.41		1,851,081	10.62
2002	2003		18,295,565		17,434,864	95.30		543,743		17,978,607	98.27		1,784,673	9.75
2003	2004		19,048,466		18,293,964	96.04		435,674		18,729,638	98.33		1,679,999	8.82
2004	2005		21,426,583		20,592,449	96.11		542,026		21,134,475	98.64		1,682,734	7.85
	!	•												

⁽¹⁾ Tax levy adjusted for abatements (2) Total collections shown net of discounts and refunds.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED VALUES OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June	Tax Year-End December 31			Real Property	Personal Property	Total Assessed Values	5	Estimated Actual Value Real and Personal	Assessed Ratio to Market Value
1996	1995		↔	1,463,727,375 \$	318,765,386	\$ 1,782,492,761	3,761 \$	2,046,011,308	87
1997	1996	(4)	-	1,791,976,618	370,289,135	2,162,265,753	,753	2,197,299,346	86
1998	1997			1,874,396,559	457,682,842	2,332,079,401	,401	2,455,215,648	95
1999	1998			1,971,105,196	476,722,029	2,447,827,225	,225	2,632,072,284	93
2000	1999		• •	2,091,585,301	527,660,798	2,619,246,099	660'	2,900,815,055	06
2001	2000		• •	2,142,920,725	569,069,288	2,711,990,013	,013	3,118,788,515	87
2002	2001		•	2,260,269,501	587,530,809	2,847,800,310	,310	3,274,970,357	87
2003	2002		••	2,377,777,793	610,040,201	2,987,817,994	,994	3,435,990,693	87
2004	2003		••	2,486,194,940	621,986,475	3,108,181,415	,415	3,738,520,606	83
2005	2004		•	3,216,339,298	624,081,173	3,840,420,471	,471	3,883,433,180	66

⁽¹⁾ Personal property appraised at 100% each year.

⁽²⁾ Public service companies appraised each year included in total values on this schedule.(3) Total assessed values are net of abatements.(4) Property reappraised.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

PROPERTY TAX RATES AND LEVIES - ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year	Rates P Assesse	Rates Per \$100 Assessed Value	Levies	Sel	
Tax Year	Ended June 30	Pitt County	City of Greenville	Pitt County	City of Greenville	Total
1995	1996	0.7239	0.5936	\$ 31,310,195	\$ 10,504,026	\$ 41,814,221
1996	1997	99.0	0.52	33,431,763	11,111,706	44,543,469
1997	1998	0.68	0.52	36,631,265	11,983,426	48,614,691
1998	1999	0.68	0.55	37,415,793	13,282,368	50,698,161
1999	2000	0.68	0.55	39,166,137	14,244,843	53,410,980
2000	2001	0.68	0.55	42,093,619	14,716,098	56,809,717
2001	2002	0.68	0.615	43,399,920	17,426,583	60,826,503
2002	2003	0.68	0.615	43,369,414	18,295,565	61,664,979
2003	2004	0.70	0.615	45,509,940	19,048,466	64,558,406
2004	2005	0.70	0.56	54,824,840	21,342,133	76,166,973

Notes: Revaluation of real property required every eight years by State law.
The County levies a tax rate which all residents of the County must pay. In addition, the City tax rate is levied on residents within the corporate limits.
These rates are shown above.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS Tax Year 2004 June 30, 2005

Taxpayers	Type of Business		2004 Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation
Sprint	Communications	\$	33,137,000	0.86%
Colonial Realty LP (Colonial Mall)	Mall		27,209,900	0.71%
Pirates Cove of Greenville Ltd	Rental Apartments		19,288,800	0.50%
Wachovia	Commercial Bank		18,200,000	0.47%
Treybrook LLC	Rental Apartments		18,140,000	0.47%
Speight, Joseph D.	Developer		18,110,000	0.47%
Heritage Property Investments (University Commons)	Mall		16,193,000	0.42%
Winter Village Med Properties	Medical Real Estate		12,254,000	0.32%
Wal Mart	Retail Store		11,527,000	0.30%
GVL Lynncroft LLC	Shopping Center	-	10,901,000	0.28%
		\$	184,960,700	4.82%

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(1) The City does not have any special assessments as listed in the North Carolina General Statutes 160A-216.

COMPUTATION OF THE LEGAL DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2005

Total assessed valuation at June 30, 2005	\$	3,840,420,471
Less current year abatements		31,611,530
Assessed value of taxable property	\$	3,808,808,941
Debt limit - eight percent (8%) of assessed value	\$	304,704,715
Less net debt outstanding at June 30, 2005, see below		47,758,689
Legal debt margin	\$	256,946,026
Gross Debt Outstanding general obligation bonded debt: General governmental bonds Sanitary sewer bonds Electric, water, and sewer refunding bonds Bonds authorized but unissued Outstanding non-bonded debt- Installment purchase contract Gross debt	\$	6,805,000 6,885,000 4,000,000 30,068,689 47,758,689
Statutory Deductions Bonded debt included in gross debt incurred for water, electric		
Bonds authorized but unissued	-	
Total deductions		
Net Debt	\$	47,758,689

CITY OF GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITALAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	Population (1)	Assessed Value (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Debt Payable From Enterprise Fund Revenues (4)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
1995-96	56,397	\$ 1,782,492,761	\$ 23,170,000	\$ 18,516,846	\$ 4,653,154	0.26	83
1996-97	58,951	2,162,265,753	21,490,000	17,111,171	4,378,829	0.20	74
1997-98	56,630	2,332,079,401	19,825,000	15,718,394	4,106,606	0.18	73
1998-99	56,638	2,447,827,225	41,051,827	14,328,513	26,723,314	1.09	472
1999-00	57,405	2,619,246,099	40,105,040	12,951,007	27,154,033	1.04	473
2000-01	60,939	2,711,990,013	38,857,301	11,578,769	27,278,532	1.01	448
2001-02	61,113	2,847,800,310	37,056,604	11,800,248	25,256,356	0.89	413
2002-03	63,477	2,987,817,994	36,123,514	10,879,353	25,244,161	0.84	398
2003-04	63,477	3,108,181,415	34,019,015	9,576,531	24,442,484	62.0	385
2004-05	67,525	3,840,420,471	47,758,689	8,291,519	39,467,170	1.03	584

City of Greenville Planning Department and State Management Office.

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Reference Table 5 in this Statistical Section

Amount does not include revenue bonds.

These amounts are general obligation bonds and lease purchases that are being repaid by the Enterprise Funds.

RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT (1) TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	_ <u>P</u>	rincipal_	Interest and Fees	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures (2)	Ratio of Debt Service To General Governmental Expenditures
1995-96	\$	275,901	\$ 240,672	\$ 516,573	\$ 28,579,385	1.81
1996-97		274,324	227,315	501,639	32,662,991	1.54
1997-98		272,222	214,035	486,257	37,744,448	1.29
1998-99		270,116	250,762	520,878	44,749,598	1.16
1999-00		367,491	342,018	709,509	58,195,162	1.22
2000-01		362,763	324,694	687,457	73,269,396	0.94
2001-02		450,000	351,048	801,048	71,889,806	1.11
2002-03		500,000	330,950	830,950	55,054,040	1.51
2003-04		665,000	295,360	960,360	55,752,138	1.72
2004-05		650,000	274,250	924,250	64,966,765	1.42

⁽¹⁾ Payments on general obligation bonds reported in the Enterprise Funds and obligations un installment sales contracts and capital leases have been omitted.

⁽²⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Fiduciary Funds, excluding interfund transfers. Does not include transfers to (from) Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust fund types.

⁽³⁾ Payments related to the advance refunding of general obligation bonds are not included.

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS June 30, 2005

Jurisdiction	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding (1)	Percentage Applicable to City of Greenville (2)	Amount Applicable to City of Greenville
Direct: City of Greenville	\$ 31,910,000	100.00%	\$ 31,910,000
Overlapping: Pitt County:	9,510,000	40.153%	3,818,597
	\$ 41,420,000		\$ 35,728,597

⁽¹⁾ Excluding general obligation bonds and revenue bonds reported in the Enterprise Funds.

⁽²⁾ Ratio of City of Greenville assessed valuation to Pitt County assessed valuation.

REVENUE BOND COVERAGE ELECTRIC, WATER, SEWER, AND GAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (9)

Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Net Revenues Available for	De	ebt Service Re	equirement (3))
Year	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
1996-97	\$ 131,590,965	\$ 114,478,611	\$ 17,112,354	\$ 970,372	\$ 1,142,591	\$ 2,112,963	8.10
1997-98	135,176,377	118,617,975	16,558,402	1,029,949	1,338,802	2,368,751	6.99
1998-99	139,865,901	121,204,885	18,661,016	1,290,915	1,557,287	2,848,202	6.55
1999-00	146,927,560	130,706,875	16,220,685	1,377,508	698,942	2,076,450	7.81
2000-01	159,862,604	139,022,040	20,840,564	2,150,117	3,215,222	5,365,339	3.88
2001-02	157,604,341	146,086,901	11,517,440	2,782,028	3,346,986	6,129,014	1.88
2002-03	176,408,429	162,149,116	14,259,313	3,970,006	3,768,390	7,738,396	1.84
2003-04	182,371,988	157,694,563	24,677,425	4,203,692	3,377,672	7,581,364	3.26
2004-05	190,003,481	167,660,460	22,343,021	4,372,064	3,193,911	7,565,975	2.95

⁽¹⁾ Total revenues (including interest) exclusive of tap fees.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

⁽³⁾ Includes principal and interest of revenue bonds only. Amount does not include the general obligation bonds reported in the electric, water, sewer, and gas funds.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ending June 30		Popula	ation (1)		Per Capita ncome	Median Age (2)	School Membership (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
1995-96		\$	56,397	\$	19,877	30	19,385	5.30
1996-97			58,951		20,800	29	19,375	6.00
1997-98			56,630		19,813	n/a	19,592	5.00
1998-99			56,638		22,772	n/a	19,336	4.50
1999-00			57,405		23,239	32	19,817	5.50
2000-01			60,939		24,599	30	20,286	6.60
2001-02			61,113		24,455	31	20,600	7.50
2002-03			63,477		24,731	31	20,412	7.60
2003-04			63,477		n/a	n/a	20,665	6.60
2004-05			67,525		25,746	n/a	21,812	5.40
	n/a	Not availa	ble					
	(1)	City of Gre	eenville Plan	nin	g Departme	nt and State I	Budget Management	Office.
	(2)	Sheppard	Memorial Li	bra	ry and North	ı Carolina Sta	ite Data Center, for Pi	tt County.
	(3)	Figures ar	e from the P	itt (County Boar	d of Educatio	n which include the C	ity of Greenville.
	(4)		ment statisti Commission,				ed by the North Carol	na Employment

CITY OF GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Assessed Value (1)	Estimated Actual Value	Number of Permits- Duplex	Number of Permits- Multi-family	Number of Permits- Single-family	Number of Miscellaneous Permits	Total Number of Permits	Total Construction Permit Value	Bank Deposits (4)
€	\$ 1,463,727,375 \$ 2,046,011,308	153	146	172	1,619	1,895	\$ 92,596,936	\$ 757,297,000
8	2,197,299,346	141	156	643	955	2,004	103,764,684	784,060,000
ď	2,455,215,648	142	89	400	1,085	2,253	116,405,877	766,368,000
2,	2,632,072,284	248	122	729	1,401	2,500	129,092,207	818,186,000
2,8	2,900,815,055	72	209	1330	1,930	3,541	158,463,264	854,663,000
3,1	3,118,788,515	114	170	798	1,576	2,658	170,115,444	897,562,000
3,2	3,274,970,357	278	191	926	1,563	2,958	147,033,735	(5)
3,4	3,435,990,693	142	192	338	2,581	3,253	145,040,963	(5)
3,7	3,738,520,606	40	220	312	2,253	2,825	113,027,779	(5)
κ̈́	3,883,433,180	20	63	397	2,800	3,310	187,924,953	(5)

Assessed real value from Table 5
 Source: City Engineering and Inspections department.
 Source: City Engineering and Inspections department.
 Source: North Carolina Bankers Association/North Carolina Banking Commission.
 Information not available at this time.

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS JUNE 30, 2005

Date of incorporation	1774
Form of government	Council/Manager
Number of employees (excluding police and fire):	328
Classified	257
Exempt	71
Area in square miles	29
City of Greenville facilities and services:	
Miles of streets	220
Number of street lights	5,785
Culture and recreation:	
Community centers	13
Parks	30
Park acreage	1,475
Golf courses	4
Swimming pools	2
Tennis courts	24
Greenway - Miles	2.80
Fire protection	
Number of stations	6
Number of fire personnel and officers	129
Number of calls answered - Fire	2,530
Number of calls answered - EMS	9,190
Number of inspections conducted	3,500
Police protection:	
Number of stations	1
Number of police personnel and officers	210
Number of patrol units	159
Number of law violations:	
Physical arrests	4,599
Traffic violations	22,003
Sewerage system:	
Miles of sanitary sewers	423
Number of treatment plants	1
Number of service connections	23,629
Daily average treatment in gallons	8,895,000
Maximum daily capacity of treatment plant in gallons	19,630,000
Water system:	
Miles of water mains	565
Number of service connections	29,540
Number of fire hydrants	2,886
Daily average consumption in gallons	9,843,000
Maximum daily capacity of plant in gallons	22,500,000
Facilities and services not included in the reporting entity:	
Education:	
Number of elementary schools	34
Number of elementary school instructors	691
Number of secondary schools	6
Number of secondary school instructors	382
Number of community colleges	1
Number of universities	1
Hospitals:	
Number of hospitals	_ 1
Number of patient beds	745

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

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Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

A Professional Association of Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Greenville, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Greenville, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprises the City of Greenville's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 26, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Greenville's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Greenville's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, members of the Greenville City Council, and federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Martin Stames + Associetos CPA's, P.A.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P. A. August 26, 2005



Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

A Professional Association of Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Greenville, North Carolina

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Greenville, North Carolina, with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005. The City of Greenville's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Greenville's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Greenville's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Greenville's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Greenville's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Greenville complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Greenville is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Greenville's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, members of the Greenville City Council and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Stames + Apprieto CPA, P.A.

August 26, 2005



Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

A Professional Association of Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major State Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With Applicable Sections of OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Greenville, North Carolina

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Greenville, North Carolina, with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that are applicable to its major State program for the year ended June 30, 2005. The City of Greenville's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each major State program is the responsibility of the City of Greenville's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Greenville's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133, as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, applicable sections of OMB circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material affect on a major State program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Greenville's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Greenville's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Greenville complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each major State program for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Greenville is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contacts and grants applicable to State programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Greenville's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major State program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, members of the Greenville City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Stames + Aprieto CPA, P.A.

August 26, 2005

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

1. Summary of Auditors' Results

- A. An unqualified opinion was issued on the financial statements of the City of Greenville, North Carolina.
- B. Our audit of the basic financial statements disclosed no reportable conditions in internal control.
- C. Our audit of the basic financial statements disclosed no instances of noncompliance with laws, regulations and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements that is material to the basic financial statements.
- D. Our audit of compliance with the types of compliance requirements applicable to the City's major programs disclosed no reportable conditions in internal controls over major programs.
- E. Our audit disclosed no audit findings which related to Federal and State awards.
- F. An unqualified opinion was issued on the City of Greenville's compliance with the types of compliance requirements applicable to each major State program.
- G. The Major Federal programs for the City of Greenville, North Carolina for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 are:

Program Name	CFDA#
CDBG Entitlement Grant	14.218
CDBG Home Program Grant	14.239
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507

H. The Major State programs for the City of Greenville for the year ended June 30, 2005 are:

Powell Bill

NC Governor's Highway Safety Program

- I. The threshold for determining Type A programs for City of Greenville is \$300,000.
- J. City of Greenville did not qualify as a low risk auditee under Section 530 of Circular No. A-133.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

2. Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements

The audit did not detect any findings as it relates to the basic financial statements.

3. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to the Audit of Federal and State Awards

The audit did not detect any findings or questioned costs as it relates to federal or State awards.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Not applicable

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

None. No uncorrected prior year findings.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title U.S. Bureau of Justice Assistance: Direct Payments Law Enforcement Block Grant	Federal CFDA Number 16.592	Grant Number 2003-LB-BX-0288 2004-CK-WO-116	Federal (Direct and Pass Through) Expenditures 85,354	State Expenditures	Local Expenditures	Total Expenditures 85,354
Total U.S. Bureau of Justice Assistance			283,249		4	283,249
State of North Carolina Department of Crime Control and Public Safety Victim's Advocate Grant		2004VOCA 074-1-04-011-AV-115		35,396		35,396
Department of Transportation Division of Highways - Powell Bill Funds Public Transportation and Rail Division State Maintenance Assistance Program N.C. Governor's Highway Safety Program		PT05040509		1,943,229 128,843 349,209		1,943,229 128,843 349,209
Department of Environment & Natural Resources Urban and Community Forestry Parks and Recreation Trust Fund		F04022 PARTF		4,677	125,000	4,677 375,000
Department of Community Assistance Division of Community Assistance Department of Cultural Resources				12,750		12,750
Total State Financial Assistance				2,724,104	125,000	2,849,104
Total Federal and State Assistance			\$ 4,027,125	\$ 2,750,363	\$ 1,373,035	\$ 8,150,523

Notes To Schedule of Expenditures of Federal And State Awards For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Note 1 - General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards presents the activity of all federal and state financial assistance programs of the City of Greenville, North Carolina. The City of Greenville, North Carolina reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the City's basic financial statements. All federal and state financial assistance received directly from federal and State agencies as well as federal financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule.

Note 2 - Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in the notes to the City's basic financial statements.

Note 3 – Outstanding State Revolving Loan Fund Balance

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards includes expenditures related to the North Carolina State Revolving Loan Fund.

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